

PROJECT 10073 RECORD

1. DATE - TIME GROUP 1 Feb 67 2/0130Z	2. LOCATION Denver, Colorado one
3. SOURCE Civilian	10. CONCLUSION Astro(S/P) ✓
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS One	
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 1 hour	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION Ground Visual	Observer watched a flashing blue, blue white star like object in the sky. The object moved back and forth and up and down. The object was still visible at time of the report.
7. COURSE Basically Stationary	The description is consistent with that of an astronomical observation. The observer did not provide the actual location of the object she was watching.
8. PHOTOS ☐ Yes ☒ No	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE ☐ Yes ☒ No	

(2) Light conditions. (use one of the following terms: Night, day, dawn, dusk) Night

e. Location of Observer(s). Exact latitude and longitude of each observer, and/or geographical position. A position with reference to a known landmark also should be given in electrical reports, such as "2mi N of Decville; "3mi SW of Blue Lake". Typographical errors or "garbling" often results in electrically transmitted messages, making location plots difficult or impossible.

EXAMPLE: 89 45N, 192 71W for 39 45N, 102 21W.

[REDACTED], Denver, Colo

f. Identifying Information on Observer(s):

(1) Civilian - Name, age, mailing address, occupation, and estimate of reliability. [REDACTED], 40, [REDACTED], Hair Dresser

[REDACTED], 38, [REDACTED], Foster Mother

(2) Military - Name, grade, organization, duty, and estimate of reliability. _____

g. Weather and winds -- Aloft conditions at time and place of sightings:

(1) Observer(s) account of weather conditions. Clear

(2) Report from nearest AWS or U.S. Weather Bureau Office of wind direction and velocity in degrees and knots at surface, 6,000', 10,000', 16,000', 20,000', 30,000', 50,000', and 60,000' if available. _____

(3) Ceiling. _____

(4) Visibility. _____

(5) Amount of cloud cover. _____

(6) Thunderstorms in area and quadrant in which located. _____

h. Any other unusual activity or condition, meteorological, astronomical, or otherwise, which might account for the sighting. _____

None

i. Interception or identification action taken (such action may be taken whenever feasible, complying with existing Air Defense directives). _____

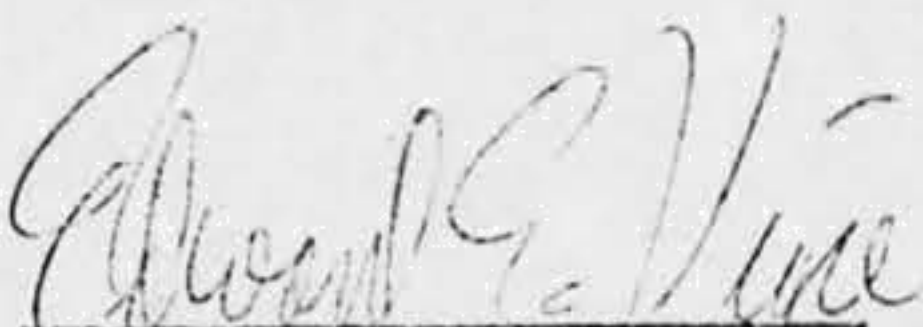
None

j. Location, approximate altitude, and general direction of flight of any air traffic in the area at time of sighting. Object sighted was observed in same general flight path as acft landing at Stapleton Field.

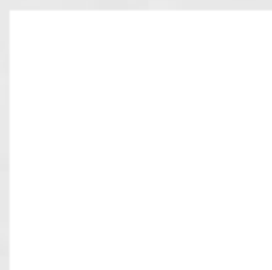
k. Position title and comments of the preparing officer, including his preliminary analysis of the possible cause of the sighting(s). _____

l. Existence of physical evidence, such as materials and photographs. _____

None



EDWARD E. VIGEE, Major, USAF
Chief, Operations Services Division



PROJECT 10073 RECORD

1. DATE - TIME GROUP 12 Feb 67 13/0400Z	2. LOCATION Denver, Colorado one witness
3. SOURCE Civilian	10. CONCLUSION Satellite(Pageos A) ✓ Pageos A was over the eastern states traveling toward the south at the time of the sighting.
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS One	
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 10 minutes	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS Observer watched a star like object travel slowly toward the south. The object was just like a star or similar to a satellite. The color was duller than the average star, being brown or orange in color. Pageos A was over the eastern US states at 0357Z traveling toward the south. At the height that the satellite travels it could be visible for up to approximately 5000 miles. The description is consistent with that of a satellite observation.
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION Ground Visual Bx	
7. COURSE Southward	
8. PHOTOS ☐ Yes ☒ No	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE ☐ Yes ☒ No	

12 Feb-67 Denver, Cal.

LOWRY TECHNICAL AIR TRAINING CENTER (ATC)
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
LOWRY AIR FORCE BASE, 80230, Colorado

REPLY TO
ATTN OF: XPCP

Date 13 Feb 1967

SUBJECT: Unidentified Flying Objects (UFO)

TO:

When unidentified flying objects (UFO) are reported, the following information will be filled in and then forwarded immediately to Plans/Program attention XPCP.

a. Description of the Object(s):

(1) Shape. Same as star - also similar to satellite.

(2) Size compared to a known object (use one of the following terms: Head of a pin, pea, dime, nickel, quarter, half dollar, silver dollar, baseball, grapefruit, or basketball) held in the hand at about arm's length.

slightly smaller than average star.

(3) Color. Brown or orange tint, duller than average star.

(4) Number. One

(5) Formation, if more than one. _____

(6) Any discernible features or details. none

(7) Tail, trail, or exhaust, including size of same compared to size of object(s). None

(8) Sound. If heard, describe sound. None

(9) Other pertinent or unusual features None

b. Description of course of Object(s):

(1) What first called the attention of observer(s) to the object(s)?

Happened to look outa window at sky.

(2) Angle or elevation and azimuth of the object(s) when first observed. 75 - 80 degrees - appeared to be 10 feet left of Big Dipper.

(3) Angle or elevation and azimuth of object(s) upon disappearance.

75-80 degrees - appeared to be 10 feet right of Big Dipper.

(4) Description of flight path and maneuvers of object(s).

level path

(5) How did the object(s) disappear? (Instantaneously to the north, etc.)
Light dimmed, disappeared within 5 seconds like under cloud cover, did not reappear.

(6) How long was the object(s) visible. (Be specific, 5 minutes, 1 hour, etc)

10 minutes

c. Manner of Observation:

(1) Use one or any combination of the following items: Ground-visual, ground - electronic, air electronic. (If electronic, specify type of radar.)

Ground visual

(2) Statement as to optical aids (telescopes, binoculars, and so forth) used and description thereof. Binoculars 7x35

(3) If the sighting is made while airborne, give type of aircraft, identification number, altitude, heading, speed, and home station. _____

d. Time and date of sighting:

(1) Zulu time-date-group of sighting. 13/0400Z Feb 67

(2) Light conditions. (use one of the following terms: Night, day, dawn, dusk) **Night**

c. Location of Observer(s). Exact latitude and longitude of each observer, and/or geographical position. A position with reference to a known landmark also should be given in electrical reports, such as "2mi N of Decville; "3mi SW of Blue Lake". Typographical errors or "garbling" often results in electrically transmitted messages, making location plots difficult or impossible.

EXAMPLE: 89 45N, 192 71W for 39 45N, 102 21W.

██████████ Denver, Colo

f. Identifying Information on Observer(s):

(1) Civilian - Name, age, mailing address, occupation, and estimate of reliability: [REDACTED] 25, [REDACTED] Address same as para c. above

(2) Military - Name, grade, organization, duty, and estimate of reliability.

g. Weather and winds -- Aloft conditions at time and place of sightings:

(1) Observer(s) account of weather conditions. Clear

(2) Report from nearest AWS or U.S. Weather Bureau Office of wind direction and velocity in degrees and knots at surface, 6,000', 10,000', 16,000', 20,000', 30,000', 50,000', and 80,000' if available.

(3) Ceiling.

(4) Visibility.

(5) Amount of cloud cover.

(6) Thunderstorms in area and quadrant in which located.

h. Any other unusual activity or condition, meteorological, astronomical, or otherwise, which might account for the sighting. None

i. Interception of identification action taken (such action may be taken whenever feasible, complying with existing Air Defense directives).

None

j. Location, approximate altitude, and general direction of flight of any air traffic in the area at time of sighting. Unknown

k. Position title and comments of the preparing officer, including his preliminary analysis of the possible cause of the sighting(s).

No comment

l. Existence of physical evidence, such as materials and photographs.

None



EDWARD E. VIGEE, Major, USAF
Chief, Operations Services Division

b. Description of course of Object(s):

(1) What first called the attention of observer(s) to the object(s)?
looking out window at landing planes.

(2) Angle or elevation and azimuth of the object(s) when first observed. **level flight**

(3) Angle or elevation and azimuth of object(s) upon disappearance.

still visible at time of this report

(4) Description of flight path and maneuvers of object(s).

W to E and up and down

(5) How did the object(s) disappear? (Instantaneously to the north, etc.)

still visible at this time (1908x)

(6) How long was the object(s) visible. (Be specific, 5 minutes, 1 hour, etc)

1 hr

c. Manner of Observation:

(1) Use one or any combination of the following items: Ground-visual, ground - electronic, air electronic. (If electronic, specify type of radar.)

ground visual

(2) Statement as to optical aids (telescopes, binoculars, and so forth) used and description thereof. **naked eye**

(3) If the sighting is made while airborne, give type of aircraft, identification number, altitude, heading, speed, and home station. **N/A**

d. Time and date of sighting:

(1) Zulu time-date-group of sighting. **0100Z**

LOWRY TECHNICAL AIR TRAINING CENTER (ATC)
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
LOWRY AIR FORCE BASE, 80230, Colorado

Star

REPLY TO
ATTN OF: XPCP

Date 2 Feb 67

SUBJECT: Unidentified Flying Objects (UFO)

TO:

When unidentified flying objects (UFO) are reported, the following information will be filled in and then forwarded immediately to Plans/Program attention XPCP.

a. Description of the Object(s):

(1) Shape. like a star or light

(2) Size compared to a known object (use one of the following terms: Head of a pin, pea, dime, nickel, quarter, half dollar, silver dollar, baseball, grapefruit, or basketball) held in the hand at about arm's length.

(3) Color. flashing, blue and blue white

(4) Number. 1

(5) Formation, if more than one. None

(6) Any discernible features or details. like a star or diamond

(7) Tail, trail, or exhaust, including size of same compared to size of object(s). None

(8) Sound. If heard, describe sound. None

(9) Other pertinent or unusual features moves back and forth. W to E
and side up and down.

b. Description of course of Object(s):

(1) What first called the attention of observer(s) to the object(s)?
looking out window at landing planes.

(2) Angle or elevation and azimuth of the object(s) when first observed. **level flight**

(3) Angle or elevation and azimuth of object(s) upon disappearance.
still visible at time of this report

(4) Description of flight path and maneuvers of object(s).
W to E and up and down

(5) How did the object(s) disappear? (Instantaneously to the north, etc.)
still visible at this time (1908)

(6) How long was the object(s) visible. (Be specific, 5 minutes, 1 hour, etc.)
1 hr

c. Manner of Observation:

(1) Use one or any combination of the following items: Ground-visual, ground - electronic, air electronic. (If electronic, specify type of radar.)
ground visual

(2) Statement as to optical aids (telescopes, binoculars, and so forth) used and description thereof. **naked eye**

(3) If the sighting is made while airborne, give type of aircraft, identification number, altitude, heading, speed, and home station. **N/A**

d. Time and date of sighting:

(1) Zulu time-date-group of sighting. **0130Z**

h. Any other unusual activity or condition, meteorological, astronomical, or otherwise, which might account for the sighting. None

i. Interception of identification action taken (such action may be taken whenever feasible, complying with existing Air Defense directives).

N/A

j. Location, approximate altitude, and general direction of flight of any air traffic in the area at time of sighting. _____

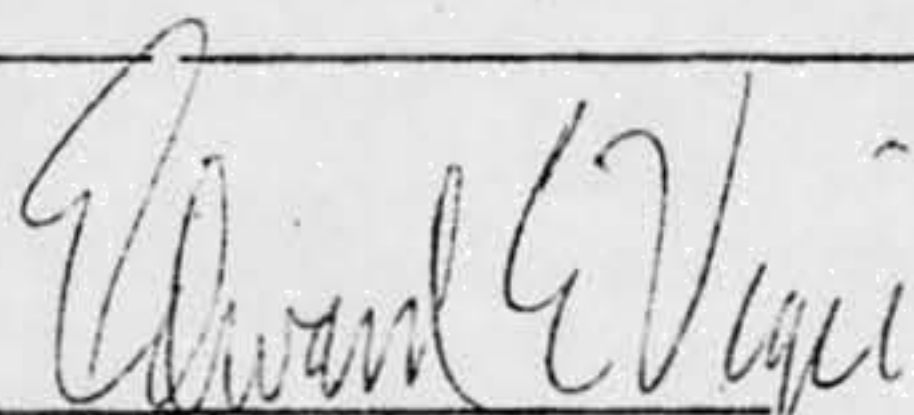
~~Remarks~~
k. Position title and comments of the preparing officer, including his preliminary analysis of the possible cause of the sighting(s).

~~Possible aircraft~~

Edward E. Vigee, Major, Chief Opns Serv Div

l. Existence of physical evidence, such as materials and photographs.

None



EDWARD E. VIGEE, Major, USAF
Chief, Operations Services Division

(2) Light conditions. (use one of the following terms: Night, day, dawn, dusk) night

e. Location of Observer(s). Exact latitude and longitude of each observer, and/or geographical position. A position with reference to a known landmark also should be given in electrical reports, such as "2mi N of Deoville; "3mi SW of Blue Lake". Typographical errors or "garbling" often results in electrically transmitted messages, making location plots difficult or impossible.

EXAMPLE: 89 45N, 192 71W for 39 45N, 102 21W.

In Aurora at East fence of Pittsimmans in trailer park.

f. Identifying Information on Observer(s):

(1) Civilian - Name, age, mailing address, occupation, and estimate of reliability. Mrs. ~~William~~ ~~William~~ Aurora (widow) Phone ~~222-2222~~

(2) Military - Name, grade, organization, duty, and estimate of reliability. N/A

g. Weather and winds -- Aloft conditions at time and place of sightings:

(1) Observer(s) account of weather conditions. Clear

(2) Report from nearest AWS or U.S. Weather Bureau Office of wind direction and velocity in degrees and knots at surface, 6,000', 10,000', 16,000', 20,000', 30,000', 50,000', and 80,000' if available. calm, temp 37, dewpoint 15,

Alt 30.08

(3) Ceiling. clear

(4) Visibility. 60 miles

(5) Amount of cloud cover. some Circus N.W.

(6) Thunderstorms in area and quadrant in which located. None

12 Feb 67

Denver, Colorado

LOWRY TECHNICAL AIR TRAINING CENTER (ATC)
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
LOWRY AIR FORCE BASE, 80230, Colorado

REPLY TO
ATTN OF: XPCP

Date 13 Feb 1967

SUBJECT: Unidentified Flying Objects (UFO)

TO:

When unidentified flying objects (UFO) are reported, the following information will be filled in and then forwarded immediately to Plans/Program attention XPCP.

a. Description of the Object(s):

(1) Shape. Bright light

(2) Size compared to a known object (use one of the following terms: Head of a pin, pea, dime, nickel, quarter, half dollar, silver dollar, baseball, grapefruit, or basketball) held in the hand at about arm's length.

Like satellite echo but faster and brighter.

(3) Color. White

(4) Number. One

(5) Formation, if more than one. _____

(6) Any discernible features or details. Travelled at extreme speed,

much faster than known aircraft.

(7) Tail, trail, or exhaust, including size of same compared to size of object(s). None

(8) Sound. If heard, describe sound. None

(9) Other pertinent or unusual features None

b. Description of course of Object(s):

(1) What first called the attention of observer(s) to the object(s)?

(2) Angle or elevation and azimuth of the object(s) when first observed. 45 degrees

(3) Angle or elevation and azimuth of object(s) upon disappearance.

15 degrees

(4) Description of flight path and maneuvers of object(s).

straight and level flight path

(5) How did the object(s) disappear? (Instantaneously to the north, etc.)

Instantaneously to the N.E.

(6) How long was the object(s) visible. (Be specific, 5 minutes, 1 hour, etc)

Approx 10 seconds

c. Manner of Observation:

(1) Use one or any combination of the following items: Ground-visual, ground - electronic, air electronic. (If electronic, specify type of radar.)

Ground visual

(2) Statement as to optical aids (telescopes, binoculars, and so forth) used and description thereof. Binoculars 8x24

(3) If the sighting is made while airborne, give type of aircraft, identification number, altitude, heading, speed, and home station.

d. Time and date of sighting:

(1) Zulu time-date-group of sighting. X013/12 13/0130Z Feb 67