

SECOND LOOK

MAY 1979

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Contents

How the CIA Views the UFO Phenomenon	
by Victor Marchetti.....	pg. 2
The Day Naval Intelligence Established 'Contact'	
by Jay Gourley.....	pg. 6
Messengers of Deception, or Who's Manipulating Whom?	
by J. Allen Hynek.....	pg. 9
Taking Us To Their Leader	
by Robert K.G. Temple.....	pg. 13
Using Hypnosis to Decipher the Contactee 'Message'	
by Leo Sprinkle.....	pg. 18
The UFO 'Conspiracy' In Fiction	
by Jarret Wollstein.....	pg. 22
Was Travis Walton Abducted?	
by Robert Sheaffer.....	pg. 24
Arthur Shuttlewood A UFO Investigator Turned Contactee	
by John Michell.....	pg. 27
A Second Look at the Ocala Sighting	
by Allan Hendry.....	pg. 29

Publisher

WILLIAM BONNER

Senior Editors

RANDY FITZGERALD
ROBERT K.G. TEMPLE

Managing Editor

LISA NEHER

Design Consultants

JOHN MOSS
ELIZABETH PHILIP

Production

CHARLES SHORT
PATTY SMITH

Staff

JEAN MARIE SMITH
MARC TAYLOR

Second Look is published monthly by Second Look, Washington, D.C. Second class postage paid Washington, D.C. 20003. Address all correspondence to 10 E St., S.E. Washington, D.C. 20003. Publisher cannot be responsible for undelivered manuscripts. Copyright 1979 by *Second Look*, 10 E St., S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003.

Cover illustration by
John Moss

... Opening doors for research

To the editor:

I have recently read *The Sirius Mystery* by Mr. Robert K. G. Temple. The book is both informative and stimulating to read. It also opens up many challenging areas of research which could produce material relative not only to Sirius but also to all of earth evolution.

Pursuing the type of etymological research as in *The Key* by John Philip Cohane and also the work of Dr. N. Lahovary as in his book, *Dravidian Origins and The West*, (Dr. Lahovary includes much on North African Languages), could possibly lead to a breakthrough in an unexpected direction.

In *The Sirius Mystery*, much is said about the Ark and Thebes. Mr. Fabre d'Olivet in his book, *The Hebraic Tongue Restored*, has this to say about the word, Ark, which in Hebrew is Thebah: "It is the name given by the Egyptians to their sacred city, Thebes, considered as the shelter, the refuge, the abode of the gods; that famous city whose name transported into Greece to a straggling village of Beotia has sufficed to immortalize it. On the other hand, it is a circuit, an orbit, a globe, a land, a coffer, an ark, a world, the solar system, the universe."

The October 1978 issue of *Omni* has a brief paragraph on the Egyptian cross, Ankh, from the book, "The Once Future Star," by George Michanowsky. The author indicates that Ankh may be derived from the Sumerian Anha, fish of heaven, which may have been a supernova in 4000 B.C. He also relates Ea to the Southern Sea and Sky God. Is the Argo composed of 50 stars?

I wonder if the Ankh is the ancient T, tau cross, (called ta—stars, ha—water by the Marquesans), with the addition of the Ark or Thebah?

Also in *The Sirius Mystery*, much is said of what Proclus knew.

1. The Ptolemaic theory of the heavens is totally wrong and
13. He was initiated into the Egyptian and Babylonian mysteries.

If Proclus was initiated as reported, he would have known that the earth is the focal point of the spiritual universe but not of the material universe except possibly around 3500 B.C. when it was both.

There is so much to be studied and researched, and *The Sirius Mystery* has helped to open the door. Let us hope that other scholars will follow this up and make the information available to those interested.

Paul Wigley
Annapolis, Maryland

... neglected SETI references

To the editor:

It in no way detracts from George Sassoon's excellent article in the January issue of *SECOND LOOK* to note earlier publications dealing with the importance of colonization and migration and other neglected aspects of the SETI problem. Michael A.G. Michaud in the March *SECOND LOOK* added three. I would like to add four more.

E.J. Betinis in the June, 1978 issue of the *Journal of the British Interplanetary Society* develops an ETI probe diffusion equation and concludes that there have been probes in our solar system. David W. Schwartzman in *ICARUS* (vol. 32, 1977) reviews the assumptions underlying the SETI effort and among other things concludes that ufological studies may be more appropriate than radio telescope ones for the finding of extraterrestrial life.

My 25,000 word paper "Ufology and the Search for ET Intelligent Life" presented at the June, 1973 Mutual UFO Network Symposium, examines the whole radio telescope approach to SETI, contrasts it with the data rather than conjecture available from ufology, and notes the many strange assumptions, omissions and suggestions that have characterized exobiology for many years. Terence Dickinson in the December, 1974 issue of *ASTRONOMY* provides a new look at the distribution of sun-like stars in our local neighborhood. It would seem that the search for extraterrestrial

(Cont. on pg. 8)

How the CIA Views the UFO Phenomenon

by Victor Marchetti

There are many myths, few facts, and much speculation about what the CIA knows of the UFO phenomenon. These, combined with the public's distrust of the clandestine agency, have led to a strong popular belief that the CIA is at the center of a government-wide conspiracy to cover up the truth about UFOs. It usually follows that the cover-up is designed to keep us ignorant, or at least confused and doubtful, about contacts or visitations by intelligent beings from outer space. Thus, if we only knew what the CIA knows, and is covering up, we would be better able to understand and deal with the aliens. And that would be a good thing.

I do not know from my own firsthand experience if there are UFOs. I have never seen one. Nor have I even seen conclusive, empirical, or physical evidence that they really exist. But I do know that the CIA and the U.S. Government have been concerned over the UFO phenomenon for many years and that their attempts, both past and recent, to discount the significance of the phenomenon and to explain away the apparent lack of official interest in it have all the earmarkings of a classic intelligence cover-up.

My theory is that we have, indeed, been contacted—perhaps even visited—by extraterrestrial beings, and that the U.S. Government, in collusion with the other national powers of the Earth, is determined to keep this information from the general public. The purpose of the international conspiracy is to maintain a workable stability among the nations of the world and for

them, in turn, to retain institutional control over their respective populations. Thus, for these governments to admit there are beings from outer space attempting to contact us, beings with mentalities and technological capabilities obviously far superior to ours, could, once fully perceived by the average person, erode the foundations of the Earth's traditional power structure. Political and legal systems, religions, economic and social institutions could all soon become meaningless in the mind of the public. The national oligarchical establishments, even civilization as we now know it, could collapse into anarchy. Such extreme conclusions are not necessarily valid, but they probably accurately reflect the fears of the "ruling classes" of the major nations, whose leaders (particularly those in the intelligence business) have always advocated excessive governmental secrecy as being necessary to preserve "national security." The real reason for such secrecy is, of course, to keep the public uninformed, misinformed, and, therefore, malleable.

During my years in the CIA, UFOs were not a subject of common discussion. But neither were they treated in a disdainful or derisive manner, especially not by the agency's scientists. Instead, the topic was rarely discussed at internal meetings. It seemed to fall into the category of "very sensitive activities," e.g., drug and mind-control operations, domestic spying, and other illegal actions. People simply did not talk about the UFO phenomenon.

There were, however, rumors at high levels of the CIA . . . rumors of unexplained sightings by qualified observers, of strange signals being received by the National Security Agency (the US Government's electronic intercept and communications intelligence collector), and even of little gray men whose ships had crashed, or had been shot down, being kept "on ice" by the Air Force at FTD (Foreign Technology Division) at Wright-Patterson AF Base in Dayton, Ohio. And there was the odd case of the lady from Maine who, while in a hypnotic trance, had allegedly communicated with a starship.

Most of these rumors, I found to be unimpressive . . . except for the strange signals from outer space being received by the NSA. Perhaps that was because I had once been an NSA officer. Or perhaps it was because I had had frequent contact with that agency while serving with the CIA, and the little I learned of the signals was treated with extreme caution even by normal SIGINT standards.

But let us assume that there have been contacts by intelligent beings from beyond the Earth. How would the CIA and US Government respond to such a phenomenon?

The first order of business would be to determine whether UFOs were secret weapons of the Soviet Union or some other foreign nation. The task of coordinating this program would be given to the CIA because it is the President's personal intelligence organization and the nation's only non-

departm
telligenc
charged
forming
which r
the nat
military
other ag
also par
analytic

If it w
not of
vehicles
would
capabili
aliens c
point, t
aware th
worldwid
tion in
Earth's
tions, s
France,
The CI
Governm
would b
UK's, a
dition
deceit.
cooperat
of mutu
intellig
allies.
and KC
work to

One
public
Remen
former
public
to this
and K
identif
order
ing of
Even t
ducte
ing—u
Gary F
the CI
examp
labora
from t
"Unfo
these s

B
achiev
suspici

departmental, or independent, intelligence component. As such, it is charged, among other things, with performing "services of common concern" which relate to "intelligence affecting the national security." However, the military intelligence services, NSA, and other agencies and departments would also participate in the collection and analytical efforts under the program.

If it were concluded that UFOs were not of terrestrial origin but, rather, vehicles from outer space, the next step would be to assess their weaponry capabilities and the intentions of the aliens controlling the ships. At this point, the CIA and US Government, aware that the phenomenon was of a worldwide nature, would seek cooperation in the investigation from the Earth's other technically advanced nations, such as the United Kingdom, France, Germany, and even the USSR. The CIA would function as the US Government's agent, just as the KGB would be the USSR's, MI-6 would be the UK's, and so on. These agencies, in addition to specializing in secrecy and deceit, are quite accustomed to cooperating with each other on matters of mutual interest. Cooperation in the intelligence business is not restricted to allies. There are times when the CIA and KGB have found it advantageous to work together.

One example is the production and publication of *Khrushchev Remembers*, the "memoirs" of the former Soviet leader—a ruse on the public which is actively being continued to this day. Furthermore, both the CIA and KGB sometimes "declare," i.e., identify, their officers to each other in order to facilitate the smooth functioning of clandestine intelligence activities. Even the famous U-2 program was conducted with mutual understanding—until the Soviets shot down Francis Gary Powers. According to the Chief of the CIA's Clandestine Services it was an example of two hostile governments collaborating to keep operations secret from the general public of both nations. "Unfortunately, there aren't enough of these situations," he said.

But before full cooperation on the UFO phenomenon was achieved, there might be a period of suspicion and perhaps competition,

each government hoping to gain some advantage over the others through the use of the aliens and their superior scientific knowledge. It would soon, however, become apparent to all the nations involved that this was not feasible and that the UFO phenomenon was a common problem. Thus, cooperation, secret cooperation, would become a fact.

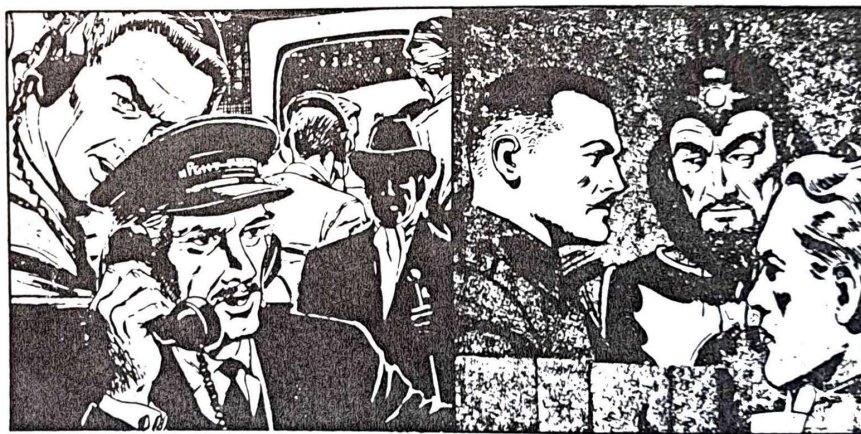
Later, after further study, if it were judged that UFOs were harmless, perhaps even unarmed, vehicles from outer space controlled by aliens seeking merely to observe the Earth and its peculiar inhabitants . . . like so many galactic Jane Goodall's studying chimps in their native jungle environment . . . and, therefore, presented no direct, hostile threat to the Earth's power structure, then another collective decision would have to be made. Should the public be told the full and true story of the phenomenon?

It is unlikely, for the reasons mentioned earlier, that any government

turn off the speculation brewing among the military, bureaucrats, and other secondary levels (including the US Congress) of the governmental apparatus. The information would eventually filter down to the news media and public.

But because of the intensity of public curiosity, a formal investigation (Project Blue Book) would be launched, after a couple of false starts. And when public interest continued to build, another scientific panel (the Condon Group) was assembled to assure us that there were no such things as UFOs. With that accomplished the US Government—the Earth's spokesman on the issue—could call off all further official investigations, slamming the lid of secrecy on the problem.

But despite governmental proclamations, the sightings—often by astronauts, professional pilots, and even prospective presidents—have continued. Public pressure is again building for an honest, authoritative explanation of



aware of the UFO facts would deem it necessary or wise to inform its people of the truth. Governments prefer an ignorant and gullible public because an unknowing public is much more easily manipulated. In fact, that is one of the major reasons for so much governmental secrecy and official disinformation.

Once the international cover-up had been decided, the CIA and US Government would act pretty much the way they have with regard to the UFO phenomenon. There would be a prestigious scientific group (the Robertson Panel) convened to declare that UFOs were no threat to the national security. The fact that the panel's conclusions were not immediately made public is of no great consequence. Here, the primary consideration would be to

UFOs.

Of all the evidence that exists with regard to UFOs, the single, most impressive item (to my mind) is the Jimmy Carter experience. One night in Georgia in 1973, the man who was destined to become the President of the USA and his son, Jeff, saw what they believed to be a UFO. Three years later when campaigning for the presidency, Carter promised to make "every piece of information the country has about UFOs available to the public." He never fulfilled that pledge. Nor has he ever again spoken out publicly on the subject. Meanwhile, his White House staff has parried all queries on the matter and both his Director of NASA, Robert Frosch, and Secretary of Defense, Harold Brown, have officially dismissed

the UFO phenomenon as nothing more than something that exists only in the public's imagination.

This sequence of events can mean only one of three things. What Jimmy Carter saw in 1973 was: a) a reflection of a physical event which has since been explained to him; b) the testing of a secret weapon to which he is now privy, but for reasons of "national security" it is still a secret; or c) a UFO. If what President Carter saw falls into category a, there is no reason why he could not publicly say so. As presidents go, he has been relatively humble and honest on other matters of personal embarrassment. If it falls into category b, there is again no reason why he should not admit to the fact. There is no way that such a weapon system could possibly still be a secret from the Soviets. But if what he saw was a UFO—and there is a secret international agreement among the great powers to withhold this information from the people—then Mr. Carter would act exactly the way he has. He is neither smart enough nor tough enough to override the pressures of the Establishment.

Thus, the CIA would be called upon once again. This time to release to the public all the information it has regarding the UFO phenomenon . . . after, of course, the usual and long ritualistic procedures of litigation under the Freedom of Information Act. We can safely assume, however, that the CIA would not disclose everything it knows or that it would reveal any data it believes would not advance the UFO cover-up. The CIA, like other intelligence organizations, has little respect for the public's right to know. It is an attitude they all consistently display.

Ironically, however, among the vast body of circumstantial evidence pointing to the existence of UFOs or contacts from outer space, the FOIA documents recently provided by the CIA have done more to make the public suspect there is an official conspiracy than any of the recent sightings or reports of encounters. In fact, the entire FOIA exercise has the same aroma of the agency's previous messy efforts to hide its involvement in drugs and mind-control operations, both prime examples of a successful intelligence cover-up.

The CIA, under the scrutiny of Congress, admitted only to experiments and

a few operational indiscretions which occurred mostly in the 1950's and 60's. There was little or no disclosure of the full operational use of drugs and mind-control techniques. The stratagem employed by the agency was, as it is known in the business, a "limited hangout," i.e., admitting to a few past errors then declaring the program has ended and, therefore, there is nothing else to tell. With that, all investigations come to a halt.

The FOIA/UFO exercise is stained with the same telltale spotiness. Furthermore, the conduct and conclusions

During my years in the CIA, UFOs were not a subject of common discussion. But neither were they treated in a disdainful or derisive manner, especially not by the agency's scientists.

of the Robertson Panel (1953) and the Colorado Group (1969) are suspiciously similar to those concerning another great mystery—the JFK assassination. The findings of the Warren Commission in 1964 and, for all practical purposes, those of the House Select Committee on Assassinations (1978/9) differ from the UFO studies only in that the former sought to promote a "lone nut killer" hypothesis while the latter offered a "multiple nut believer" explanation.

Regardless of its shortcomings, the recently released CIA information does, however, tell us something . . . perhaps more than the government thinks. From the very beginning in 1947, the CIA closely monitored UFO reports on a worldwide basis. Although most of the FOIA documents indicate only a routine interest in the problem which was handled largely by the Foreign Broadcast Information Service,

Foreign Documents Division, and the Domestic Contact Service—all innocuous, non-clandestine collection units—they also disclose by inference a standing requirement of the Directorate of Science and Technology for gathering UFO data. This, in turn, indicates other collection components, namely, the Clandestine Services, the CIA's main directorate, was tasked with providing information from all over the world on the UFO phenomenon. However, few such reports were released—and that implies a cover-up!

By 1953, the US Government, acting through the CIA and using the vehicle of the Robertson Panel, had clearly decided to cap the persistent public rumors of UFO sightings and extraterrestrial contacts. The panel concluded that UFOs were not a direct or hostile threat to national security but that continued emphasis of the phenomenon could clog the communications channels of the defense establishment or cultivate a morbid national psychology which enemy propaganda might exploit. For good measure, the panel recommended that the public should be "educated" to recognize real hostile actions against the nation and that UFOs be stripped of their "mysterious aura." Very nifty.

The tone and timing of the Robertson Panel were almost perfect. In early 1953, the nation was preoccupied with the Korean War in particular and the Cold War in general. Stalin was not yet dead. There were almost daily confrontations with Communists somewhere in the world. A new terror weapon had just been introduced into the arms race—the hydrogen bomb. General Curtis LeMay of the Strategic Air Command was warning of the "bomber gap." And Senator Joe McCarthy was scaring the bejesus out of everybody in Washington, including the CIA. Furthermore, there was no self-respecting, accredited scientist at that time prepared to risk his reputation by challenging the government's position on UFOs. Thus, the Robertson Panel provided an excellent opportunity to sweep the phenomenon under the rug of official secrecy.

There is one thing about the Robertson Panel that has always puzzled me. Nowhere in its report does the panel deny the existence of UFOs. The panel only addresses the question of UFOs as a "possible threat to national security" and concludes there is no evidence indicating such a threat. Could it be that

the evidence is, but the extraterrestrial nature, i.e., artifacts capable, therefore, of national security

After was a CIA, acc documents, background, responsibility initiated a s in Project B Colorado St "unofficially concerning t display an un defensive a curiosity abo during the p Panel's repor tishly in prov one can only attempting t Air Force rance in the US intelligence mance is re responded to that it was drug and do

In Decemb Condon Pan Department concluded th national secu added assur (roughly or categorized a no technical scientific kno mentary.

In addition

The in stud pro whi

the evidence showed that UFOs did exist, but the data revealed that the extraterrestrial contacts were of a benign nature, i.e., there were no "foreign artifacts capable of hostile acts" and, therefore, no "direct physical threat to national security?"

After the Robertson Panel, there was a curious development. The CIA, according to the FOIA documents, apparently faded into the background. The Air Force assumed responsibility for the UFO problem and initiated a series of reviews culminating in Project Blue Book and the Condon's Colorado Study. But the CIA continued "unofficially" to follow developments concerning the phenomenon . . . and to display an uneasy, overly cautious, even defensive attitude toward outside curiosity about its UFO work. In fact, during the preparation of the Condon Panel's report, the CIA reacted so skittishly in providing aid to the panel that one can only wonder if the agency was attempting to hide something from the Air Force . . . not an unusual occurrence in the inter-tribal relations of the US intelligence community. The performance is reminiscent of how the CIA responded to the first public revelations that it was deeply involved in illegal drug and domestic spying operations.

In December 1969, the findings of the Condon Panel were made public by the Department of Defense. Again, it was concluded that UFOs were no threat to national security, and we were given the added assurance that those sightings (roughly one-half of one percent) categorized as "unidentified" evidenced no technical capabilities beyond our scientific knowledge. A rather odd commentary.

In addition, the panel stated there

was no evidence that UFO sightings (not contacts or signals) represented extraterrestrial visitations. A flat statement that was supported by no empirical evidence . . . only the panel's opinion. Were the panelists again begging the question?

With the release of the Condon Report, Project Blue Book was canceled, and the Air Force, like the CIA, seemed to drop out of the UFO business. The timing of the Condon Report, like that of the Robertson Panel, was, to say the least, interesting. We were fighting—and losing—a war in Vietnam. There was severe domestic turmoil caused by the civil rights and peace movements. Again, the nation was not, at the time, much concerned with UFOs. Perhaps that is why the government opted for a flat denial. It was another excellent chance to stop all the speculation about UFOs and to further sweep the phenomenon under the rug of official secrecy.

But ten years have gone by since the Air Force allegedly closed its UFO shop and more than fifteen years since the CIA claims to have lost interest in the subject. The sightings and contacts, however, continue—not only by questionable sources. Even the President of the United States thinks he saw a UFO. Thus, we are left with five possible conclusions.

One: The US Government is trying to keep certain super weapon systems secret from the Soviets. In this age of advanced electronic, photographic, and other intelligence sensors, when the testing of a new system begins by any nation, the other participants in the geopolitical game soon learn of it.

Two: The US Government, in cooperation with its allies, is playing a



game with such rivals as the USSR, trying to confuse them with false reports of UFOs. The state of the art in intelligence collection and analysis, as well as science, precludes the possibility of such a ruse.

Three: The US and its allies are attempting to keep UFOs a secret from the USSR. The Soviets, however, are as astute in space science as we are. If we know about UFOs, so do they . . . and so do all the technically advanced nations.

Four: There are no UFOs, nor have there ever been any contacts from outer space. However, the amount of circumstantial evidence to the contrary (including indications that our planet may have been visited in the distant past by extraterrestrials) argues against this conclusion—or at least for further study of the UFO phenomenon.

Five: There are UFOs or there have been contacts—if only signals—from outer space, but the evidence reveals the aliens are interested only in observing us. They have no hostile intentions and are no direct threat to any nation. But public knowledge of these facts could become a threat. If the existence of UFOs were to be officially confirmed, a chain reaction could be initiated that would result in the collapse of the Earth's present power structure. Thus, a secret international understanding—a conspiracy—has been agreed to by the world powers to keep the public ignorant of and confused about contacts or visitations from beyond the Earth. □

The findings of the Warren Commission in 1964 differ from government UFO studies only in that the former sought to promote a 'lone nut killer' hypothesis while the latter offered a 'multiple nut believer' explanation.

Victor Marchetti was the executive assistant to the Deputy Director of the CIA and is the co-author of The CIA and the Cult of Intelligence, the only book ever censored by the US Government prior to publication. He lives in suburban Washington, D.C.