

(S,Barry G.) database to present to elected officials, then we can only hope that they can recognize the seriousness of the UFO phenomenon to the public and begin to fund scientific investigations. GA

(Ted) Barry we want to thank you for joining us tonight and sharing your thoughts with us. Any final comments that you would like to make before we call it an evening? ga

(S,Barry G.) I thought (when I was interrupted) that the NSA was finally getting even with us...

(S,Mark) How do we write to Barry?

(S,Barry G.) for that court case. Seriously, I enjoyed answering they can write to PO Box 176, Stoneham MA 02180. Thanks! GA

(S,Mark) Thanks Barry

(S,DON) Nite all.....

(Ted) Good night Barry and thanks, thanks also to Jim Speiser for "keyboarding" and Marge for providing the coffee and doughnuts!

(S,Mark) ? to Ted

(S,Bill M.) nite

(S,Bert) Bill from LA, your last name isn't Moore is it?ga

(S,Bill M.) no, who's that?

(S,Mark) Ted, What is paranet? ga

(Ted) ParaNet is an independent network of around thirty or so personal computer systems across the USA devoted to the exploration of the paranormal. Jim Speiser is the founder and is also the Co-SysOP here on ISSUES. (How's that Tom Mickus?) ga

(S,Tom Mickus) Hi Ted....just got in...kinda late...

(S,Mark) Ted, If you don't mind, how does one go about joining Paranet? I am doing research on a book that I might write and want to find out how to get hooked up with the right people, ga.

(Ted) Tom Mickus can help you on how to join Paranet or you can write via EMAIL to Jim Speiser.

(S,Bert) I have a quick question for you Tom!! ga

(S,Bert) Does the "museum" in Lake Ontario have a location near Toronto.

(S,Tom Micks) Yes...near Hamilton..GA

(S,Bert) ie the one Neil Palumbo use to talk about here? ga

(S,Tom Mickus) YES...that is the same one I suspect..GA

(S,Bert) ok, thanks. Well, got to run. Night all.

(S,Tom Mickus) Phone this number...it'll tell you all you need to know
416-244-9999

Msg: 06279 Sec: 1 - UFOlogy
27 FEB-88 06:52 PM
Subj: Air Force Paranoia
From: Joe Holland
To: Jim Speiser

As a probe to get at the Texarkana area I began calling BBSs near the area. This did not produce as yet anything about UFOs, because of the frustratingly laborious process of signing onto unlikely boards that you have no information about.

However, it did turn up the information that the Air Force is into the Fido network of BBSs, so I thought I would pass that information along, to enhance the general paranoia. Numbers so far called: Paris, TX, 80 miles west of the UFO site, "The Sand Worm" 1(214)7842273, no answer on 3 tries on 2/27, 2/27/88. Shreveport, LA, 80 miles south of the site: *"Twin City Opus" 1(318)8692703, busy or carrier only. *"Bayou" 1(318)6356767 Invalid number. *"The Swamp" 1(318)6887078 Laborious 2-call signon, many games listed, hardly any messages, nothing relevant found. ***"Dawn Patrol" 1(318)7978310, Sysop Top Sergeant Paul Browning (presumably Air Force). Bulletins in this BBS say that communications and technical information messages are exchanged or "echoed" to 15 stations in the Shreveport area, Fido node 380. I didn't find any echoed information, but did not check very far. A bulletin also refers to the "squadron BBS" which I assume is the Barksdale AFB BBS below. *"Second to None" 1(318)7474862, Bossier City LA, not called, same sysop as "Dawn Patrol" ****"Peacekeeper" 1(318)7468767, Barksdale AFB. I did not call this, because to contact the air force about UFOs would require heavy consideration of strategy, and policy decisions, that I have not made yet. More messages about that later. I have several more Shreveport BBS numbers, but gave up that method for the time being. It could be cheaper to make random voice calls. The Astral Board, 1(412)8246566, in Pennsylvania, which you have talked to, is also in the Fido network, does a lot of exchanging of UFO messages, but this is far away from Shreveport. The Astral messages repeat as if they were going around and around.

e truth.

The Aetherius Society, led by its Founder/President Sir George King, has campaigned internationally since 19

#: 283 SO/EasyFlex
06-Sep-88 14:09 MST
Sb: APn 09/02 0331 Obit-Alvarez
Fm: Executive News Svc. [72135,424]

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BERKELEY, Calif. (AP) -- Nobel Prize-winner Luis W. Alvarez, a brilliant, wide-ranging physicist who helped develop the atomic bomb and a controversial theory that asteroids or comets wiped out the dinosaurs, has died at age 77.

Alvarez died at his home in this San Francisco Bay college town late Wednesday after a long battle with cancer, it was announced Thursday.

Colleagues described Alvarez as a scientific Renaissance man whose colorful career took him from wartime radar systems to UFO sightings, secrets of an Egyptian pyramid and an analysis of the assassination of President Kennedy.

"Luis Alvarez was a stunningly creative individual," David A. Shirley, director of Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory, said Thursday. "His discoveries and inventions spanned an amazing range of the frontiers of man's knowledge over more than half a century."

Alvarez, who worked at the laboratory and the University of California, died of complications from operations for esophageal cancer, laboratory spokeswoman Mary Barberia said, quoting the physicist's widow, Janet.

His health had declined since surgery for a benign brain tumor last fall, the spokeswoman said.

Alvarez won the Nobel Prize in physics in 1968 for developing the liquid-hydrogen bubble chamber and for discovering numerous atomic particles with the device. The chamber is filled with a transparent liquid so that charged particles and their collisions can be studied by photographing the bubbles and boiling that occur along their paths.

In the late 1970s, Alvarez made headlines with the theory that asteroids or comets striking the Earth 65 million years ago killed the dinosaurs by kicking up huge, dense clouds of dust and smoke.

Alvarez and colleagues who developed the hypothesis, including his geologist son Walter, argued that the clouds blocked sunlight, lowering temperatures, destroying food plants, and resulting in the extinction of dinosaurs and many other species.

The theory, which challenged the long-held view that dinosaurs were unsuited for survival in the Darwinian evolutionary scheme, triggered a bitter scientific debate that continues to this day. Others argue that volcanic eruptions killed the dinosaurs by darkening the sun.

Alvarez labeled one critic "a weak sister," and accused others of "publishing scientific nonsense."

His theory got a boost last week when new evidence from a study of ancient clay was reported in the British journal Nature.

The hypothesis has a chilling modern-day counterpart: a theory that that an atomic war would produce enough smoke to plunge Earth into a cold, dark "nuclear winter" that would wipe out any survivors.

Alvarez, a San Francisco native, was the son of Walter C. Alvarez, a noted physician and medical columnist at the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minn.

He wrote in his 1987 autobiography, "Alvarez, Adventures of a Physicist" that he was indebted to his father, who told him it was a good idea to take a night off now and then to do nothing but think.

As an undergraduate at the University of Chicago, Alvarez built one of the first Geiger counters in the United States. As a graduate student, he used it to study cosmic rays and proved radiation from space consists mostly of protons.

He began working at Berkeley in 1936. His discoveries included the capture of electrons by atomic nuclei and the radioactivity of tritium, an isotope of hydrogen used in thermonuclear weapons.

During World War II, Alvarez invented an effective bomb sight and a number of radar systems. His invention of a ground-controlled approach landing system saved the lives of many Allied pilots, some of whom thanked him after the war, according to California-Berkeley.

Alvarez played an important role in developing the atomic bomb, and invented several types of atom smashers.

In his autobiography, he nostalgically recalled the early days of atomic research, when he held a sphere of radioactive plutonium in his hands, "feeling its warmth."

Alvarez made news by applying physics to popular subjects, including the X-ray scan of an Egyptian pyramid for hidden chambers -- there were none -- and analysis of evidence in the Kennedy assassination. His findings supported the Warren Commission's conclusion that Lee Harvey Oswald was the lone assassin.

University of California President David P. Gardner said Thursday that he and the entire university community were saddened by the death of Alvarez, whom he called "a creative and energetic scientist."

Gardner said Alvarez showed "concern for the student, commitment to meaningful and distinctive research, and devotion to the betterment of society. 'He will be missed.'"

Alvarez is survived by his wife, Janet, two sons, two daughters, two sisters and a brother.

Action

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT DOCUMENT FILES

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
Headquarters Air Force Intelligence Service
Fort Velfor Virginia 22060

DAD

25 January 1983

Possible Unauthorized Release of Classified Material

INSA (MSgt Heldman)
DA

1. Per our telephone conversation today, I am forwarding Mr Robert Todd's FOIA request along with the AFOSI message for determination as to classification level. As you can see, Mr Todd retyped the message "for easier reading." I have talked to AFOSI/DADF, Nadine Dulacki. According to her, they did not release the message to Mr Todd nor does she know how it came into his possession. Maj Kilikauskas (AFSAC/INOB, 664-4488) has looked at the t(message and he feels that it is a fake for several reasons:

a. There never has been an office within AFSAC (or 7602nd) with the symbol INS, INSR, or IT.

b. There has never been a "Cpt Grace" (or anyone with the surname Grace) assigned to AFSAC.

c. The purported imagery interpretation done is outside AFSAC's and AFOSI's mission. Further, AFSAC has no individuals who are photo interpreters.

d. The term WNINTEL is spelled phonetically on each occurrence. OSI should certainly be familiar with the correct spelling. Further, the document is replete with grammatical errors, typing errors, and in general, makes no sense.

3. The document is not in the standard, accepted format for classified messages.

Neither Maj Kilikauskas nor Mr Nehlig (who has worked in AFSAC many years) remember hearing of a "Project Aquarius." Further, Maj Kilikauskas had no idea if the information purportedly supplied by this Capt Grace is, in fact, classified at the Secret/WNINTEL level. He suggests that both NASA and Coast and Geodetic Survey be contacted to see if they have an interest in the message.

2. Finally, I have talked to Mr Earl Middaugh (AFOSI/IVOE, 767-5144). He remembers a FOIA request that his office staffed which involved an AFOSI message similar to this one. However, they were unable to identify it as OSI originated. He thinks perhaps this might be the same message. I have forwarded a copy of the Todd request to the AFOSI Freedom of Information Office (Bob Walker, 767-5262). Upon receipt both Mr Walker and Mr Middaugh will be better able to determine if this is a legitimate AFOSI document.

3. Until a determination is made, we will regard the document as classified.