

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI - AIR MAIL
 FROM : SAC, San Francisco
 SUBJECT: REPORTS OF FLYING DISCS

DATE: August 26, 1947

There are being transmitted herewith to the Bureau photostatic copies of three reports received from Lieutenant Colonel [REDACTED] A-2, Fourth Air Force, Hamilton Field, California, involving reported sightings of flying discs. b7c

The Los Angeles Office is being furnished with a photostatic copy of the report of Lieutenant Colonel [REDACTED] dated August 18, 1947 concerning the investigation conducted at the Muroc Flight Test Base, Muroc, California. b7c

The Butte Office is being furnished with a photostatic copy of the report of Lieutenant Colonel [REDACTED] dated August 20, 1947 which sets forth a letter received from Mr. [REDACTED] Helena, Montana. b7c

This office is maintaining contact with Lieutenant Colonel [REDACTED] and will furnish the Bureau with a subsequent report from him concerning the observations of Mr. [REDACTED] Sacramento, California, who has reported certain observations which he believes may involve a flying disc at Placerville, California, on August 14, 1947. b7c

HMK:EMB
 Enclosures - 3
 cc Los Angeles (with enclosure)
 Butte (with enclosure)

RECORDED

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HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff,
Intelligence
Hamilton Field, California

Title Investigation of Flying Disc. INVESTIGATION MADE AT Mirco AAF, Mirco, Calif.

File No. 1208-1

CONTROLLING OFFICE Air Defense Command, Mitchel Field.

PERIOD COVERED 5 July 1947

DATE 18 August 1947

CASE CLASSIFICATION Incident

STATUS OF CASE Pending

REASON FOR INVESTIGATION: Investigation initiated at request of Air Defense Command reference ltr Hq ADC, dtd 7 Jul 47, file D338.5 ID, subj: Investigation of Flying Disc.

SYNOPSIS:

On 5 July 1947, approximately 1000 hours, two incidents occurred in the vicinity of Mirco Flight Test Base.

No further investigation of these incidents is being considered by this headquarters

DISTRIBUTION	COPIES
AAF	2
ADC	1
6th Army	1
✓ FBI, S.F.	1
File AAF	1

APPROVED:

Donald E. Springer
DONALD E. SPRINGER, Lt. Col., GSC
AG 32 B, A-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

AUG 21 1947

SAN FRANCISCO

ROUTED TO

W. D. P. M. G. Form No. 110

(This form supersedes W. D. P. M. G. Form No. 18, which will not be used upon receipt of this revision.)

62-83844-107

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given orally by
Muroc Army Air Field, Muroc, California, given to
Captain Harry D. Black, Intelligence Officer, on 11 August 1947.

, stated that the object he saw, he believed at the
time to be paper and of no significance or the objects not important
enough to be reported. There was nothing clearly enough seen by the
Colonel to make any further reports justifiable.

This oral statement was given freely and voluntarily without any
threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of one (1)
page, and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief.

s/s Harry D. Black
CAPT. HARRY D. BLACK, MAC

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A F F I D A V I T

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given by

Muroc Army Air field,

Muroc, California, statement given on 11 July 1947.

At approximately noon on 8 July 1947, my attention was called to an object in the air by I observed between five (5) and eight (8) miles to the North what appeared to be a thin metallic object. It appeared to be metallic because the method in which it was flying caused the sun to reflect like an apparently aluminum colored surface. The object moved from an intermediate altitude in an oscillating fashion, almost to the surface of the ground and then started climbing again. It climbed to a fairly high altitude and moved off slowly into the distance. The object appeared to be the side of a pursuit airplane but did not have the shape of a conventional plane. The time that the object was in view was approximately eight (8) minutes. This same object was seen by my wife at the same time.

This statement has been given freely and voluntarily without any threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of one (1) page, and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have initialed all corrections deemed necessary.

WITNESS:

s/ thomas a. mcmillan
THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

CONFIDENTIAL

COPY

A F F I D A V I T

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given by
4144th AAFBU, Muroc Army Air Field, Muroc, California, statement given
on 14 July 1947, to

This is my own written statement of what I saw on July 8, 1947.

I am NCO in charge of the this Field, and

About 09:45 he was returning from the Post Exchange when he called
to me to come outside and asked me to look up to where he was pointing
and to my surprise I saw two (2) flying objects which appeared to me like
two (2) flying disc or saucer shaped silver colored objects, flying in a
northwestern direction at speed approximately 350 or 400 miles per hour
and at an altitude of about 7500 or 8000 feet. I could not hear a motor
roar like one of our planes and it could not have been a balloon.

I am of good health and sound mind and this was no hallucination.

This statement has been given freely and voluntarily without any
threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of one (1)
page and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have
initialed all corrections deemed necessary.

WITNESS:

s/s thomas a mc millan
THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

CONFIDENTIAL

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given by
Thurod Army Air Field, Muroc, California, statement
given on 11 July 1947; to Mr. Thomas A. McMillan, CIO S/A. this Station.

The following statement concerning the actual observance of what has
been termed as a "flying Disc" or a "flying Saucer" is true and correct and
it will be noted that the above mentioned observance was made by me per-
sonally while enjoying complete health in mind and body.

On Tuesday 8 July 1947, at approximately nine-thirty A.M. (09:30)
I was in conversation with personnel in the Post Exchange Office. My part
of this conversation was as follows:

"Someone will have to show me one of these Disc before I will
believe it."

Upon leaving the Post Exchange, I went directly to my Office and be-
fore entering heard one of our local aircraft in the traffic pattern.
Looking up, as I always do I observed the aircraft, and looked slightly
to the left, whereupon I observed two (2) silver objects of either a
spherical or disc-like shape, moving about three hundred (300) miles an
hour, or perhaps less, at approximately eight thousand (8000) feet, heading
at about three hundred twenty degrees (320°) due north.

When I first observed these objects I called
who immediately came
to where I was standing. I pointed in the direction of the objects and
asked them the question "Tell me what you see up there." Whereupon, all
the three (3) with sundry comments stated, "They are flying Disc". To
further verify my observance I asked them to tell me in what direction the
objects were traveling, without indicating their direction myself, and again,
all three (3) in a consistent nature stated that the objects were moving
toward Mojave, California.

I had time to look away several times and renew my vision of the objects
to make sure that there were not any results of eye strain, or in any nature
an optical illusion. The objects in question were not repeat, were not air-
craft, the objects could not have been weather balloons released from this
station, since they were traveling against the prevailing wind, and since
the speed at which they were traveling and the horizontal direction in which
they were traveling, disqualified the fact that they were weather balloons.

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After the observance of these phenomenon and hoping that I might have time to enlist further witnesses, I immediately ran into the dispensary to get personnel who are Medical Officers to verify, for my own curiosity, the actual observance of these objects, but by the time I reached the back porch of the dispensary, who is a registered nurse, and about seven (7) other personnel were with me, the objects, had by that time, disappeared, due to the speed with which they were traveling. Upon further investigation, two (2) of us at the same time sighted another object of a silver spherical or disc-like nature at approximately eight thousand (8000) feet, traveling in circles over the North-end. I called the objects to the attention of and pointed it out to the other personnel standing near by. All of us saw the object, with the exception of two (2) out of seven (7) personnel. All of us looked away from the object several times to make sure there was no eye strain or from permitting the object to become an optical illusion.

From my actual observance the object circled in too tight a circle and too severe a plane to be any aircraft that I know of. It could not have been any type of bird because of the reflection that was created when the object reached certain altitudes. The object could not have been a local weather balloon for it is very impossible that a weather balloon would stay at the same altitude as long and circle in such a consistent nature as did the above mentioned object.

I am familiar with the results of too constant vision of the sun or any bright object and am aware that optical illusions are possible and probable. I wish to make this statement that the above mentioned observance was that of actual subject matter.

This statement has been given freely and voluntarily without any threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of two (2) pages, and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have initialed all corrections deemed necessary.

WITNESS:

s/s thomas a. mc millan
THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

CONFIDENTIAL

A F F I D A V I T

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given by
Murco Army Air Field, Murco, California, statement given to
Mr. Thomas A. McMillan, CIC Agent, This station, on 13 August 1947.

On 7 July 1947, at approximately 10:10, while running up the
XP-84 on the ground I noticed everyone was looking up into the air.
Off to the north about 10,000 to 12,000 feet altitude, was an object
that I assumed at first to be a weather balloon, but after looking at
it for a while I noticed that it was oscillating in a forward whirling
movement without losing altitude. It was traveling about 200 to 225
MPH, and heading from west to east.

The object was yellowish white in color and I would estimate that
it was a sphere about 5 to 10 feet in diameter.

I did not have time to chase it in a P-80.

This statement was given freely and voluntarily without any threats
or promises under duress. This statement consists of one (1) page, and
is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WITNESS:

s/s Thomas A. McMillan
THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

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AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given by
Yuroc Army Air Field, Yuroc, California, statement given to
Mr. Thomas A. McMillan, CIC Agent, this Station, on 12 August 1947.

At 11:50 hours, 8 July 1947, while the undersigned was sitting in
an observation truck located in Area # 3, Rogers Dry Lake, for the
purpose of observing a P-52 ejection seat experiment, the following
unfamiliarity was observed.

The undersigned was gazing upward toward a formation of two (2)
P-52's and an A-26 aircraft flying at 20,000 feet, preparing to carry
out a seat ejection experiment, when I observed a rounded object,
white aluminum in color, which at first resembled a parachute canopy.
The first impression was that a premature ejection of the seat and
dummy had occurred. This body was ejected at a determined height lower
than 20,000 feet, and was falling at three (3) times the rate observed
for the parachute which was ejected thirty minutes later. As it fell
it drifted slightly north of due west against the prevailing wind, to-
ward Mount Wilson. The speed, horizontal motion could not be determined,
but appeared slower than the maximum velocity 50-80 aircraft.

As this object descended through a low enough level to permit
observation of its lateral silhouette, it presented a distinct ovular
outline, with two (2) projections on the upper surface which might have
been thick fins or nobs. These crossed each other at intervals, suggest-
ing either rotation or oscillation of slow type.

No smoke flames, propeller arcs, engine noise, or other classifiable (?)
or visible means of propulsion were noted. The color was silvery, re-
sembling aluminum painted fabric, and did not appear as dense as a
parachute canopy.

When the object dropped to a level such that it came into line of
vision of the mountain tops, it was lost to the vision of the observer.

It is estimated that the object was in line of vision about 90
seconds. Of the five (5) people sitting in the observation truck, four
(4) observed this object and made remarks about it. These people include:
- Civilian, Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio
(Other names not given)

The following is my own personal opinions about this object:

1. I think it was a man-made object, as evidenced distantly by
the outline and functional appearance.

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2. It's size was not far from 45 feet with a parachute canopy.

3. The path followed by this object appeared as though it might have been dropped from a great height.

Seeing this was not a hallucination or other fancies of a sense.

This statement was given freely and voluntarily without any threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of two (2) pages, and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have initialed all corrections deemed necessary.

WITNESS:

s/ thomas a. mc millan
THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

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AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given on 14 July 1947, by

Maroc Army Air Field, Maroc, California.

I am fully aware of my Civil and Constitutional Rights, and understand prior to making this statement.

On Tuesday morning 8 July 1947, at approximately 10:00, while typing some cards, and taking care of my routine work, called me, along with to the front of B.O.Q. "A" Bldg. Pointing up in a direction directly above me he asked us to explain what we saw. There were two, silver colored disc like objects flying toward Mojave, California, one direct back of the other, at a speed of about 300 to 400 miles per hour, having an altitude of approximately 8000 feet. I listened carefully for a few minutes, and heard no drone, such as should be heard from any aircraft. I also cast my eyes to another direction and looking back to the same spot, I was able to distinguish the same objects again. Having assured myself that there was no eye-strain, I was convinced these objects were not weather balloons due to the horizontal position in which they were flying. Nor could they have been birds of any nature, due to the definite reflection from the sun rays.

I have been on this base, considering an absence of six months, approximately eighteen months, and am familiar with all type aircraft.

About three or four minutes, after these flying objects had nearly disappeared, I glanced around and sighted another flying object, similar to the above mentioned objects. This flying object was silver colored and was in the shape of a disc. Unlike the first two this object was flying in a tight circle, neither losing nor gaining altitude, at approximately eight thousand feet, therefore I was convinced it could not have been a weather balloon, and because of the tight circle it could not have been any type aircraft.

This statement was given freely and voluntarily without threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of one (1) page, and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have initialed all corrections deemed necessary.

I am of sound mind and body, and swear that this statement is true and correct.

WITNESSES:

S/S Thomas A. McMillan

THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

CONFIDENTIAL

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

COUNTY OF KERN)

The following is a statement given by
4144th AAFBU, Muroc Army Air Field, Muroc, California, statement given
on 14 July 1947, to

On the eight of July 1947 at ten o'clock (10:00) in the morning
I observed personally two (2) flying disc, flying in a north west direction
at an estimated altitude of seven or eight thousand feet, traveling at
approximately three or four hundred miles per hour.

Just a few minutes before this I was in the Billing Office and
First Lieutenant Joseph G. McHenry called me and two (2) others out-
side. He then asked us what we saw. I saw two (2) objects with my own
eyes, and I am now and was then in perfect physical condition. I have
20-20 vision and I am positive these two (2) objects could not have been
Aircraft, weather balloons or birds. Due to the altitude in which they
were flying, they gave off a definite reflection from the rays of the sun.

In addition to these two (2) disc I saw another object a few
minutes later at the same altitude doing certain maneuvers such as flying
in a tight circle. The two disc had already disappeared. This object to
my knowledge of aircraft could not have been an airplane because of the
very tight maneuver it was undergoing. I have been flying in and have
been around all types of aircraft since 1943 and never in my life have I
seen anything such as this. If necessary I can and will swear to this
statement.

This statement has been given freely and voluntarily without any
threats or promises under duress. This statement consists of one (1)
page, and is the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have
initialed all corrections deemed necessary.

WITNESS:

s/s thomas a. mc millan
THOMAS A. MC MILLAN

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HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, A-2
Intelligence
Hamilton Field, California

4AFMA
SSS.8/1206-1

20 August 1947

SUBJECT: Flying Disc.

TO: Special Agent in Charge, FBI, U. S. Dept. of Justice,
Federal Office Building, Room 422, San Francisco, Calif.

1. The attached letter was received by this office from Mr.
Pacific Telephone and Telegraph
Company, on 15 August 1947.

2. No further investigation will be made of this reported inci-
dent by this headquarters.

2 Encl.
As indicated.

DISTRIBUTIONS:

AAF - 2 cys
ADC - 1
8th Army - 1 cy
FBI - 1 cy

Donald L. Springer
DONALD L. SPRINGER
Lt. Colonel, OSC
AG of S, A-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
AUG 21 1947
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COPY

427 W. 3d Avenue
Spokane, Washington
August 8, 1947

Military Intelligence Division, U.S.A.
McChord Field, Washington

Gentlemen:

Following the reading of an account of the visit of Mrs. Kenneth Arnold, Boise, Idaho, as published in the Spokesman Review under date of August 7, 1947, the undersigned considered the enclosed account of an observation of a "flying saucer" would be of interest to you.

This account has not been given to any newspaper or other publication as yet.

Yours truly,

/s/ R. J. Madden
R. J. MADDEN
Division Plant Engr.
The Pac. Tel. & Tel. Co.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
AUG 21 1947	
SAN FRANCISCO	
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Report on a "flying saucer"

At about 12:30 p.m., July 29, 1947, a sedan, driven by Steve Herrmann and carrying R. J. (Bob) Midden in the front seat and Karl Herrmann in the rear seat, was proceeding northwesterly along the road leading from Canyon Ferry to York, both in Montana some 28 miles N.W. of Helena.

When at a point approximately 2 miles N.W. of Canyon Ferry, (as shown on Forest Service Map to be in the NW 1/4 of Sec. 10 T10N R1W) Karl suddenly shouted "See it! See it! There's a flying saucer!" Steve immediately slowed down and gradually brought the sedan to a stop, he and Bob meanwhile scanning the sky in the direction pointed by Karl in an effort to see the "flying saucer", but without success.

Approximately ten seconds elapsed between the time Karl reported seeing the "saucer", coming over the horizon at high speed from the southwest, (Karl first thought it a meteor) and travelling northwesterly, and the bringing of the car to a stop.

As the car came to a stop, Steve, Karl and Bob, simultaneously, saw the following:

Directly ahead, (N.W.) 2 to 3 miles distant and approximately 3000 ft. above the ground, a bright disc hovering and fluttering in the air. Descending and rising through a vertical distance of fifty or a hundred feet for a period of about five seconds then, while at the top of an ascent, the "disc" suddenly swooped to the northeast at tremendous speed and disappeared into the clear air within a distance of 200 ft. That is to say it did not pass beyond an obstruction to further visibility but "melted into thin air" as if because of tremendous speed.

This disc was, from the viewpoint of the observers, apparently 3 ft. in diameter, circular and of no great thickness - approximately 3 or 4 inches.

The sky was blue with scattered small clouds, the sun was shining brightly and the disc gleamed and shimmered in the bright sunlight as if covered with highly polished nickel.

After the "disc" disappeared from view, the sedan and its occupants proceeded northwesterly along the road, but could discern no evidence of the presence of the "disc" along or adjacent to that thoroughfare.

It is to be remembered that the dimensions as stated above were as they appeared to the observers some 2 or 3 miles from the "disc" and the true dimensions must be considerably greater.

14
R. J. Midden,
R. J. MIDDEN,
Division Plant Mgr.,
The Rockwell & Co.

CONFIDENTIAL

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

407 U. S. Court House
Seattle 4, Washington
August 18, 1947

DIRECTOR, FBI

RE: FLYING DISCS SIGHTED BY
TACOMA, WASHINGTON
SL - X

Dear Sir:

The following, in general, are the facts regarding the flying disc story that started by [redacted] which subsequently resulted in news stories by the Tacoma Times, the Boise Statesman and the Chicago Times that a B-25 carrying Army Intelligence officers was shot down or sabotaged over Kelso, Washington on August 1, 1947 because it was carrying some flying disc fragments.

The original story, as related by [redacted] was to the effect that [redacted] while patrolling in his boat near Maury Island, Washington, sighted six flying discs, one of which fluttered to the earth and disintegrated, showering his boat with fragments which caused some damage to the boat and killed his dog. [redacted] wrote a letter to [redacted] of Ziff-Davis Company which publishes fantastic adventure magazines in Chicago, sending him fragments of the flying disk and relating the above story. [redacted] requested Trans-Radio News in Chicago to verify the story as related by [redacted] telegraphed [redacted] confirming [redacted] story. [redacted] then engaged [redacted] Boise, Idaho, who was the first to report sighting the flying disc and whom [redacted] had previously made a contract for a story regarding the flying disc, to come to Tacoma and check the story as related by [redacted]

[redacted] came to Tacoma, Washington July 30, 1947 and arranged for a meeting the following day, July 31, with [redacted] in his room 502, Winthrop Hotel, Tacoma, Washington. [redacted] also called to attend the meeting [redacted] United Airlines Pilot who had also reported seeing flying disc fragments, and Army Intelligence to attend

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August 19, 1947

this meeting. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN of Army A-2 Intelligence from Hamilton Field, California, all met in [REDACTED] room at various times during the afternoon and evening of July 31, 1947 and discussed the flying disc story as related by [REDACTED]. The Army Intelligence Officers, Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN, left about 2:00 A. M. the morning of August 1, 1947 to return to Hamilton Field, California for Air Force Day in a B-25 and were carrying some of the reported disc fragments. The left engine on the B-25 burned an exhaust stack which in turn caught the left wing afire, the wing subsequently breaking off and tearing off the tail. The B-25 crashed, killing Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN. However, the Crew Chief and a hitch-hiker parachuted to safety. Intelligence Officers at McChord Field, Washington advised there was no indication of any sabotage. The plane crashed at Kelso, Washington approximately 2:50 A. M. August 1, 1947. b7c

Five anonymous calls were received by a [REDACTED] and the [REDACTED] Tacoma, between 11:30 A. M., July 31, 1947 and 5:30 P. M., August 2, 1947. The first call was to a [REDACTED] approximately 11:30 A. M., July 31, in which the caller stated that there was a meeting taking place at that time in room 502 of the Winthrop Hotel concerning the disc fragments found on Maury Island. The second call was received between 11:00 A. M. and 12:00 noon, August 1, 1947 by the [REDACTED] in which the caller advised that at that moment a big meeting was taking place in [REDACTED] room number 502, Winthrop Hotel; that the B-25 which crashed was carrying disc fragments and that McChord Field officials had stated it was shot down or sabotaged. The third call was received Friday, August 1, 1947 at 5:30 P. M. by the [REDACTED] Tacoma, in which the caller stated that the B-25 which crashed at Kelso, Washington was carrying flying disc fragments and that the dead officers were Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN, A-2 Intelligence Officers at Hamilton Field, California. This call was prior to the release of the dead officers' names by Army authorities and the caller indicated that when the names were released, it would verify the information he was furnishing was correct. The fourth phone call was received at approximately 6:45 P. M., Friday, August 1 by the [REDACTED] in which call the caller stated the B-25 was definitely shot down and that if he contacted Army Intelligence officers, they would not deny it. The fifth phone call was received by the [REDACTED] Tacoma, at 5:30 P. M. August 2, 1947 at which time the caller stated the B-25 was shot down from the air with a 20 m.m. cannon; that the Marine plane found recently on Mt. Rainier had also been shot down and that [REDACTED] would be taken to Wright Field Tuesday morning. When the Army authorities released the names of the dead Intelligence officers which verified the information as given by the anonymous caller, the Tacoma Times printed this story on August 2, 1947 and carried several articles thereafter inferring that the B-25 had been shot down or sabotaged because of the fact that it was carrying disc fragments. [REDACTED] have admitted that the material which they sent to [REDACTED] had no connection with any flying discs and have given a signed statement to that effect which are being b7c

August 19, 1947

forwarded herein. [redacted] deny, however, that they actually started the flying disc story and their actual part in the story. United Airlines pilot, [redacted] states that [redacted] on July 31, 1947, both related their original flying disc fragment story. Information gathered would indicate that the anonymous phone calls were possibly made by [redacted] in order to build up the flying disc story to the point where they could make a profitable sale of the story to [redacted] Chicago, Illinois. No facts have been developed which would definitely prove that [redacted] made these calls. However, from all facts and information gathered, it appears he is probably the most likely to have made the anonymous calls. The detailed interviews of the persons contacted in regard to this flying disc story are being set out below. b7c

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent [redacted] at Tacoma, Washington on August 6, 7, 1947:

[redacted] Tacoma, Washington, advised that in the early part of June, 1947 he was requested by the Seattle Post-Intelligencer to check on a story which he was informed had been obtained from the [redacted] at Harper, Washington. The story was supposed to have originated with [redacted] stated that the story was to the effect that [redacted] while patrolling in his boat near Maury Island, saw five or six flying discs, one of which fluttered toward the ground and finally disintegrated. Fragments of the disc were reported to have showered down on the boat of [redacted] causing some damage and killing his dog. [redacted] stated that he went to the home [redacted] Tacoma, Washington to check with him on this flying disc story. He stated that as best he could recall, this was just a few days after the first flying disc stories had appeared in the paper and was on a Sunday evening. He believed it was the early part of June. He stated that [redacted] took him in the kitchen and proceeded to talk about this flying disc story in low muffled tones. He stated that [redacted] acted rather suspicious and that shortly his wife came into the kitchen and was in a considerable rage, telling [redacted] to admit that the entire story was a plain fantasy which he had dreamed up. He stated that after his wife told [redacted] to admit the entire story was false, that [redacted] then admitted that there was nothing whatever to the story and it was an entire hoax. [redacted] stated that in view of the enraged condition of [redacted] wife, he immediately left and reported to the Seattle Post Intelligencer that the entire story was a hoax and that they should not print it in any way. He further stated that he advised the Seattle Post Intelligencer that [redacted] was a mental case and that nothing which he had reported should be carried as far as a news story. [redacted] stated that since that time he had received repeated requests from the Boise Statesman requesting information as to the flying disc stories reportedly originating with [redacted] stated that he had never, in his experience, had such pressure brought upon him to release a news story and that he repeatedly advised the Boise Statesman that the story of seeing the flying discs by [redacted] was a complete fabri- b7c

August 19, 1947

67c
cation and should be in no way, carried as a news story and refused to furnish any information regarding these reports. He further stated that he advised the Boise Statesman shortly before, or at the time [redacted] left Boise to come to Tacoma to check on the flying disc stories with [redacted] that [redacted] should not come as the entire story was a hoax.

The following information was obtained from [redacted]
[redacted] Tacoma, Washington, [redacted]
[redacted]

It was the Tacoma Times paper which first issued a story on August 2 and subsequent stories intimating that the B-25 which crashed at Kelso, Washington on the early morning of August 1, had been sabotaged or shot down because of the fact that it carried flying disc fragments. [redacted] stated that on Thursday, July 31, at approximately 11:30 A. M. he received an anonymous phone call in which the caller stated that [redacted] and Army Intelligence officers were meeting in room 502 of the Winthrop Hotel to check on the flying disc story from which fragments were obtained on Maury Island. [redacted] stated he turned around to speak to his editor and when he picked up the phone again the line was dead. He stated that the caller asked for [redacted] who was out at the time of the call. He stated that [redacted] called [redacted] at room 502 in the Winthrop Hotel and was advised by [redacted] that he could furnish no information as he was there on a Government mission. [redacted] stated that on Friday, August 1, between 11:00 A. M. and noon, he received another phone call for [redacted] in which the anonymous caller stated that he might have some information for him. [redacted] asked the caller if he was not the same party that had called the previous date and he said yes. The caller then related that at that moment there was a big meeting in progress in [redacted] room, 502, in the Winthrop Hotel; that the B-25 which crashed that morning in Kelso was carrying flying disc fragments from California and that McChord Field officials had stated the plane was sabotaged or shot down. The caller then hung up after making some statement to the effect that he was a switchboard operator. [redacted] stated that he went to the Winthrop Hotel on Friday about noon and found that there was no male operator on duty. He stated he then went to room 502 and [redacted] answered the door and that Captain [redacted] United Airlines pilot, was on the phone. [redacted] stated that he heard [redacted] make a statement to the effect that the information must be very strictly confidential. He stated that there were one or two others in the room besides [redacted] but that he could not identify them. He stated that [redacted] told him he could make no statement and that he had attempted to check the story with various people on Maury Island with negative results. He stated that about 3:30 P. M., Friday, he wrote a story regarding the mysterious informant and called [redacted] at his hotel room, stating that he had written this story and that [redacted] had better check it. He stated that he talked to [redacted] the United Press Wireman, Tacoma, who advised that the story sounded fantastic. [redacted] stated that about 5:30 P. M., Friday, August 1, an anonymous caller called [redacted] the

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██████████ stating that Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN were the Intelligence officers that were killed in the crash of the B-25 and that civilians and the sheriff had been kept away from the wreckage with the Army guarding it. He stated the anonymous caller then said that the names had not been released yet by the Army and that this would verify his statements.

██████████ stated that the following morning, Saturday, August 2, the Army verified that the officers killed were Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN and two days later verified that they were Army Intelligence officers. ██████████ stated that the anonymous caller again later contacted ██████████ calling him by that name, and at this time stated he did not call the ██████████

██████████ or the ██████████ and denied calling ██████████. In this call the anonymous caller stated that, "Don't think I'm doing this for you." He then asked if the story had been put on the wire and when ██████████ said yes, the caller stated, "We want this to get back to New Jersey." The caller further stated that the B-25 was shot down by a 20 m.m. cannon and that the marine plane which was recently found wrecked on the side of Mt. Rainier, having been missing for several months, had also been shot down. The caller stated to ██████████ that he should get in touch with a flyer named ██████████ with United Airlines who, he stated, was with ██████████ when they were shot at over Montana. The caller then stated, "I'll see you Tuesday. I'm going to San Francisco." ██████████ stated that he had checked with ██████████ of United Airlines who denied knowing any pilot by the name of ██████████ denied ever having flown over Montana. ██████████ stated that ██████████ received another anonymous call in which the caller stated that ██████████ would be sent to Wright Field on Tuesday and that Saturday one of the men who found fragments of the flying disc was to be flown to Alaska. ██████████ stated that in view of the fact that the information as to the Intelligence officers on the B-25 had been as furnished by the anonymous caller, had subsequently been verified by the Army, the story was released that the B-25 was carrying disc fragments returning to Hamilton Field, California and furnishing the inference that the plane had been sabotaged or shot down. ██████████ stated that about 8:00 P. M. on Sunday, August 3, he contacted ██████████ at his home, ██████████

Seattle at which time ██████████ stated he had not given any story out to the Post Intelligencer at Seattle; stated that he had gotten a telegram to call a number in Boise and when he called and found out it was the Boise Statesman, he had hung up. He stated that the Boise Statesman then contacted him, at which time he admitted he had seen the disc fragments, but that he did not take any of them. This time ██████████ informed ██████████ that he had been with ██████████

██████████, Public Relations Officer from McChord Field, all afternoon until about 3:45 P. M. ██████████ informed ██████████ that he had told the Army authorities everything that he and ██████████ knew about the flying disc fragments story from the time that ██████████ left Boise, Idaho and he had left Seattle, Washington.

This time ██████████ admitted that there were some of the supposed disc fragments in ██████████ room at the Winthrop Hotel and that ██████████ had been in the room Thursday afternoon. On Monday ██████████ stated that he called ██████████

██████████ who advised that if this were not used in the paper, he and ██████████

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██████████ would see him after lunch. ██████████ stated that about noon ██████████ and ██████████ contacted him at which time ██████████ stated that he and his son had been exploring a gravel pit on Maury Island and found some strange rock formations. He stated they picked up some of these samples and that ██████████ later saw them and they went back over to Maury Island at which time additional samples were obtained and that ██████████ sent these to a friend of his at the University of Chicago to have analyzed. They stated that they received a report and that apparently this friend had asked a newspaperman to find out where the rock formations were obtained. ██████████ and ██████████ told ██████████ that sometime after the first flying disc story had appeared, they received a telegram from Trans-Ocean Press from Chicago wanting information on the flying disc fragments. ██████████ stated that they had at no time indicated the rock formations were a part of a flying disc and that Captain ██████████ and ██████████ were not interested in the rock formations and they denied giving them to ██████████ b7c

██████████ Tacoma, Washington furnished substantially the same information that was obtained from ██████████ the ██████████ regarding the anonymous phone calls which he had received. He stated further that the first call he received was on Friday, August 1, at around 5:30 P. M. At this time the caller stated that the B-25 which crashed at Kelso, Washington was carrying disc fragments and that the two officers killed were Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN, officers with Army A-2 Intelligence at Hamilton Field and that the fragments were top secret material. He stated the caller indicated that when the Army released the names of the dead officers it would verify that the information he was furnishing was correct. ██████████ stated that the second call he received at approximately 6:45 P. M. Friday, August 1 at which time the caller stated that the B-25 was definitely shot down and that if he contacted Army Intelligence A-2, the man in charge would not deny it. ██████████ stated he thought the man said to contact Colonel ██████████ but it was found out it was Colonel ██████████ who was in charge of Army Intelligence A-2. The caller further stated that the Sheriff's Office had been kept away from the crash and that no civilians had been allowed near the plane. ██████████ stated the third call he received at 5:30 P. M., August 2, and that this time the caller stated that one of the men who had been conferring with Captain ██████████ and ██████████ was taken to Alaska that day. The caller further stated that the B-25 was shot down from the air with a 20 m.m. cannon; that the Marine plane found recently on Mt. Rainier had also been shot down; that Captain ██████████ would be taken to Wright Field Tuesday morning and that a United Airlines pilot by the name of ██████████ flew with Captain ██████████ when they were shot at over Montana. The caller stated he was leaving for San Francisco and would be back Tuesday. b7c

██████████ and ██████████ both stated that they had made very little effort to question the anonymous caller to obtain his identity as they felt it was useless and that if they started questioning him he would b7c

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refuse to furnish any further information.

On August 5, 1947 Special Agent [redacted] was contacted in the resident agency office, Tacoma, Washington by [redacted]. At this time [redacted] asked if the Seattle Office was investigating the crash of the B-25 and he was informed that no investigation was being conducted by the Seattle Office. [redacted] at this time related in a rambling story that he had picked up some strange rock formations which he had forwarded to a friend of his in the University of Chicago to have analyzed and that later, in some manner unknown to him, these rock formations had been reported as being fragments of a flying disc. b7c

On August 7, 1947 [redacted] were interviewed at the Tacoma resident agency office. Both [redacted] at first denied any knowledge of how the rock formations which they had picked up to have analyzed became connected with the flying disc stories. Both denied making any statement to anyone that these rock formations were portions of a disc fragment. It was apparent from the start of the interview that [redacted] and [redacted] were not telling their complete and true connection with the flying disc story. They refused to give any definite information as to what they said or had done which caused them to become involved in a flying disc story, but gave evasive answers and repeatedly stated that they had nothing to do with it and were at a loss to understand how they became connected with the flying disc story. After considerable questioning, they stated that in the early part of June they sent to [redacted] of the Ziff-Davis Publishing Company which published the Fantasy magazine in Chicago and the Venture magazine in Evanston, Illinois, some rock formations which they had found on Maury Island. They stated they sent these formations, asking [redacted] to have them analyzed. They stated that later [redacted] wrote and asked for more samples, advising he had failed to analyze the samples. [redacted] stated they have never sent any additional samples and that the next they heard regarding the rock formations which they had sent [redacted] was when he called [redacted] and asked if the rock formations could have come from a flying disc. [redacted] stated he made some remark that they possibly could have come from a flying disc and that he immediately sat down and wrote a letter to [redacted] which was in the latter part of June in which he stated the material could have been portions of a flying disc. [redacted] claimed that he thought he told [redacted] over the phone something about being in his boat when he obtained these rock formations, but stated he could not recall what he had written to [redacted] and claimed that he passed the whole thing off as a joke. [redacted] were questioned at length in an attempt to obtain specific information as to exactly what each one had done with regard to the rock formations. However, each stated that the only thing they had done was tell [redacted] the formations could have come from a flying disc in view of the fact it appeared "that's what he wanted them to say". No definite information could be obtained from either [redacted] as to what each specifically had done to start the flying disc story. b7c

The signed statement which was obtained from [redacted] and [redacted]

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and in which they admitted the rock formations had no connection with any flying discs is being forwarded to the Bureau herewith. The statement contains no information of value and therefore is not being set forth herein. b7c

Regarding the meeting which was held in the Winthrop Hotel on Thursday, July 31, [redacted] stated that they both met [redacted] there about 1:00 P. M. They stated that they all left [redacted] room about 3:00 P. M. and that [redacted] took [redacted] to Berry's Airport at Tacoma and [redacted] flew his plane to Seattle where he picked up Captain [redacted]. [redacted] stated that he picked up [redacted] at Berry's Airport about 5:00 P. M. and that [redacted] came to [redacted] room about 7:00 P. M. [redacted] stated that he and [redacted] left about 8:30 P. M. when he drove [redacted] to Seattle to get his car and that [redacted] went home at this time. [redacted] stated they returned about 11:30 P. M. at which time the Army Intelligence officers were in [redacted] room and that [redacted] left about midnight. He stated that he returned to [redacted] room Friday afternoon for approximately one-half hour from 2:30 to 3:00 P. M., at which time [redacted] and [redacted] were still there and neither seemed to be able to recall if [redacted] was in [redacted] room on Friday, August 1. The best that could be obtained from [redacted] and [redacted] as to what took place in [redacted] room was to the effect that most of the talk was about flying, that no one seemed very interested in the rock formations and that they had no connection as far as they knew with any flying disc. [redacted] stated that [redacted] wanted to obtain pictures of the place where the rock formations were obtained and that the Army Intelligence officers did not appear to be interested in any manner whatever. b7c

[redacted] operates the [redacted] Millwater Avenue, Tacoma, Washington and [redacted] has recently been working with him buying timber. They have also been associated with the Harbor Patrol Association at Tacoma, Washington which furnishes patrol and police protection to parts of the harbor area which are not patrolled by Tacoma police or Sheriff's officers. [redacted] Tacoma, Washington, Army serial number [redacted]. During the war he was a pilot and it is believed presently holds a Reserve Officer's commission as a Captain. b7c

Regarding the B-25 which crashed, killing Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN of the 4th Air Force, Captain [redacted] A-2 Officer, Mc Chord Field, advised that this investigation of the crash reflected an exhaust stack had burned out on the left engine which in turn caught the left wing afire and that when the left wing broke off, it also broke off the tail. The plane at the time of the crash was carrying Captain DAVIDSON, Lieutenant BROWN, the hitch-hiker and a man as Crew Chief to take care of the airplane. The Crew Chief and the hitch-hiker parachuted to safety, but Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN were killed. He stated that their investigation reflected no indication of any sabotage whatever. b7c

A check of the records of the Winthrop Hotel at Tacoma, Washington revealed that [redacted] giving his address as [redacted] Mountview Drive, Boise, Idaho rented room 502 from July 30 at 7:43 P. M. until [redacted] b7c

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[REDACTED] b7c

The following information was obtained by Special Agent [REDACTED] in interview on August 12, 1947 with Captain [REDACTED] United Airlines pilot: It should be noted that Captain [REDACTED] has previously received publicity for having supposedly seen flying discs or similar objects on July 4, last while on a routine United Airlines flight out of Boise, Idaho in company with his co-pilot [REDACTED] concerning this incident. Captain [REDACTED] states that they took off from Boise, Idaho at 3:12 P. M. and headed Northwest at 300 degrees and while still climbing at 8,000 feet, co-pilot [REDACTED] called his attention to some objects in the sky ahead of them about ten degrees left which neither one could identify. [REDACTED] states that he called a CAA radio operator at Ontario, Oregon and requested him to step outside his radio shack and see if he could see any of these objects overhead. The CAA radio operator replied in the negative. b7c

Captain [REDACTED] states that he first met [REDACTED] on July 5 in the offices of the [REDACTED] where both were being interviewed concerning their sighting of flying discs. [REDACTED] states that he next met [REDACTED] about three weeks ago in Boise, Idaho at which time he, [REDACTED] was on another flight through Boise, Idaho and had a ten minute lay-over there. On this occasion [REDACTED] was in company of Captain WILLIAM L. DAVIDSON and Lieutenant FRANK M. BROWN, Army Intelligence officers, and a [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] next contact with [REDACTED] was on Thursday, July 31, last when he received a telephone call from [REDACTED] calling from Tacoma in the early afternoon at which time he asked [REDACTED] to come over to Tacoma and join him as he was investigating a flying disc story for "someone back East" and some fragments were involved which [REDACTED] might be interested in seeing. b7c After some discussion [REDACTED] agreed to join [REDACTED] in Tacoma and [REDACTED] told [REDACTED] he would fly over and pick him up at Boeing Airport at 4:00 P. M. [REDACTED] met [REDACTED] at Boeing Field at about 4:00 P. M. and they flew to Berry's Airport at Tacoma, Washington where they were met by [REDACTED]. The three of them proceeded in [REDACTED]'s car to the Winthrop Hotel where [REDACTED] was occupying room 502. [REDACTED] ordered something to eat and during this time either [REDACTED] or [REDACTED] called a [REDACTED] and invited him up to the room. By this time [REDACTED] states he had learned from [REDACTED] that [REDACTED] were the participants in the latest flying disc story and [REDACTED] states that he had no previous acquaintance with either of these men before meeting them in Tacoma on this date. While in the Hotel Room [REDACTED] showed [REDACTED] a letter which he had received from [REDACTED] of the Venture Press of Chicago requesting that [REDACTED] investigate

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the [redacted] story in Tacoma. [redacted] informed [redacted] at this time that after receiving this letter he had called [redacted] by telephone in Chicago as a result of which call [redacted] had forwarded him \$200.00 expense money for covering the story. Shortly thereafter, at about 7:30 P. M. [redacted] arrived at the Hotel room and the discussion began among the four men present as to what [redacted] had seen on Maury Island. [redacted] professed reluctance to tell the story, claiming that several unfortunate incidents had occurred subsequent to his seeing the flying discs and he believed the entire incident had brought him bad luck. In this connection he stated that four or five days subsequent to his sighting the flying discs, a man called at his home and had a conversation with him the course of which [redacted] was warned to forget all about everything he had seen on or near Maury Island. In addition to that, [redacted] stated that his sixteen year old son had run away from home following the incident and had been picked up by the police somewhere in Montana. After some further discussion [redacted] finally agreed to tell his story of the flying disc incident in front of [redacted] after eliciting a promise from [redacted] that he would not discuss the matter for at least two weeks. It should be noted that [redacted] had previously told his story to [redacted]. At this point [redacted] related the incident which has already been described and which he alleged had taken place on or about June 23 or 24. While relating the incident [redacted] mentioned that he had taken pictures of the flying disc which he had seen but that the printed films were marred with white spots. When [redacted] had concluded his story, [redacted] related that he had gone the following day to Maury Island to verify what [redacted] had told him concerning the fragments and had at this time picked up several fragments and taken them with him. At this time [redacted] related that he also saw one of the flying discs hovering over the Island but that it had disappeared into a cloud. When [redacted] and [redacted] had finished telling their story [redacted] told the group that he had earlier in that evening called Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN, Army Intelligence officers and that they were on their way to the Hotel room. At this point [redacted] protested that he did not wish to tell his story before anyone else and he was advised by [redacted] that if such was the case why didn't he just leave and not be there when they arrived. [redacted] then left the room and went downstairs. [redacted] departed alone. [redacted] drove [redacted] back to Boeing Field near Seattle where [redacted] desired to pick up his own personal car, which he did. They then returned to the Hotel where they found Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROWN in room 502 with [redacted]. [redacted] met them at the door and seemed excited, explaining to [redacted] that Captain DAVIDSON had just drawn a reproduction of a freak disc which had supposedly been seen by a woman in Arizona and that this drawing was an exact reproduction of the flying disc which he, [redacted], had seen several weeks before, nearing Mt. Rainier. [redacted] states that shortly after this [redacted] seemed very anxious to tell his and [redacted] story to the Army officers. Before this was done, however, [redacted] had a discussion with Lieutenant BROWN, informing him that they had promised [redacted] not to release the story for two weeks and that if [redacted] were allowed to tell the story at this time, BROWN and DAVIDSON must agree not to release the story for one month. Following this agreement, [redacted] related [redacted] and his story of the flying discs over Maury

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Island to BROWN and DAVIDSON. Following this recitation, Lieutenant BROWN, in answer to a query from [REDACTED], said that he and Captain DAVIDSON were of the opinion that there might be some truth in the current flying disc stories, but that their immediate superiors (presumably A-2 at Hamilton Field) did not agree with them. BROWN and DAVIDSON then held a brief discussion as to whether they should return that same night to Hamilton Field and they decided that they would. All five of the men then went down to the lobby where BROWN detached himself from the group and entered a phone booth to call for a car from McChord Field. [REDACTED] also left the group and met BROWN outside the phone booth where they held a short discussion relative to the credibility of [REDACTED] story. BROWN indicated to [REDACTED] that he should attempt to find out if the story was on the level and that BROWN would call him the following day regarding this matter. The group then proceeded to the front of the Hotel at which time [REDACTED] brought his car to the front of the Hotel and took from his trunk a box of the alleged flying disc fragments picked up on Maury Island. He offered them to BROWN and DAVIDSON and when the Army car arrived from McChord Field the box of fragments was placed in the car with the officers. [REDACTED] departed alone and [REDACTED] went in search of something to eat and later returned to the Hotel for the night. b7c

On Friday morning, August 1, 1947, [REDACTED] received a call from [REDACTED] informing him that a B-25 had crashed during the night and it was believed to be the same plane which BROWN and DAVIDSON were flying. Following this call [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] came to the Hotel room and from the room [REDACTED] again called McChord Field in an attempt to get information about the crash. [REDACTED] took the phone from [REDACTED] and spoke to a Colonel [REDACTED], identifying himself and asking if the B-25 which crashed was the only one which had taken off from McChord Field the previous night. [REDACTED] told him that it was. Following this call [REDACTED] called [REDACTED] in Chicago and informed him of the previous night's conversations and the fact that DAVIDSON and BROWN were believed to have been killed. [REDACTED] told [REDACTED] to discontinue his investigation of the incident and that he, [REDACTED], was no longer interested. [REDACTED] then took the phone from [REDACTED] and asked [REDACTED] if he could shed any light on the situation. [REDACTED] was unable to say what [REDACTED] reply to [REDACTED] was. Following these telephone discussions [REDACTED] says that he called [REDACTED] whom he identifies as a personal friend of his and an [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] states that he had previously made an agreement with [REDACTED] in Chicago that should he ever run across any flying disc stories which showed promise of news value, that he would contact [REDACTED] and this call was a result of that agreement. Shortly afterward, Colonel [REDACTED] called him from McChord Field stating that Hamilton Field had requested that [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] submit their addresses to Hamilton Field for convenience of any Army investigation of the incident which may be forthcoming. After this call the four men went to a restaurant for lunch. During the course of this meal [REDACTED] excused himself from the table and attempted to call SAC BOBBITT of the Portland Field Office, Federal Bureau of Investigation with whom he claims acquaintance. BOBBITT, however, was unavailable and [REDACTED] was unable to complete the b7c

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call. After returning to the Hotel room, a [redacted] called attempting to gain information, but they did not give him any. Later, a Mr. [redacted] of the [redacted] called and [redacted] spoke to him on the telephone but refused to give out any information. [redacted] further relates that while the four men were in the room at this time, an envelope was shoved under the door and that he retrieved it from the floor. [redacted] states that the appearance of this envelope seemed to startle [redacted] considerably and that in fact, [redacted] turned white as a sheet until [redacted] read the note unsigned which was a communication to the Hotel advising that a strike of Hotel employees was eminent and that guests should not expect room and telephone service much longer. Shortly after this incident [redacted] left the Hotel room after promising to take [redacted] to Maury Island the following morning, (Saturday). [redacted] and [redacted] then went out for dinner and on their return, [redacted] found a note in the box requesting him to call a certain telephone number. He did this from the Hotel room and was answered by [redacted] who requested [redacted] to go out and call him from a pay station. [redacted] complained and was informed by [redacted] that two anonymous telephone calls had been received by him that a discussion regarding flying discs had been taking place in room 502 at the Winthrop Hotel which involved Army Intelligence officers. From the information which [redacted] had received, [redacted] was convinced that the anonymous caller must have been present at the discussion also, as [redacted] was seemingly in possession of pertinent remarks which had been made in the room. [redacted] states that he did not give [redacted] any further information and that in conclusion of the call, he returned to the Hotel room and he and [redacted] retired for the night. b7c

On Saturday morning, August 2, 1947 [redacted] received a telephone call from [redacted] in Chicago, but was unable to give him any further information. [redacted] advised him, however, that he would call him back at 2:30 that afternoon. [redacted] then called from a coffee shop nearby and [redacted] and [redacted] joined [redacted] and an unknown man in the Coffee Shop for breakfast. The unknown person was discussing some lumber business with [redacted] and left after breakfast. On leaving the coffee shop, [redacted] asked [redacted] about the negatives of the photographs which he claimed to have taken of the flying discs. [redacted] said the negatives were in the glove compartment of his car, but a search of the instant glove compartment was fruitless. The four then proceeded in [redacted]'s car to the dock where they were to embark for Maury Island. The boat, however, could not be started and the trip was postponed until later in the day. While at the dock, however, [redacted] asked to be shown the damage to the boat which had allegedly occurred when the fragments showered down on Maury Island. [redacted] pointed out what may have been repairs to the windshield and lights on the boat, but [redacted] was not personally satisfied that these repairs were made as a result of any such incident. [redacted] then drove [redacted] and [redacted] back to the Hotel at approximately 10:45 A. M. and [redacted] told them he would call them later on and that they would go to Maury Island. On returning to the Hotel, [redacted] called [redacted] at the Tacoma Times as a result of which call he and [redacted] met [redacted] at the Coffee Shop across the street from the b7c

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Winthrop Hotel. [redacted] stated that the purpose of this meeting was to try to find out something more about the anonymous phone calls which [redacted] had told him about. He and [redacted] still refused to give out any further information regarding the Thursday evening conference to [redacted] and were informed by [redacted] that the [redacted] was afraid of being scooped on the story and was going to print something on that day. [redacted] and [redacted] then returned to the Hotel and shortly thereafter received a phone call from [redacted] but the call was cut off by the switchboard operator since it was not an emergency call. [redacted] and [redacted] then returned to the Hotel lobby where they found a telegram from [redacted] asking them to call him at either Broadway or Proctor [redacted] is not sure of the exchange. [redacted] called this number, but [redacted] was not there. [redacted] states that he went then to the Western Union Telegraph Office and dispatched a collect telegram to [redacted] at the [redacted] which contained a brief resume of the incidents which had occurred and which requested [redacted] to wire [redacted] a telephone number where [redacted] could be reached after 6:00 P. M. [redacted] states that he has never received an answer to that wire. Following this, [redacted] states that he and [redacted] that he and [redacted] were sitting in the lobby of the Olympic Hotel when [redacted] entered and gave them each a copy of the latest edition of the Tacoma Times which contained a story hinting at sabotage in the crash of the Army B-25 which killed Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROCK. [redacted] stated that he and [redacted] continued to occupy seats in the Hotel lobby most of the afternoon inasmuch as they were unable to receive calls in the Hotel room due to the Hotel employees' strike. He relates that he received a call in the late afternoon from [redacted] advising him to call [redacted] that evening at 8:30 as [redacted] had further information regarding the anonymous calls. [redacted] also received a telegram requesting that he call [redacted] which he did and found that it was [redacted] of the [redacted]. He refused to give [redacted] any further information at this time. However, shortly thereafter, [redacted] called from Boise and advised [redacted] that the Army had released a story through Brigadier General SHRAM revealing the confidential assignment which BROCK and DAVIDSON had been engaged on. In view of this release, [redacted] requested [redacted] to answer one question for him which was, "Were they carrying any alleged disc fragments on the plane?" and [redacted] answered, "Yes, they were." Following this [redacted] called [redacted] as per his earlier request and was informed that [redacted] of the [redacted] had received another anonymous phone call at which time "the voice" said that the Army B-25 carrying Captain DAVIDSON and Lieutenant BROCK had been shot down with 20 m.m. shells and that the Marine plane found on Mt. Rainier had also been shot down with 20 m.m. shells. The voice went on to state that [redacted] would be called back to Wright Field on Tuesday. When [redacted] asked why he was giving out this information the caller replied that it was not for the benefit of the newspapers, but that he was interested in seeing that the information got back to New Jersey. The voice also informed [redacted] at this time that one of the two persons who had been talking to [redacted] and [redacted] had now left for Alaska. As a result of this latter bit of information, [redacted] decided to find out if [redacted] or [redacted] had left town. He located [redacted] at the Sunset Theatre and [redacted] came to the Hotel and met [redacted] and [redacted]. They were unable to locate [redacted] by phone and [redacted] left saying that he would try to find out where [redacted] was and that he would call them tomorrow (Sunday) and that they would go out to Maury Island at that time. After [redacted] left,

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and went to the where a met them and took them to in the There they read the latest press releases and had a discussion with regarding the anonymous phone calls. In the course of this discussion mentioned the name of Major Public Relations Officer at McChord Field as being one of the officers interested in the investigation. b7c

Following this discussion with at which time states they still refused to divulge any further information, and returned to the Hotel for the night. b7c

On Sunday morning, August 3, 1947, appeared at the Hotel room and told them that he had received a letter from which said in effect, "Take care of my business. I'll be out of town for three or four days." had a letter with him but he did not show it to or The three men then drove to secretary's house in South Tacoma and picked her up and the four of them then went to breakfast on the South Tacoma Highway. While the four of them then went to breakfast excused himself and called Major at McChord Field and arranged an appointment to meet him at the Hotel lobby at 11:00 A. M. They then took secretary to her home where picked up a typewriter and then drove and back to the Hotel. They asked him if he was going to take them to Maury Island that day and he replied that he was not. He further stated that he was sick of the entire business and that if he was ever contacted by the Army or the authorities he was going to deny ever having seen anything and claim to be "the biggest liar that ever lived". Shortly after returning to the Hotel, met Major in the lobby and they went in car to a coffee shop in South Tacoma where proceeded to tell Major the entire story of the incidents which had occurred in Tacoma regarding the and story since Thursday afternoon. Following this, took Major back to the Hotel and introduced him to and suggested to that he also tell Major the entire story of what had occurred. did so. Major after looking at the fragments which were still in the room suggested that they drive out to the Smelter near Tacoma as he believed the slag at the Smelter would bear a distinct resemblance to these fragments. The three men then drove to the Smelter and the slag was noted to be definitely similar to the fragments which and had left in the Hotel room. They then returned to the Hotel room and Major left them. After packing their bags, took to Henry's Airport where his plane was parked and then drove himself back to Seattle. b7c

About an hour after his arrival in Seattle, which was approximately 7:30 P. M., of the appeared at home with the newspaper containing the Associated Press story which had originated in Boise, Idaho in the Boise Statesman and which was written by following admission to him that fragments had been carried by Lieutenant and Captain DAVIDSON on the fatal B-25 flight. at this time continued to refuse to give any statements for the Press and told that he had placed b7c

August 19, 1947

all of his information in the hands of the Army. [redacted] stated that a couple of days later he called [redacted] at McChord Field and asked him if there was any recent information concerning the incident. [redacted] states that [redacted] informed him that [redacted] had not yet been contacted, but that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was "setting a trap for him". [redacted] further advises that on Friday, August 8, 1947, he appeared before Lawyer [redacted] at the County-City Building, Seattle and made a deposition of the facts relating to the incidents in Tacoma from Thursday afternoon, July 31, last until Sunday morning, August 3, last. b7c

A copy of this deposition is now in possession of the writer and is being forwarded herewith to the Bureau. It should be noted that this deposition is in no way as complete as the statement taken by the writer above and any setting out of this deposition in this communication would be superfluous.

Copies of this communication are being sent to the Butte, Portland, San Francisco and Chicago Offices for their information only. Unless advised by the Bureau to the contrary, instant investigation is considered closed by this office.

For the information of the Bureau, Captain [redacted] Intelligence Officer, McChord Field, Ft. Lewis, Washington advised at the weekly O.N.I.-S.I.D.-F.B.I. Intelligence conference that the Public Relations Officer at McChord Field had received a telephone call from an individual at Army Air Forces Headquarters at Washington, D. C., during which call the Public Relations Officer was requested to obtain a signed statement from [redacted] which could be published and thus publicly close the matter. Captain [redacted] further related that he had no additional information in this matter and that he did not handle it. b7c

Very truly yours,

J B Wilcox
JACK B. WILCOX
Special Agent in Charge

ENCLOSURES
DAM;PHL:TEK
100-18945
CC - Butte
Portland
San Francisco
Chicago

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
COUNTY OF KING) ss

b7c [redacted] being first duly sworn, on oath, deposes and says:

This is a narrative statement as to what took place in Tacoma from Thursday, July 31 until Sunday, August 3.

b7c Thursday I received a telephone call from Tacoma from a [redacted]. The gist of this conversation was that he thought it would be a good idea for me to come to Tacoma and listen to the story of two men whose names were [redacted]. This [redacted] had met two times previous -- once on July 5 at the office of the P.I. in Seattle for a very brief time and the second time in Boise, Idaho when I was passing through on one of my trips.

b7c In this conversation with [redacted] on the phone, I made the statement that it would be impossible for me to go over to Tacoma due to my going out to Salt Lake City the next morning. He said that he would fly over from Tacoma and pick me up at Boeing Field. I agreed to this proposition from [redacted]. At 4 o'clock I met [redacted] at the Boeing Field and we flew back and landed at Barry's Airport. We were picked up at the airport by [redacted], who drove the two of us into the Winthrop Hotel. We went up to Room 502 -- [redacted].

b7c [redacted] put a telephone call into [redacted] and asked him would he come up to the room. A half hour later [redacted] made his appearance. At this time there were four men in the room -- [redacted]. [redacted] asked Mr. [redacted] to relate his story as to what took place on June 24. Mr. [redacted] was very hesitant about telling the story to me. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted] were already aware of the statements that [redacted] had made previous. Mr. [redacted] made the statement to me that if any statement he would make relative to his story, if I would keep it confidential for two weeks, that he felt definitely that I would want to forge the whole thing. I made the statement to Mr. [redacted] that as far as was concerned, I would keep any statements he made to me confidential for at least two weeks.

b7c Here is [redacted] story: On June 24 (this date to be checked later) he was in a boat owned by [redacted] who owns the Harbor Patrol in Tacoma. They -- Mr. [redacted], a Mr. [redacted], and Mr. [redacted] son age 16, were cruising around Maury Island looking for logs that had broken away from booms. They were fairly close to shore of Maury Island when they saw four or five objects in the sky at an altitude of approximately 1500 feet. He said these objects were

Page #2

100 feet in diameter, circular in shape, and it appeared that there was a hole in the center of each as he could see the sky through this hole. He also mentioned that on the inside of the circle or the hole, that portholes were visible. Their speed was negligible as they appeared to hover over a given spot. One of these objects appeared to be in trouble. Another object came over and appeared to make contact. After making this contact for approximately two minutes, it rose to its original position.

b7c At this time the object that appeared to be in trouble seemed to throw a lot of debris from one of the portholes. These objects then disappeared from view. Some of this debris that landed broke in the wheelhouse of the boat, the spotlight, and the klaxon. While this debris was falling, my boy and Mr. [redacted] got off the boat and hid under some logs. This debris that fell killed our dog and a sea gull. I asked Mr. [redacted] what was done with the dog. He made the statement they threw the dog into the water.

b7c This story was told to Mr. [redacted] who the next day went out to this Island to check on this story. He verified the fact of the damage to the boat, also to the fact that there appear to be quite a few pieces of either rock or metal on the shore. Mr. [redacted] also stated that while he was over there investigating on Maury Island, he also saw a disk. This disk was of the same shape and contour as the objects explained by Mr. [redacted]

b7c At this point Mr. [redacted] clarified for me as to the reason he was investigating this story. Mr. [redacted] stated that he received a letter from a Mr. [redacted], Evanston, Illinois. The gist of this letter was that Mr. [redacted] received a letter from Mr. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted], also a package of these fragments that were found on Maury Island. Mr. [redacted] also made the statement in the letter that the Chicago University failed to analyze these fragments and that would Mr. [redacted] please investigate the story. Mr. [redacted] was sent a Western Union check for \$200.00 to take care of any expense that he might incur while making this investigation.

b7c Mr. [redacted] had made a telephone call to Hamilton Field to contact a Captain Davidson and a Lieutenant Brown, who were with A-2 Intelligence at Hamilton Field, asking them would they make a trip to Tacoma to also listen to this story of [redacted] and [redacted]. When Mr. [redacted] acquainted me with the fact that he had made this phone call in front of Mr. [redacted], Mr. [redacted] made the statement that he would not tell this story to anybody in Army Intelligence. I made the statement to Mr. [redacted] that if he felt this way, that he should not be in the room when these two Intelligence officers arrived. Mr. [redacted] thought this was an excellent idea.

Page #3

b7c [redacted] left the hotel room to go downstairs as Mr. [redacted] wanted to get some metal that was in the back of his car that he had picked up on Maury Island, to bring back to the hotel room. Mr. [redacted] departed.

b7c At this time I made the statement to Mr. [redacted] that I should like to pick up my car in Seattle. Mr. [redacted] drove me to Boeing Field, Seattle. After leaving me at Boeing Field, he drove back to Tacoma and I drove my own car back to Tacoma. After I had put my car in the garage at Tacoma, I went up to the Winthrop Hotel and in the room at that time was Mr. [redacted] Mr. [redacted], and Capt. Davidson from Army Intelligence. Lieutenant Brown was downstairs getting sandwiches and coffee. When Lieut. Brown came back, the stories were again related and Lieut. Brown made a statement that all the facts of these stories would be held in strictest confidence until released by Mr. [redacted].

b7c After Mr. [redacted] had told all the facts, relating not only his own story but that of Mr. [redacted] he asked for the opinion of both officers as to what they thought. Lieut. Brown made the statement that he would like to obtain some of these fragments to take back to Hamilton Field.

At this time Capt. Davidson and Lieut. Brown were debating the thought as to whether to stay over night in Tacoma or leave for Hamilton Field immediately, as the B-25 they were flying was supposed to be at Hamilton Field the next day for the Air Show.

b7c The five of us then left the hotel room and went down to the hotel lobby where Mr. [redacted] made a telephone call to McChord Field asking them to send a driver to pick up Capt. Davidson and himself. Lieut. Brown came up to me and made the statement that he and Capt. Davidson were going back to Hamilton Field and that he would get in touch with me tomorrow and if after I had seen the fragments on Maury Island, if I thought in my own mind that this was authentic, they would immediately leave Hamilton Field and return. I was to hold this statement by Lieut. Brown in the strictest of confidence from the other group of three [redacted] and [redacted].

b7c We then went down to the street where Mr. [redacted] drove car up in front and took out a box of fragments and gave this box Davidson and Brown. While waiting for the driver from McChord Field Lieut. Brown and I discussed Pacific operations and things not pertaining to this mission. Capt. Davidson and Lieut. Brown departed approximately 12:45 A.M. Mr. [redacted] and I went back to our hotel room after having a midnight snack.

Page #4

b7c Friday the 1st: At approximately 8 o'clock in the morning, Mr. [redacted] called up our hotel room and acquainted us with the fact that the B-25 had crashed. Also that he had called McChord Field and from information he received also verified the fact that the two men in the ship were Capt. Davidson and Lieut. Brown, plus a flight engineer and a hitch-hiker. This left both Mr. [redacted] and myself in a very bad state of concern. Approximately an hour later Mr. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted] made their appearance in the hotel room. I still wasn't sure that this was the same B-25 that the two Intelligence officers had left in last night. Mr. [redacted] then again called McChord Field and talked to a Colonel [redacted] and the fact was verified again that the two pilots were Davidson and Brown.

b7c After an hour or so Mr. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted] left the hotel room with a plan in mind of the four of us meeting the next morning (Saturday) for breakfast and going out to Maury Island.

b7c That evening (Friday) there was a message for me to call this particular telephone number that was on the message. I called this number and was asked by the party to please call them from a paystation. This party was a Mr. [redacted] a [redacted] on the [redacted]. He told me, "I most certainly am doing myself out of a good story but I thought you ought to know that somebody has been calling this paper and giving us a blow-by-blow description of all that has taken place in your room since you arrived." To verify this, Mr. [redacted] repeated back to me discussions that I felt had only been taking place in our room.

b7c Mr. [redacted] also made the statement that there was a leak either from the switchboard operator or our room had been tapped. I asked Mr. [redacted] why he was tipping us off with this information. He made the statement that he didn't mind doing this if in return that any information that I may let out would be given to him. After this conversation with Mr. [redacted] I went back to our room and told Mr. [redacted] what took place on the telephone.

b7c Saturday morning: Mr. [redacted] and I met Mr. [redacted] and [redacted] for breakfast. We then drove out to the boat to go to the island. The boat was unserviceable at the time so we went back to the hotel. Mr. [redacted] said that he would call later on in the day and let us know when the boat would be repaired. That was the last time I saw Mr. [redacted]

b7c Approximately 11 o'clock Saturday morning Mr. [redacted] phoned me and made the statement it would be impossible for him to keep this appointment with me. We were cut off by the switchboard operator as this was classified as not an emergency call. The reason we were cut off was due to a strike in all the Tacoma hotels.

Page #5

b7c Mr. [redacted] called up and said if I would call him at 8:30 that evening, he would have some additional information for me. I called Mr. [redacted] at 8:30 that evening. He told me that this anonymous caller had again called a Mr. [redacted] of the [redacted] and said that one of the parties that Mr. [redacted] and I had come down to see was flown to Alaska. Also he made the statement Mr. [redacted] would be called to Wright Field Tuesday. This anonymous caller made the statement to Mr. [redacted] that this B-25 was shot down. Mr. [redacted] asked this person calling what his interest was. This anonymous caller made a statement - "Don't tell I am doing it for the newspapers. All I am interested in is seeing that this information gets back to New Jersey."

b7c After I finished the conversation with Mr. [redacted] I went over to the United Press and talked with Mr. [redacted] and had him read back to me the conversations that he had had with this anonymous caller. But no opinions at this time were voiced either by me or Mr. [redacted]

b7c Sunday morning I called a Major [redacted] of S-2 McChord Field and asked him to meet me at the Winthrop Hotel at 11 o'clock. I met this Major [redacted] at 11 o'clock and we drove to a small coffee shop on the Tacoma Highway where this complete story was related to him by me. We then drove back to the Winthrop Hotel where Major [redacted] was introduced to Mr. [redacted] by me and again listened to Mr. [redacted] story. Mr. [redacted] and I departed from the Winthrop Hotel Sunday afternoon at approximately 4:30.

This is to certify that the foregoing statement was taken before me, a notary public; that prior to making said statement, the witness was first sworn to tell the whole truth and nothing but the truth; that the statement was then reduced to writing and signed by me on the _____ day of August, 1947.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and official seal the day and year last above written.

Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at Sea

August 8, 1947

b7c [redacted] make the following voluntary statement to SA [redacted] of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

b7c In the early part of June 1947 we picked up some strange rock formations from a gravel pit on Laury Island, Washington. We sent a box (eigar) of these fragments to [redacted] of Venture Magazine at Evanston Illinois to have it analyzed.

b7c Later [redacted] wrote and asked for additional samples stating that he had failed to have them analyzed.

b7c Around the later part of June a few days after the first disc stories started [redacted] contacted us by phone. He told us not to tell the newspapers about the fragments and he would pay for an exclusive story if the fragments could be from a flying disc.

One of us told him the fragments could have been from a flying disc.

Just after our phone conversation [redacted] wrote a letter to [redacted] setting out some notes etc. regarding the fragments and indicating they could have come from flying discs. b7c

The next thing we heard was about the first of July when we got a Trans Ocean Press telegram from Chicago asking [redacted] about these flying disc fragments. We told them to forget the entire matter. b7c

The next we heard of these fragments was when we were called by [redacted] to meet with him in the Winthrop Hotel on July 31, 1947. b7c

We told him exactly how we had found the fragments and had forwarded them to [redacted] to be analyzed. b7c

The above is the entire and true story as regards our connection with the flying disc stories etc. which originated over the ore samples which we sent to be analyzed.

[redacted] b7c
F.B.I. Seattle 8/7/47.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

FROM : Mr. D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: FLYING DISCS

DATE: August 14, 1947

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Gurnea _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

In connection with your request to be advised as to the facts concerning newspaper reports of flying discs in the Portland area and the reported conference of army officials in Portland concerning flying discs, the Portland Office has advised that Leaveritt G. Richards, aviation editor of the "Oregonian," has stated that Captain William L. Davidson and Lieutenant Frank M. Brown of the Fourth AAF Headquarters, San Francisco, were in Portland on July 27, 1947. While in Portland they interviewed Dick Rankin, an experienced pilot, who had reported that he observed, on June 14, a formation of ten flying discs over Bakersfield, California. Richards added that Davidson and Brown had also interviewed the following four experienced pilots who were among the first to report seeing discs, Kenneth Arnold, businessman from Boise, Idaho; Captain E. J. Smith, a co-pilot; Ralph Stevens, United Airlines and Dave Johnson, aviation editor, Idaho "Statesman." In order to determine the purpose of these interviews Richards contacted Major General Twining of Wright Field Ohio, and from him gained the impression that the AAF instituted this investigation to wash out the disc reports since they are definitely not of AAF origin.

On Friday, August 1, the plane in which AAF investigators, Captain Davidson and Lieutenant Brown, were flying, crashed at Kelso, Washington and both were killed. The wreckage was screened by AAF Intelligence from McChord Field. The "Tacoma News Tribune" and through them the United Press put out a story that the plane was carrying parts of a disc which had struck a boat owned by Harold Dahl and Fred Chrisman. It has also been inferred that this plane was sabotaged to prevent these disc parts from being examined.

STATUS

Investigation by the Bureau has reflected that this plane was definitely not carrying parts of a disc and there appears to be no substantiation of a sabotage charge.

For your further information there is attached a blind memorandum setting forth in more detail the results of the investigation surrounding the above plane crash. No further inquiry is being made in this matter.

ACTION

Air Force Intelligence has been advised of the results of our investigation.

REF:mjp

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 270 NOV 18 1964

RECORDED
 &
 INDEXED

162-83894-105

31 SEP 56

EX-81

August 14, 1947

FLYING DISCS

The "Tacoma News Tribune" and through them the United Press put out a story that an army plane which was allegedly carrying parts of a disc which had struck a boat owned by Harold Dahl and Fred Chrisman had crashed on August 1, 1947, killing two Air Force Intelligence officers who were interviewing persons who were alleged to have seen flying discs.

[redacted] and [redacted] when interviewed by Bureau Agents, advised in a signed statement on August 7, 1947, that in the early part of June, 1947, they picked up some strange rock formations from a gravel pit on Mauri Island, Washington. They sent a cigar box of these formations to one [redacted] of the [redacted] and also [redacted] of the [redacted] in Chicago, Illinois. According to them they requested [redacted] to make only a chemical analysis of the rock formations. [redacted] then wrote asking for additional samples stating he had been unable to analyze the material. [redacted] and [redacted] remarked that a few days after the flying disc stories appeared during the latter part of June, [redacted] contacted them by telephone saying he would pay for an exclusive story if the materials they had sent him were fragments of a flying disc. [redacted] said he wrote [redacted] a letter in which he represented the material as being a part of a flying disc, and both [redacted] and [redacted] admitted that this statement was entirely false. b7c

[redacted] and [redacted] then received a call from one [redacted] of Boise, Idaho who requested them to meet him at the Winthrop Hotel in Tacoma on July 31, 1947. According to them [redacted] called in army intelligence officers from Hamilton Field, California and one Captain [redacted] of United Airlines of Seattle, Washington to attend this meeting. [redacted] and [redacted] maintained they told the intelligence officers Captain Davidson, Lieutenant Brown, [redacted] and [redacted] exactly how they got the rock formations and that they had no connection with any flying discs. [redacted] and [redacted] stated that they then furnished some of the rock formation to the intelligence officers as samples. b7c

Captain Davidson and Lieutenant Brown left Tacoma, Washington in a B-25 to return to Hamilton Field, California about 2:30 A.M. August 1, 1947, and were killed when their plane crashed at Kelso, Washington, after the left engine burned out an exhaust stack which in turn caught the left wing on fire which caused it to break off. The crew chief and each officer parachuted to safety.

[redacted] at Tacoma advised that two or three days after the flying disc story started he contacted [redacted] to check the story b7c

ENCLOSURE

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[REDACTED]
Harbor, Washington, to the effect that [REDACTED] had some flying disc fragments. b7c
At this time [REDACTED] admitted to [REDACTED] that the entire story was false.

Relative to [REDACTED] stated that he was paid by [REDACTED] of the [REDACTED] and possibly the [REDACTED] to come b7c
to Tacoma and obtain a story from them regarding the flying disc fragments.

On July 31 and August 1, a total of five anonymous calls were received by a [REDACTED] and the [REDACTED] at Tacoma giving information regarding the meeting at the Winthrop Hotel over the disc fragments and stating that the B-25 had been shot down or sabotaged which b7c
killed Captain Davidson and Lieutenant Brown, inferring that this was done because the intelligence officers were carrying disc fragments in their plane.

[REDACTED] stated that these calls could only have come from themselves, [REDACTED] who, they stated, had a friend on the Chicago Times and was possibly selling the story to the Chicago Times through this friend. [REDACTED] denied making these calls. b7c

[REDACTED] upon interview, stated that reporter [REDACTED] of the Tacoma Times and [REDACTED] of the [REDACTED] in Tacoma had informed him that [REDACTED] had several anonymous calls and from the accuracy of the information b7c
transmitted [REDACTED] believes they were made by either [REDACTED]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease

FBI BUTTE

8-15-47

5-45 PM

b7c
VGW

DIRECTOR, FBI

URGENT

FLYING DISCS. ON INSTANT DATE [REDACTED] OF TWIN FALLS, IDAHO, INFORMED LOCAL NEWSPAPER THAT COMMUNITY THAT AT ONE PM ON WEDNESDAY LAST, AUGUST THIRTEEN, HE AND TWO SONS BILLIE, AGE TEN, KEITH, ~~APXX~~ AGE EIGHT, SAW AN OBJECT NINE MILES NORTHWEST OF TWIN FALLS, RESEMBLING FLYING DISC. [REDACTED] STATED THIS OBJECT WAS PROCEEDING ~~EXXX~~ DOWN SALMON RIVER AT TERRIFIC SPEED ESTIMATED BY HIM AT ONE THOUSAND MILES PER HOUR. [REDACTED] AND SONS DESCRIBED OBJECT TO NEWSPAPERS AS TWENTY FEET LONG, TEN FEET WIDE AND TEN FEET THICK, LIGHT SKY BLUE IN COLOR AND ALSO OBSERVED FLAMES EMANATING FROM SIDES OF OBJECT. AT TIME [REDACTED] AND SONS SAW OBJECT THEY ALL HEARD LOUD SWISH WHEN OBJECT DISAPPEARED FRIM SIGHT. CURRENT EFFORTS BEING MADE TC INTERVIEW [REDACTED] AND SONS PURSUANT TO BUREAU BULLETIN FORTY TWO, SUB DIVISION B, DATED JULY THIRTY NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. BUREAU WILL BE PROMPTLY, AND FULLY INFORMED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS. [REDACTED]

BANISTER

END

PLS ACK AND HOLD

62001

7-48 PM OK FBI WA BW

RECORDED
INDEXED

EX-46
102-8384-104
M. 10
24 1947
5-8-47

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 7-29-47

FROM : SAC, Boston

SUBJECT: METAL FRAGMENTS OBSERVED AT WEST RINDGE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, JULY 7, 1947
SECURITY MATTER (X)

Reference is made to Boston teletype to the Bureau dated July 18, 1947.

Dean [redacted] the original informant, has advised that a spectrographic examination has been completed of the metal particles referred to. They were determined to be of ordinary cast iron which had been subjected to a very high degree of heat. The heat caused scales to be formed on the cast iron which were originally thought to be of some metallic alloy. b7c

The scientist examining the particles concluded that if they had come through the air from any great altitude in as small pieces as they were found then most of the heat would have been taken from them by the time they reached the ground and fires would not have resulted. It is noted they landed approximately 700 feet from a railroad track and inquiries were conducted by MIT to determine whether or not the particles could have been originally a part of a liner in a smoke stack or some other part of the steam engine. These inquiries resulted in positive information that the particles did not come from a train or locomotive. Measurements of the four pieces examined revealed that they had most likely been originally all part of one hollow cylinder, eight inches in diameter and three sixteenths of an inch in thickness. It was felt that one piece falling from a great height would have still retained a good part of its heat and probably would have smashed when it hit the ground.

A scientist, whom [redacted] did not identify by name, recalled that cast iron cylinders of similar measurements had been used in New Mexico on research work on a guided missile project. However, this unidentified scientist did not so conclude to the exclusion of all other possibilities. b7c

It is interesting to note that the examination at MIT was actually conducted by [redacted] who furnished the Boston Office with an informal report similar in all major details to that supplied by [redacted] above. The men at MIT are gathering through friends all additional pieces of the original cylinder available. These will be turned over to the Boston Office. No further examination is being conducted by MIT and no effort is being made to reconstruct the original cylinder. b7c

Unless advised to the contrary by August 15, 1947 the Boston Office will destroy these specimens. In the interim they will be transmitted to the Bureau on specific Bureau instructions.

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EX-64

HANDLED BY [redacted]

103

2371
1-2-47

It is noted that the original Boston teletype reflected that this inquiry was being treated as "secret" matter at MIT. [REDACTED] has advised that the comparatively small number of research scientists at MIT during the summer are all cognizant of the incident and the results of the research. However, no publicity has been given and it is not anticipated that any will result. The Bureau's interest is not known to the scientists at MIT. There has been no speculation that a guided missile originating in a foreign land landed in New Hampshire. b7c

As indicated above, unless the Bureau requests specifically further investigative action, this case is being closed in the Boston Office.

BSG:md
100-20698

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI
Atten: Assistant Director D. M. LADD
FROM : SAC, San Francisco

DATE: September 4, 1937

SUBJECT: REPORTS OF FLYING DISCS

AIRMAIL

Enclosed for your information are copies of two letters from Lt. Col. [REDACTED] of A-2, Hamilton Field, California, dated August 27, 1947, with attachments reporting the sighting of "flying discs" on Guam, and result of A-2 investigation at Tacoma and Kelso, Washington. b7c

DWK:MR
62-2938

Info to [REDACTED] b7c
m.w. [signature]
RECEIVED

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270 NOV 18 1964

12-37 ENCLOSURE DEFINED FILE
P 344
1947

RECORDED

EX-37

62-83794-102 h
SEP 24 1947
[signature]

SECRET

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, A-2
Intelligence
Hamilton Field, California

1AFDA
335.5/1205-1

27 August 1947

62-2938*

SUBJECT: No Flying Disc.

TO: Special Agent in Charge, FBI, U. S. Department of Justice,
Federal Office Building, Room 422, San Francisco, California.

1. Following is extract from the Weekly Intelligence Summary,
Air Transport Command, Washington 25, D. C., dated 20 August 1947,
Copy No. 120, Article 1, pg 1:

FLYING OBJECTS IN GUAM Unidentified flying objects have
been observed by three American enlisted men of the 147th Air-
ways and Air Communications Service Squadron at Harmon Field,
Guam. The men report that at 1040 hours on 14 August 1947 the
two objects, which they describe as small, crescent shaped and
traveling at a speed twice that of a fighter plane, passed over
them on a zig-zag course in a westerly direction at an approxi-
mate altitude of twelve hundred feet. The objects disappeared
into clouds and a few seconds later a similar object possibly
one of those previously observed, emerged from the clouds and
proceeded west. No further details have been reported."

2. For your information:


DONALD L. SPRINGER
Lt. Colonel, CSC
Ad of 8, A-2

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, A-2
Intelligence
Hamilton Field, California

4AFDA
333.5/1208-1

27 August 1947

SUBJECT: Investigation of Flying disc.

TO: Special Agent in Charge, FBI, U. S. Department of Justice,
Federal Office Building, Room 422, San Francisco, California.

Attached summary forwarded for your information.

1 Incl:
Summary of Information.

DONALD L. SPRINGER
Lt. Colonel, GSC
AC of S, A-2

AUG 30 1947

SAN FRANCISCO
ROUTED TO

HEADQUARTERS, U.S. AIR FORCE
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, A-2
Intelligence
Hamilton Field, California

4AFDA
353.5/1208-1

27 August 1947

SUBJECT: Investigation of Flyer Case.

TO: Special Agent in Charge, FBI, "S. Department of Justice,
Seattle, Washington.

Attached summary forwarded for your information.

1 Incl:
Summary of Information.

DONALD I. SPRINGER
Lt. Colonel, GSC
AG O-2, A-2

27 1947

170

C O P Y
AIR RESCUE SERVICE
DETACHMENT 8 (62d AAF BG)
McChord Field, Tacoma, Washington

4 August 1947

SUBJECT: Final Mission Report

TO: Commanding Officer
Air Rescue Service
MacDill Field, Florida

1. MISSION NUMBER Thirty-Nine.

2. NATURE.

a. At 0400 PST, 1 August 47, ARMY FLIGHT SERVICE notified this detachment that a plane had been seen to crash and burn thirteen (13) miles south of KELSO, Washington (46°08'N, 122°55'W).

3. ACTION TAKEN

a. 1 Aug 47. At 04:30 PST, AFS received information from Mr. O. C. Clark, local sheriff of KELSO, Wash., that the scene of the crash was fifteen (15) to twenty (20) miles east of KELSO in the vicinity of COOLE CREEK. The KELSO Chief of Police saw an aircraft fly low over the town, then crash and burn to the east. The time was about 0230 PST. A check of aircraft known to be in the vicinity revealed that B-25 #1316 had departed MCCORD FIELD at 0212 PST for HAMILTON FIELD, California. The weather was reported as CFR. A full moon made visibility exceptionally good. The pilot's name was CAPT. W. C. DAVIDSON; the plane carried three (3) additional persons. The Base Operations Officer and Base PIO were notified. This detachment began organizing a ground party of base personnel to supplement that being formed by the KELSO Chief of Police. At 0600 PST information was received from KELSO by AFS that ground fog in the valleys at the scene of the crash was preventing a ground party from locating the plane. Since no communication had been received from B-25 #1316, it was assumed that it was the plane reported as crashed. ARS C-47 was pre-flighted to transport the Army ground party to KELSO but a check of the field conditions there deemed it advisable to use a smaller aircraft. Of the two C-45s available, one belonging to AFS was unserviceable after a night flight; the other, belonging to AACS, was readied even though a responsible officer of that organization was not present to authorize the flight. Fog at KELSO prevented take-off until 0700 PST. The ground party, led by CAPT. W. L. LITTELL and CAPT. T. R. FORSBERG, consisted of six men including a medical technician and a photographer. At 0800 PST, the KELSO Chief of Police notified AFS that a passenger of the crashed airplane was in his office and had confirmed

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

4 August 1947

The belief that the crash was that of the unreported C-25. The Passenger, Sgt. R. L. TAPP, of Ft. LANTON, SEATTLE, was uninjured, but reported that the crew chief, T/Sgt. W. D. MATHEWS, was at a farm house near the scene of the crash and was injured. Sgt. TAPP then led an ambulance to Sgt. MATHEWS who was subsequently taken to a local hospital. At 0610 PST an attempt was made to telephone Sq. B at HAMILTON FIELD but no answer was received; however, it was known that HAMILTON AFS was aware of the incident and would notify Sq. B. At 0700 PST Capt. LITTRELL departed in a C-45 for KIELSO. At 0745 PST Sq B was contacted by phone and given a flash report. At 0905 PST CAPT LITTRELL phoned and informed that he had placed CAPTAIN FORNSBERG in charge of Army personnel proceeding to the scene of the crash. No aerial search was necessary as civilians in the area knew the exact location of the crash and had reported finding one (1) body in the wreckage. CAPT. LITTRELL prepared to fly Sgt's TAPP and MATHEWS to MCCORD FIELD for medical attention, arriving at 0945 PST. The survivors stated that they believed neither the pilot nor co-pilot has parachuted from the plane. The cause of the incident was at this time determined to be a fire in the left engine. CAPT LITTRELL was informed by Sgt. TAPP that he believed classified documents had been aboard the plane; CAPT FORNSBERG was instructed to take necessary precautions. An ambulance met the plane at MCCORD FIELD carrying the two survivors and took them to the hospital. Interrogation revealed that the left engine had caught fire in the power section and flames and smoke had spread to the flight deck almost immediately. The crew chief, MATHEWS, assisted TAPP in attaching his chest pack and TAPP abandoned the plane at an estimated altitude of 10,000 ft (this fact is doubted but is not considered necessarily relevant). MATHEWS helped the pilot and co-pilot attach their chest packs (all personnel had been wearing the harness) and as he left the plane was aware that the co-pilot was preparing to follow. The pilot had started to leave and, to the best recollection of MATHEWS, was partially standing and holding the control wheel with his left hand. MATHEWS' statements indicate that proper emergency procedures had been performed but that the flames had enveloped the entire left side almost immediately. TAPP stated that, because of the full moon and good visibility, he saw MATHEWS leave the plane and was able to follow the plane to the ground and that he saw no one else bail out. The ship was enveloped in flames and was beginning to fall apart before hitting the ground where it exploded and burned about one (1) mile from where he, TAPP, landed. He lit in a tree, and not knowing how to release his parachute of the quick-detachable kind, cut himself loose from the harness with his pocket knife. He kicked and struggled and eventually jumped to the ground, receiving a jolt on impact but was unable to guess how far he had fallen. He then followed a cow path for an estimated two (2) miles to a farm house, arriving after MATHEWS. Meanwhile, as MATHEWS cleared the plane he turned and saw the plane strike the ground, explode and burn. Just before or just at the time of impact he saw an object afloat thrown clear of the plane but did not know whether it was a person or part of the plane. MATHEWS also lit in a tree, and after freeing himself from his harness, fell to the ground where he injured his back. He lost consciousness and on recovering went to the burning plane, about fifty

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

4 August 1947

(50) yards away. Flares were going off and he thought best to leave the scene. He heard a stream nearby and followed it until he came to a house and aroused the occupants. Soon TAPP arrived at the same house and, being uninjured, was driven into town. Then he led an ambulance to effect transportation of MATHEWS to a hospital. Meanwhile, civilians reached the scene of the crash where they found one body. At 0930 PST, a message from Sq B informed that top secret material was in the navigators kit and to request Commanding Officer MCCORD FIELD to expedite all available information to Commanding Officer HAMILTON FIELD. Meanwhile, CAPT FORSBERG and four (4) enlisted men departed KELSO at 0930 PST for scene of the crash. They were transported by the WASHINGTON STATE POLICE who knew the exact location of the plane (46009°N - 122043°W). The ground party determined upon arrival at the scene, that two (2) bodies were in the wreckage. Indications led to the belief that the co-pilot was afire when he left the plane an instant before impact. The pilot's remains were found in the wreckage. Preliminary investigation by CAPT FORSBERG disclosed the planes left wing about one hundred twenty-five (125) yards from the widely scattered portions of the plane. The left wing was intact and had apparently torn off just outboard of the left engine before impact. The forward portion of the wing stub was melted but the rear two thirds indicated that it had ripped loose from the inboard section of the wing. The wire leading edge was undamaged. The navigation and landing lights were unbroken. The aileron was undamaged but the flap section was crushed, leading to the belief that the wing struck the tail section. From these indications it is believed the wing ripped from the airplane just after MATHEWS abandoned the plane. The resulting spin thus prevented the remaining crew members from bailing out although the co-pilot may have been in the hatch. A few civilians were in the area when CAPT FORSBERG arrived and he took precautions to prevent them from disturbing the wreckage. At 1157 PST CAPT LITRELL flew CAPT RICH, M. C., to KELSO. An ambulance dispatched from MCCORD FIELD, met them at KELSO, and was led to the scene of the crash by the STATE POLICE. The bodies were recovered and transported in the ambulance to MCCORD FIELD. CAPT LITRELL returned to MCCORD FIELD where camping equipment was prepared to be dropped to the ground party. CAPT LITRELL made a successful drop at dusk by sighting on a signal fire. The ground party set up camp at the wreckage scene to act as guard and to investigate further the following day. They were relieved of responsibility of all recovered documents by a CIC agent who had arrived about 1800 PST.

b. 2 Aug 47. The ground party remained at the scene of the crash pending official securing of the incident. No aerial activity.

c. 3 Aug 47. MCCORD FIELD Operations Officer departed at 1000 PST to investigate the accident and to relieve CAPT FORSBERG, who returned at 1600 PST. Incident closed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COPY

Subject: Final Mission Report

4 August 1947

5. STATISTICAL SUMMARY

a. GROUND ACTIVITY

(1) Total man hours by ARS Personnel in field 72

(2) Total man hours by other Army Personnel
(estimate) 300

(3) Total man hours by civilian personnel (est) 150

(4) No. of miles driven by Army Vehicles 500

b. AERIAL ACTIVITY

(1) Total No. of sorties flown 3

(2) Total hours flown by Army aircraft 6

c. LOCAL PURCHASES

(1) None

d. COMMENTS

a. Cooperation received from all civilian agencies concerned was complete and excellent.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

a. None.

ROBERT H. WASONHISLER
Captain, Air Corps
Commanding Officer

1 Incl:
1-Photographs

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MAIL MATTERS FOURTH AIR FORCE
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, -2
Intelligence
Hamilton Field, California

Title Investigation of Flying Disc **Investigation made at** Tacoma and Kelso, Washington
File No. AAP-1808-1 **Controlling Office** Air Defense Command, Mitchell Field
Date 18 August 1947 **Period Covered** 31 July through 7 August 1947
Case Classification Incident
Status of Case Pending

Reason for Investigation: Investigation initiated at the request of Air Defense Command, reference ltr HQ ADC, dtd 7 Jul 47, file DCS:SID, subj: Investigation of Flying Disc.

SYNOPSIS:

On 31 July 47, [redacted] of the Idaho Daily Statesman, telephoned Lt. Brown requesting he return to Tacoma because [redacted] believed he had some very vital information on the flying disc.

Lt. Brown and Capt. Davidson interviewed a [redacted] along with [redacted] of the United Air Lines, and [redacted] at the Winthrop Hotel in Tacoma, Washington, on the night of 31 July 1947.

The summary of their interrogation and findings was related to Major Sander, Public Information Officer, McChord Field, by [redacted] Smith. Major Sander retold the results of the investigation to this officer from his notes.

[redacted] were not available for interview while this officer was in that area, although every effort was made to contact them.

Further investigation of this particular incident was left with Mr. Brady, Resident Agent, FBI, Tacoma, Washington.

It was apparent from newspaper clippings, telephone calls to this officer, and conversations with Major Sander, that a United Press correspondent, of the Tacoma Times, was instrumental in keeping this case alive. This officer and Major Sander, although quoted many times in the press, did not discuss this matter with the press during the period of this report.

The anonymous mystery caller in Tacoma would possibly be [redacted]

Distribution	Copies
AAP	8
ADC	2
S-2 6th Army	2
FBI, Seattle	2
FBI, San Francisco	2
CAF Files	2

Approved:

Donald L. Springer
DONALD L. SPRINGER, Lt. Colonel, GSC
AC of 2, 1-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
AUG 30 1947
SAN FRANCISCO
ROUTED TO

DETAILS:

1. During the afternoon of 31 July 47, [redacted] of the Idaho Daily Statesman, telephoned Lt Brown, CFC, Sub-Attachment Commander at Headquarters Fourth Air Force, and stated in substance: That he, Arnold, and Capt Smith had arrived in Tacoma to investigate the purported flying disc explosion on a surface craft on 21 June 47. This investigation was requested and financed by a Mr. [redacted] Illinois. b6

AGENCY NOTE: See Inclosure 1 and Inclosure 2. The signature to Inclosure 2, Mr. [redacted] is that of the [redacted] is a former Army Air Force officer and from all indications is a very patriotic American. On the receipt of Inclosure 2 at Headquarters Fourth Air Force, this officer requested the San Francisco FBI Office to check the Chicago FBI Office for [redacted] and the Venture Press. The return answer, by telephone, was to the effect that the Chicago indices of the FBI, the Chicago Police, and Credit Bureau had no record on [redacted] or the Venture Press. b6

2. Lt Brown and Capt Davidson arrived at McChord Field during the afternoon of 31 July 47. They changed from their uniforms to civilian clothing in the aircraft and, on being queried by Operations as to why they desired transportation to Tacoma, they replied they were to make a speech.

AGENCY NOTE: This was in compliance with par 4, ltr fr HQ ADC, File D333.013, 7 Jul 47, subj: Investigation of Flying Disc.

According to Major George Sander, Public Information Officer, McChord Field, The Tacoma Times received an anonymous telephone call that [redacted] were present in the Winthrop Hotel for the purpose of conducting an investigation on the flying disc. The Tacoma Times checked and found this to be true, much to [redacted] surprise. Lt Brown and Capt Davidson did interview [redacted] in a hotel room in the Winthrop Hotel, Tacoma, Wash., in the presence of [redacted]. If notes were taken of this conversation, they were destroyed in the aircraft accident. [redacted] stated to Major Sander that Lt Brown obtained from [redacted] samples of an unidentified substance that were identical to those appearing in Inclosures 3 to 7. The samples pictured in Inclosures 3 to 7 were taken by [redacted] from the same box that [redacted] offered Lt Brown and from which he obtained his samples. [redacted] on the crashed aircraft, upon being interrogated by this officer, stated that he placed a heavy cardboard carton in the rear compartment of the B-25 that crashed. He did not look in the box nor hear any comments from Lt Brown or Capt Davidson as to its contents. b6

3. The following surmises what was related by [redacted] to Major Sander as to the substance of the interrogation by Lt Brown and Capt Davidson: That on 21 Jan 47 [redacted] was proceeding south of Henry Island in [redacted] boat. Five flying discs came down out of the clouds and circled slowly around the bay, dropping to an estimated elevation of 500 feet. These discs appeared round and b6

CONFIDENTIAL

flattened similar to a deflated automobile inner tube. They were judged by [redacted] to be approximately 100 feet across with a 25 foot opening in the center. The outer edge of the object had round portholes and the inner ring had square windows or portholes. The discs were silent and from his viewpoint he could see no means of propulsion. One of these discs appeared to falter and waver in the air, another of these aforementioned five discs dropped down close to the disc that appeared to waver and bumped it, dumping "tons" of the stuff as pictured in inclosure 3 to 7 on his boat, knocking off the handrail, horn, and generally damaging the boat to the extent of \$200.00, and killing [redacted] dog. b6

ATKINS' NOTE: This officer, in the company of Major Gander, boarded the aforementioned boat where it was docked in the Tacoma harbor on 6 Aug 47. A hand rail was missing, but the area where the hand rail was previously fastened had been painted over with several coats of paint and was cracked by the weather. The deck and roof of the cabin was of a very thin construction and the cabin further had glass on the front and sides. It is this officer's opinion that if any of the objects presented by [redacted] as samples of the material dropped by the flying disc had hit this boat, it would have certainly been necessary to replace the foredeck and the cabin roof. These two areas were very heavily coated with several coats of paint and had deep weather cracks that would take several seasons to acquire. b6

[redacted] who owns the boat and operates a [redacted] evidently visited the area at Moury Island to check [redacted] story. He is supposed to have stated that he found the material that he presented to Lt Brown and Capt Davidson in a sand pit near where the incident was supposed to have occurred. While he, [redacted], was at the scene of the incident, a flying disc came out of the clouds and behaved in a similar manner as the ones previously described. b6

ATKINS' NOTE: The witnessing on two occasions, in broad daylight, of an object so large and clearly visible within several miles of the city of Tacoma certainly should have been seen and reported on by other than [redacted] a check was made of the newspapers on and after 21 June and no mention could be found of a mysterious object appearing over the Tacoma harbor. b6

[redacted] is supposed to have sent samples of the objects that he picked up in the Moury Island sand pit to a friend of his at the University of Chicago for an analysis report. He is reported to have not received the analysis report. b6

ATKINS' NOTE: It is possible that the [redacted] reference inclosure 1 and 2, might have come across this incident through the University of Chicago. b6

The interrogation of [redacted] by Lt Brown was completed about midnight on 31 July/1 August. Lt Brown and Capt Davidson returned to McChord Field and prepared for a night flight to Hamilton Field. The weather was clear with a bright moon shining. They departed approximately 0200 hours and crashed at approximately 0500 hours on 1 August 1947. (See inclosure 3). b6

4. On 6 August 47, this officer, in the company of Major Gander, McChord Field, and Lt. Brady, resident agent, Tacoma Federal Bureau of Investigation, attempted to

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

contact either [REDACTED] without success. [REDACTED] departed the Tacoma area on August 47, therefore, this officer did not have the opportunity of conversing with them directly.

ATTENTION NOTE: A record check was made by telephone by Mr. Brady with the Seattle Field Office, FBI, for records on [REDACTED]. The check on Mr. Crisman was negative. The Seattle FBI indices indicated that a Harold Dahl had been charged with two incidents of illegal wearing of the uniform and one with theft of national property. It could not be determined at the time whether Harold A. Dahl, the subject in question, and Harold Dahl of the FBI indices, was one and the same.

5. [REDACTED] had indicated to [REDACTED] et al, that he was a former fighter pilot and held commission as Captain in the Air Reserve.

ATTENTION NOTE: On 8 August 47, this officer checked the records of the 405th AAF BG(HT) and determined that [REDACTED] was registered with that Reserve Unit as Captain, [REDACTED] with residence at [REDACTED] Tacoma, Washington, Primary MOS 1941 and 1943. In 1942 he was with the Criminal Investigation Division, State of Washington, and previously had been an oil technician with the Union Pacific Railway. [REDACTED] entered the service in 1942 as an enlisted man and served as such for seventeen months. In 1943 he was commissioned on graduation from flying school and served a total of twenty-nine months. Check of the Tacoma city directory was made on [REDACTED] which indicated his home was at [REDACTED], telephone: [REDACTED]. Business address was listed as [REDACTED] telephone: [REDACTED].

RECOMMENDATION:

1. That no further investigation be undertaken on this specific incident by Army Air Force personnel.

2. That in view of the reported statements by Mr. Crisman, that consideration be given to revoke his Air Reserve commission and flying status as an undesirable and unreliable officer.

8 Incls:

1. Photostat, ltr fr [REDACTED]
2. Photostat, telegram fr [REDACTED]
3. to 7. Photographs, Unidentified Substance.
8. Final Mission Report, Air Rescue Service.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VENTURE PRESS

EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

July 22, 1947

Hoise, Idaho

Dear Mr.

Quite obviously you have been ribbed so much you'd like to forget the flying saucers--but I'd sure like to have your personal story, your photo, pic of your plane, etc., as I asked before. And you won't be made to look silly, because there's more to this than the newspapers and the "experts" have made of it.

Besides the article, I have another proposition. You seem to get around quite a bit, and if you can make a trip to Tacoma, Washington, at all feasible, I'd be willing to pay expenses plus a nice amount to make it worth your while.

I'd want you to see

Hill Station, Tacoma, and

Fern

, owner of the

and two other seamen, on a

patrol near Murry Island, off Tacoma, saw six discs, one in trouble, witnessed an explosion, saw falling stuff which smashed their wheelhouse and searchlight and landed on the beach. They sent me samples which Chicago U has failed to analyze. I want a picture of the beach and the stuff that landed there (about twenty tons, they said). And I want somebody who'll get the truth, to find out if these boys are on the up and up. You could do that, I hope you will. If agreeable, please write and perhaps we can talk business. I think you'd like to prove this thing too!

Anyway, I still want that article!

Sincerely yours,

UNION

BOISE IDA 11 29 1947 255P

LT FRANK M BROWN, A-2 (RPT A-2)

OFFICE 4TH AIRFORCE HAMILTON FIELD CALIF.

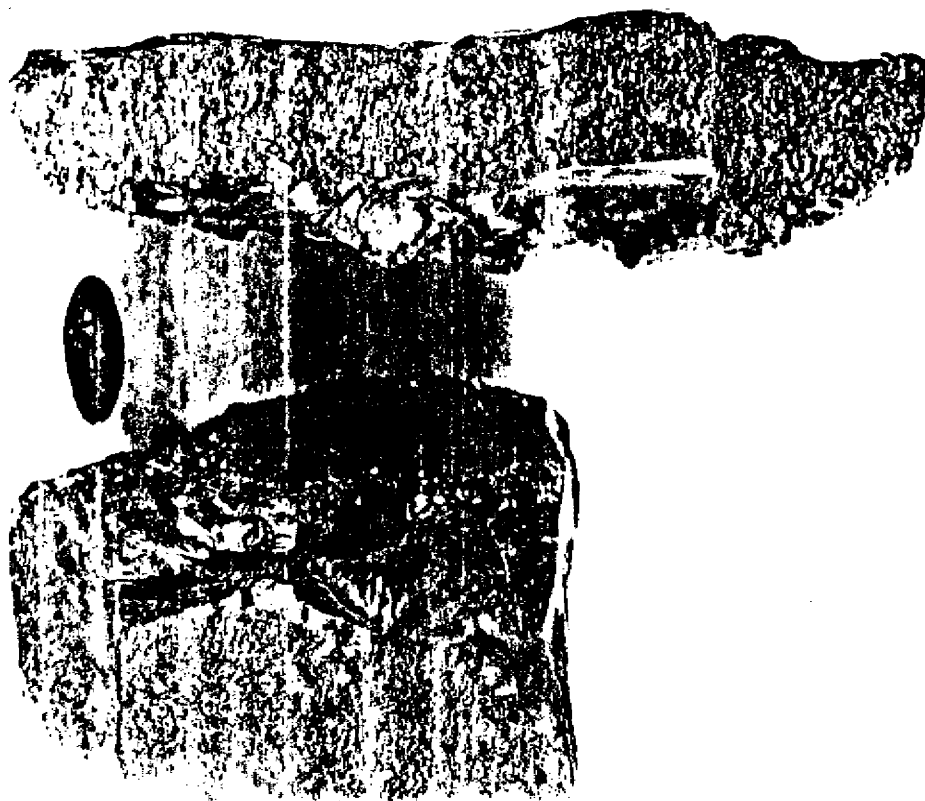
VENTURE PRESS

EVANSTON ILL.

SENT ARNOLD \$200 TO GO TO TACOMA TO INVESTIGATE FLYING
DISC REPORT THERE. SUGGEST THIS OUT OF LINE FOR PRESENT PUBLIC
INTEREST IN STORY AND BELIEVE AS I SUGGESTED ON YOUR VISIT HERE
VENTURE PRESS SHOULD BE CHECKED

305 1718 \$200

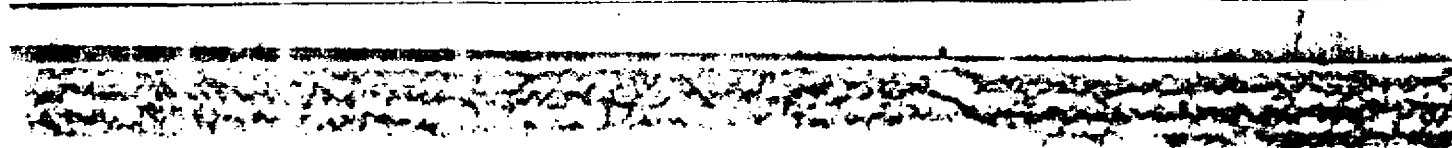
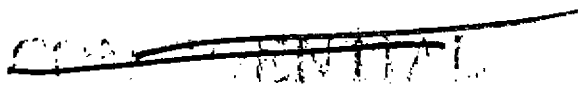
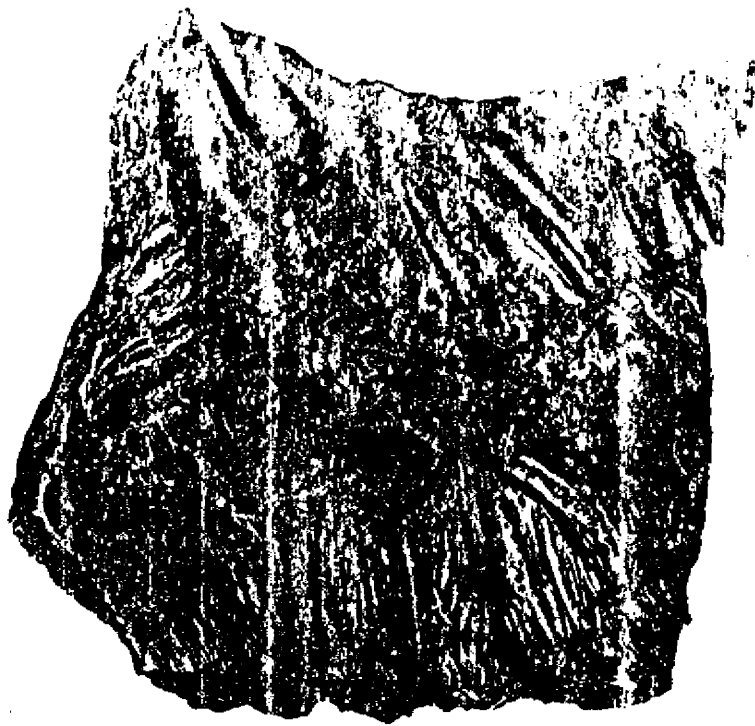
308P

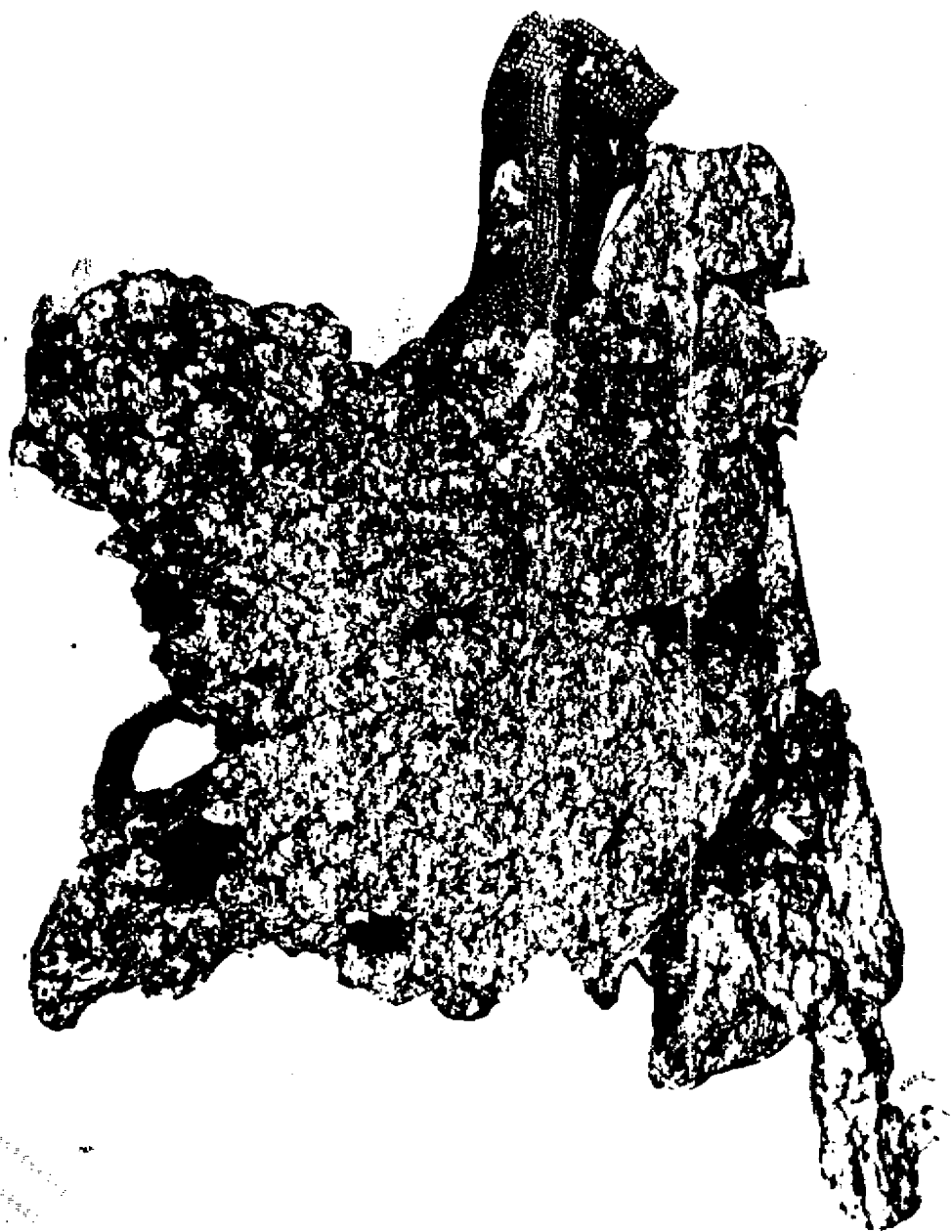




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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, San Francisco

DATE: September 4, 1947

AIRMAIL
SPECIAL DELIVERY

SUBJECT: REPORTS OF FLYING DISCS

Enclosed is a copy of a letter dated August 25, 1947, with attachment from Lt. Col. [REDACTED] of A-2, Hamilton Field, California. Even though Col. [REDACTED] feels that Mr. [REDACTED] may have read some of his claims in a newspaper, Col. [REDACTED] believes that Mr. [REDACTED] should be interviewed in this matter. b7c

In accordance with Bureau Bulletin No. 42, dated July 30, 1947, Portland is requested to exhaustively interview Mr. [REDACTED] Portland, Oregon, regarding his alleged sighting of a "flying disc" on June 24, 1947. Copies of the result of this interview should be furnished the San Francisco Field Office for distribution to the 6th Army Intelligence. b7c

DWK:MR
Encls. 2
62-2938

cc Portland (Encls. 4) - AMSD

Info to major [REDACTED] m.d. b7c

RECORDED
INDEXED

135

31 SEP 23 1947

EX-11

5-18

b7c

R-344
20

PORTLAND, OREGON, August 20th 1947

Lt. Col. Donald L. Springer, Assistant Staff

Sir. Saw in the portland paper a short time ago in regards to an article in regards to the so called flying disc having any basis of fact. I can say am a [REDACTED] and was in the Mt Adams district on June 24th the day [REDACTED] of Boise Idaho claims he saw a formation of flying disc. And I saw the same flying objects at about the same time. Having a telescope with me at the time I can assure you they are real and nothing like them I ever saw before they did not pass very high over where I was standing at the the time, plobly 1000 ft. they were Round about 30 foot in dimater tapering sharply to a point in the head end in an oval shape. with a bright top surface. I did not hear any noise as you would from a plane. But there was an object in the tail end looked like a big hand of a clock shifting from side to side like a big magenet. There speed as far as i know seemed to be greater than anything I ever saw. Last veiw I got of the objects they were standing on edge Banking in a Cloud. b6

Yours respectfully

/s/ [REDACTED] b6

A TRUE COPY:

DONALD L. SPRINGER
Lt. Colonel, GSC,
AC of 3, A-2

[REDACTED] 101

U.S. AIR FORCE
Office of the Chief of Staff, A-2
Hamilton Field, California

43FDA

25 August 1947

SUBJECT: Flying Wing

TO: Special Agent in Charge, FBI, U. S. Department of Justice,
Federal Office Building, Room 422, San Francisco, Calif.

1. The attached true copy of a letter from [REDACTED] b6
was received by this office 25 August 1947.

b6 2. Your attention is invited to the similarity between [REDACTED] b6
early report and this gentleman's report. A possibility exists that [REDACTED]
might have read some of this in the newspapers when [REDACTED]
was publicized re this matter.

3. This headquarters does not intend to investigate this incident.
It is requested that a result of any interview you may make be furnished
this headquarters.

1 Incl: (dup)
Ltr fr W. H. J. Mason
(True Cy)

DONALD L. SPRINGER
Lt. Colonel, GSC
AC of S, A-2

AUG 27 1947

SAN
FED

UFO

SECTION 4

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

FROM : D. M. LADD

SUBJECT: *dr*

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

You will recall that Mr. [REDACTED] advised the Bureau of a letter which Walter Winchell had received from an individual in Los Angeles indicating that he had seen a flying saucer leave the ground within his view and in which letter he theorized that this might have been a landing from another planet. *b7c*

The Los Angeles Office was requested to locate and interview the writer of this letter, [REDACTED] Street, Los Angeles 7, California. *b7c*

The Los Angeles Office has now advised that the [REDACTED] have no knowledge of any [REDACTED] and that other investigation to locate [REDACTED] was unproductive. It would appear, therefore, that this may have been a prank. *b7c*

You may desire to advise Mr. [REDACTED] that there is no such person at the address given inasmuch as he indicated that Mr. Winchell intended to do a column on this letter. *b7c*

DML:FA

This was done by [REDACTED] was sent letter to [REDACTED]

RECORDED - 5

INDEXED - 5

1-12-1-185

2-10-1-185

F
Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

June 8, 1949

Director, FBI

RE: FLYING DISCS

Dear Sir:

Refer Phoenix letter to Bureau, dated September 9, 1947, captioned, REPORTS OF FLYING DISCS, for the attention of Assistant Director D. M. LADD, setting forth the result of an interview conducted by [redacted], then a representative of the Air Force Intelligence, from Hamilton Field, California, and Special Agent [redacted] with one [redacted] Phoenix, Arizona, concerning his observation and photographing of an object which was considered by the Air Force of significance from a security standpoint. b7c

On June 7, 1949, Mr. [redacted] OSI representative, Phoenix, Arizona, called at this office, advising that he had been requested by his superiors in San Francisco to obtain detailed information concerning this interview since [redacted] apparently has requested the Air Force to return the photographs. b7c

[redacted] when questioned by his superiors concerning the matter, stated his recollection was "hazy" on the matter. OSI is anxious to secure the substance of information in the Phoenix file concerning this matter. Mr. [redacted] was furnished the substance of the interview, as set forth in letter of reference and he has now requested that he be furnished with a blind memorandum setting forth this information in detail in order that he may make it available to the OSI at San Francisco. b7c

A memorandum setting forth this information has been prepared by this office and is attached hereto. The Bureau is requested to advise if such memorandum should be made available to OSI.

Very truly yours,
23 JUL 20 1949

W. A. MURPHY
SAC

Attachment to Phoenix
100-100000-6/30/49
IAM-kb
2-213

AIR MAIL

50 JUL 29 1949

SAC, Phoenix

June 30, 1949

RECORDED - 130

Director, FBI

INFORMATION CONCERNING

FLYING DISCS

Reurlet June 8, 1949, captioned "Flying Discs."

It is believed that the reference appearing in the first line of your referenced letter to the Bureau is incorrect. Complete details concerning the matter referred to in your referenced communication appear in a letter from your office dated September 4, 1947, and not September 9, 1947.

Pursuant to your request, you are granted authority to furnish the attached blind memorandum, which was forwarded to the Bureau with your referenced letter for approval, to Mr. [REDACTED], OSI representative, Phoenix, Arizona. b7c

Attachment

EHM:EFF

2

JUN 30 4 06 PM '49
RECEIVED REC. ROOM
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
B. L.

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 15
★ JUL 1 1949 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Handwritten signature/initials

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : [REDACTED]

DATE: June 30, 1949

FROM : [REDACTED] b7c

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

INFORMATION CONCERNING

FLYING DISCS

Tolson _____
 Ladd _____
 Clegg _____
 Glavin _____
 Nichols _____
 Rosen _____
 Tracy _____
 Harbo _____
 Mohr _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Nease _____
 Gandy _____

Purpose

Your approval is requested in order that the attached letter and memorandum can be forwarded to the Phoenix Office, authorizing that office to furnish the attached memorandum to Mr. [REDACTED] OSI representative, Phoenix, Arizona. b7c

Background

In July 1947, [REDACTED] was jointly interviewed by Special Agent [REDACTED] (Bureau Agent) and [REDACTED], A-2 representative from Hamilton Field, California. The purpose of the interview was to secure from Mr. [REDACTED] information and photographs of a flying disc, which had been sighted and photographed by Rhodes. b7c

The complete results of the interview and subsequent events are contained in the attached memorandum submitted by the Phoenix Office.

Mr. [REDACTED] OSI representative at Phoenix, Arizona, has requested the Phoenix Office to furnish him complete facts relating to this interview, which are to be subsequently forwarded to the OSI Office at San Francisco. According to [REDACTED] Mr. [REDACTED] referred to above, has been questioned concerning this matter by his superiors and he has advised them that his recollection is "hazy" on the matter. According to [REDACTED] has apparently now requested the Air Force to return the photographs, which were previously obtained from him. b7c

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Phoenix Office be advised that the memorandum attached may be forwarded by them to Mr. [REDACTED] OSI representative, Phoenix, Arizona. b7c

Attachments

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INDEXED - 134
EX-68

23 JUL 20 1949

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, NEW ORLEANS

SUBJECT: FLYING DISCS AND SAUCERS
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: July 21, 1949

For the Bureau's information, several citizens in the community of Alexandria, Louisiana, have recently reportedly seen flying discs. The Alexandria, Louisiana daily paper has carried numerous articles concerning this.

At a recent meeting of the Young Mens Business Club in Alexandria, a member suggested that since Alexandria, Louisiana is known as a convention city, the club should try promoting a convention of flying saucer seers. This particular comment appeared in the Alexandria paper and was picked up by the AP lines.

Mr. [REDACTED] a member of the Young Mens Business Club, advised Special Agent [REDACTED] that since the AP release, they have received a large number of requests regarding the convention of flying saucer seers from many parts of the United States. Mr. [REDACTED] states that the interest of the people is evidenced by their inquiries about convention particulars, stating they are flying saucer seers and want to attend such a convention. b7c

This gentleman further advised that in view of the volume of inquiries coming in, it appears that the YMBC will have to hire an employee to handle all the correspondence. It might be noted that he advised a representative of the Air Force from Barksdale Field, Louisiana, has inquired as to plans of a flying saucer convention, stating that they are interested in furnishing an observer if such a convention were held.

This information is being furnished the Bureau, as it is possible such an enterprise may cause people to falsify that they have seen flying discs or flying saucers. Such falsifications might be made so that they might attend such a convention or become official delegates thereto.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH 7-14-49 4-55 PM CST

DIRECTOR URGENT

FLYING DISCS, INFORMATION CONCERNING. WHILE ON VACATION RECENTLY
AT LAKE OF THE WOODS, NEAR KENORA, ONTARIO, CANADA, SA [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] OBSERVED UNCONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT RESEMBLING FLYING DISC. b7c
HE HAS FURNISHED FULL INFORMATION CONCERNING SAME TO U.S. AIR
FORCE INTELLIGENCE, FORT CROCK, NEBRASKA, AND SAME WILL NOT BE
REPORTED TO THE BUREAU UNLESS ADVISED TO THE CONTRARY.

END

ACK

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b7c

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

FILE NO. **62-2542 VFH**

REPORT MADE AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.	DATE WHEN MADE 6-15-49	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5-20-49	REPORT MADE BY [REDACTED] b7c
TITLE UNKNOWN SUBJECT, FIRE, SCRANTON, PENNSYLVANIA, UNKNOWN DATE [REDACTED] COMPLAINANT b7c			CHARACTER OF CASE MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

[REDACTED] submitted ash residue to Fire Marshal's Office, Philadelphia, Pa., which made chemical analysis. [REDACTED] of [REDACTED] opinion that fire may have been caused by military flare or "flying saucer".

- C -

DETAILS:

This investigation is predicated upon a letter received from the office of the [REDACTED] Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated May 19, 1949, advising that ashes had been received from one [REDACTED], purportedly from a fire which had continued to burn for twelve hours. A chemical analysis of the ashes had been requested. The Office noted that [REDACTED] had at one time worked for the Atomic Energy Commission.

[REDACTED] advised that there had been received through the mail on April 21, 1949, an ash sample with a request for analysis. In the letter of transmittal, [REDACTED] had pointed out that the fire had continued to burn twelve hours after water had first been applied. The original letter of transmittal was examined and reflected that an object had entered the roof of the building, caused an explosion, and threw people out of bed.

[REDACTED] said he attempted to locate [REDACTED] at his residence [REDACTED], but had been unsuccessful. He added that at the time [REDACTED] had commented that [REDACTED] had been employed by the Atomic Energy Commission. [REDACTED] was then requested by letter to appear at the [REDACTED].

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: L. V. Boardman	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 2 - Bureau 2 - Philadelphia COPY IN FILE		[REDACTED] b7c
		[REDACTED] b7c
		RECORDED - 129 INDEXED - 129 FLC

33 JUL 20 1949

[redacted] advised that he had interviewed [redacted] at the time he came to the office since [redacted] was absent at the time. He said that he then learned for the first time that the fire in question had taken place near Scranton, Pennsylvania, and had occurred about six months previously. This caused the [redacted] to withdraw from the case on a question of jurisdiction and [redacted] was advised that any further action on his part should be referred to the State Police authorities. b7c

At the same time, [redacted] furnished [redacted] with the results of the analysis which had been made of the ash submitted, and which analysis had been made by [redacted], Chemical Laboratory, Room 875, City Hall. This report reflected that the ash contained Magnesium, Aluminum, Iron, and Calcium in the form of silicates, sulphur and carbonates. b7c

[redacted] was interviewed at his place of business, the [redacted] Broad Street and Girard Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. At this time he advised that he had received the sample of ash from a friend, [redacted] Wayne County, Pennsylvania, through the mail. He said that Lake Ariel is about one mile south of South Canaan, near Scranton, Pennsylvania. He stated that [redacted] house had burned about six months ago, that the fire had occurred at night during a storm and that a large object had struck the roof and ignited the house which had burned to the ground in less than an hour. b7c

He said that he had not been present during the fire but that these details had been furnished by letter from [redacted] at the time a sample of the ash was forwarded for analysis. He said that he was of the personal opinion that the ash might be a part of a military flare or a "flying saucer". b7c

He pointed out that he has been advised by associates in the engineering field that one of the characteristics of some types of flares is the fact that they burn for a considerable period. He stated that the mass of the ash residue had remained ignited for a period of twelve hours. He also stated that he did not think there had been an explosion but that a loud noise had probably been caused by the vacuum created as the missile or object struck the roof. He added that there remains a quantity of the ash, amounting to one bushel, at [redacted] premises at Lake Ariel. b7c

PH 62-2542

[REDACTED] advised that he had been employed by the Atomic Energy Commission at Oak Ridge until 1943. He was entirely rational. He discounted the theory that a portion of a meteor had struck the house on the basis of the chemical analysis made by the City Chemical Laboratory. b7c

[REDACTED] advised that at the suggestion of the City authorities, he had written to [REDACTED] and suggested that any further inquiries be directed to the State Police. b7c

The file of the Philadelphia Office reflect that the records of Immigration and Naturalization Service were negative to an inquiry concerning [REDACTED], OIA [REDACTED]. The files of this office likewise reflect that [REDACTED] by letter received August 14, 1947, requested of this office the identity of a powder or dust used to catch thieves. b7c

Inasmuch as there is no violation indicated within the Bureau's jurisdiction, there is no further investigation being conducted in this matter. However, the ash residue obtained from the [REDACTED] is being forwarded to the Bureau Laboratory for any interest or study the Laboratory may desire to conduct relative to flares or in connection with the possibility of the presence of "flying saucers". b7c

- CLOSED -