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| 2           | FORMALITIES  | 21/12 | CHS              | 22/12        |
|             | LEXAM BRANCH | 21/12 | 31               | 1/3/67       |
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**FLYING SAUCERS**

**U.S. PILOT'S ENCOUNTER**

**STRANGE OBJECT PUZZLES BRITAIN**

**British radar objects**

**"SAUCERS" FOLLOW**

**Flying saucers in wake of orbiting Atlas**

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**US possible, Admiral says**

**Scientist stalls Autos In New Mexico**

**Thousands "Saucers" Over Florence**

**"Flying Cigar" For U.S. Air**

**WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (A.A.P.)**

**Visits from outer space**

**Stall Autos In New Mexico**

**Thousands "Saucers" Over Florence**

**"Flying Cigar" For U.S. Air**

**WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (A.A.P.)**

NEW YORK, Sat. — Flying saucers have appeared in the news again—and presur-ably in the skies—in the wake of the one of America's four-and-satellite.

WASHINGTON, Wed. (AP). — The Fiji Government said yesterday that a white clergyman and four natives had reported sighting a mysterious glowing object flying over the island. The object was described as being "like a saucer" and was seen at a height of about 10,000 feet. It was seen for about 15 minutes and then disappeared. The sighting occurred on Monday, Oct. 29, at about 10:00 a.m. The object was seen by a white clergyman and four natives. The object was described as being "like a saucer" and was seen at a height of about 10,000 feet. It was seen for about 15 minutes and then disappeared.

WASHINGTON, Wed. (BUP). — A U.S. airline pilot described how he saw an "unidentified" in front of his plane. The pilot, who was flying over the Atlantic Ocean, saw the object at a height of about 10,000 feet. The object was described as being "like a saucer" and was seen for about 15 minutes. The pilot was flying over the Atlantic Ocean and saw the object at a height of about 10,000 feet. The object was described as being "like a saucer" and was seen for about 15 minutes.

LONDON, Fri. — The R.A.F. last night to investigate mysterious yellow seen hovering head. The Air M... ded the "ident" ect." t le... se...

SUNDAY TELEGRAPH, APRIL 7, 1957

British radar objects "strange objects" ORDER

Thousands "Saucers" Over Florence

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WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (A.A.P.)

From Our Staff Correspondent 54

ROME, October 29. — Fifteen thousand people at a Soccer match in Florence watched a flight of "fly- ing saucers" yesterday, minutes yesterday, ing say says F

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (A.A.P.)

begin investigating reports of a over west Texas and south

SAUCERS FOLLOW

FLYING SAUCERS

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QUESTIONS

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**Australian**

# FLYING SAUCER

## Review

NOVEMBER • 1962

No. 7

### EDITORIAL

Terrestrial astronauts now circle the globe and space probes gain us ever increasing knowledge of the immensity of the Universe. Surely, therefore, the minds of thinking men must turn to the probability of life on other planets.

In one of our feature articles - COSMIC INTRUDERS an attempt is made to portray the reactions of statesmen and thinkers to the fantastic possibility of a contact of men of earth with beings from other planets. The fusion of two different civilisations could be earth-shaking.

It seems almost certain to those who have studied the UFO riddle that highly advanced extraterrestrial beings have been observing us from their space craft for many centuries. Is the time not well overdue to awaken the public to this reality by means of authoritative statement from our Governments?

Intelligent people must realise that we on this planet are but an infinitesimal part of the great Universe and while we are endeavoring to expand our horizons with space travel, can we not believe that more advanced civilisations have trod this path before? By the present trend of world events, we are not the most advanced!

At a time when each nation is suspicious of the other, ignorance of the true nature of UFO's could precipitate a global war.

For too long, Governments and other official organisations have continued to cloud the issue with evasive answers, suppression of news, vague explanations and ambiguous statements while they, themselves, keenly pursue the matter. With more sightings throughout the world, this unnecessary camouflage is becoming increasingly difficult - as the authorities well know.

Officials have their rights but so do the people. We should know the truth - be it good or bad.

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# X-15 FILM

## BAFFLES EXPERTS



American scientists can give no explanation whatsoever for the object which was photographed by X15 pilot Robert White on July 17, when he sky-rocketed to a world airplane altitude record of nearly 60 miles.

"It is impossible to explain the object's presence at this time," Space Agency scientists stated. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) after intensively studying Major White's sighting report and films from a tail movie camera, on the X15 rocket ship, released photographs of an object that darted above and behind the plane. A NASA photo is reproduced on this page.

The photographs, taken from the movie films, reveal an object that looks like a fluttering piece of paper and which scientists describe as "grey-white".

This corroborates Major R. White's report that he saw from his cockpit near the nose of the rocket ship, what looked to him like a piece of paper the size of his hand, "going along with the ship" at an altitude of 270,000 feet - over 50 miles high.

Maj. White said: "I paid attention to it for about 5 seconds. It was greyish in colour and about 30 to 40 feet away."

Objects, believed to be ice fragments, have showed up in films taken from X15 in space, but this was the first time an X15 pilot had reported seeing anything visually.

The movie films captured shots of an object flitting past the rear of the supersonic craft on the same flight and at the same altitude. Baffled Space Agency scientists could only offer this comment: "As a matter of fact, we aren't even sure that what White saw and the camera photographed were two different objects."

At the second annual conference on the peaceful uses of space, another X15 pilot Joseph Walker related a similar incident. It was reported on May 11, 1962 that during a recent flight to a record height of 246,700 feet Walker filmed a number of mysterious objects.

"I don't feel like speculating about the nature of those objects," Walker said, "all I know is what appeared on the film in later study."



—NASA Photo via Associated Press Wirephoto  
**MYSTERY OBJECT FLYING NEAR THE X15**  
Authorities Still Can't Identify the Object (Arrow)  
Which Pilot Bob White Saw and Photographed





Major Robert White

I saw nothing myself during the flight of this nature."

X15 pilot Joseph Walker added that the film recorded five or six objects of undetermined size at some distance from the plane. The film was taken by a camera mounted on the X15's fuselage and pointed toward the rear.

The mysterious objects, apparently disc-shaped, showed up on the film as the X15 arched over the top of its flight and headed back toward earth.

Credit: Boris N. Seitzew, Encino Park, Calif.  
Source: Los Angeles Times, May 11, 1962  
Los Angeles Times, July 18, 1962  
Los Angeles Herald Examiner, Aug. 9, 1962)



Left to right: X15 test-pilots, Joseph Walker and Major Robert White, who have photographed unidentified flying objects fifty miles above the earth.

The following report of an unidentified flying object appeared as an item in the "Daily Memorandum," Pacific Edition 70-62 of 9th April, 1962. This publication is brought out by the U. S. Navy Branch Hydrographic Office, 30 Damon Tract, Nimitz Highway, Honolulu, Hawaii.



## "CELESTIAL PHENOMENA — MOZAMBIQUE CHANNEL"

"Second Officer Ignazio Ciccolella of the Liberian S.S. 'Lagunillas,' Capt. S. Klinger, Master, reported the following:

At 0115 G.M.T. (1:15 a.m.) Feb. 20, 1962, in lat. 25 - 56S., long. 34 - 59E., on passage from Kuwait to Montevideo, a luminous body was observed. It appeared close to Canopus in a southwesternly direction, altitude 21-49, and travelled in a SW/ESE direction. The body was blue-white in colour and of the same magnitude as Canopus. The body disappeared at 0119 G.M.T. after covering an arc of 98°.

Weather clear with very good visibility, wind SSE force 3, slight sea, barometer 29.85 inches, air temperature 81°F. (N/M 13/62)

The above report was submitted in accordance with the procedure of the H.O. 606 series of Observer's Manuals, like reports from other mariners are solicited. 'The eyes of of Hydro are the Active Mariners'."



# COSMIC INTRUDERS

by GEORGE A. TARARIN

On October 27, 1959 as the U. N. General Assembly was discussing world disarmament, Portugal's delegate Dr. Vasco Garin remarked that the concept of total disarmament raised many "delicate questions". He warned that a disarmed world would cut a very poor figure against an invasion from outer space. Dr. Garin stated that it was certainly farfetched but "not absurd", in view of the way things were moving, to imagine a sudden invasion of earth by aggressive warriors from another celestial body.

Whether Dr. Garin is right or wrong is unimportant. What matters is this - invasion from space was under consideration by the United Nations Organisation.

Canada's former Foreign Minister Lester B. Pearson said in Ottawa on Jan. 9, 1958 the best hope of world peace might be the discovery that another planet was sending space ships against the earth.

President Eisenhower stated in Washington on February 24, 1955 that the philosophy of government must be kept in step with the problems of the times alluding to the possibility of Martians visiting the United States within four centuries.

Soviet Deputy Premier Kozlov agreed with a Detroit reporter in mid-1959 that a U.S.S.R. - U.S.A. alliance might be needed against the Martians but smilingly added that the people of Mars might be a peaceful race. "Then we should not make warlike alliances against them but would try to live in peace with them."

Chairmen of the Provisional Institute of Space Law (U.K.) C. Shawcross, Q.C., wrote to the Russian top scientist Leonid Sedov in 1959 about "the possibility of exploration, if not invasion, by the inhabitants of another solar system."

General Douglas McArthur believes that "because of the developments of science, all countries on earth will have to unite to survive and make a common front against attack by people from other planets," according to Achille Lauro, visiting mayor of Naples who interviewed him at the Waldorf-Astoria on October 7, 1955. The mayor added that in the General's opinion the politics of the future will be cosmic or interplanetary, reported the "New York Times."

Ex-editor of "Punch," Malcolm Muggeridge scouts the idea that the unity which men "have so notably failed achieve for themselves may be imposed on them by the threat of interplanetary invasion." And in case the invaders be from the moon "some idiot on earth is bound to think that he can make a deal with the moon-men to advance his own position. The rest of us would then be bound to be asked to rally in defence of our own beloved planet."





Muggeridge -  
"planetary  
patriotism."

"Planetary patriotism would be no more absurd than national, and no less difficult to work up. God save our gracious Earth, long live our noble Earth, God save our Earth," predicted Muggeridge on October 19, 1958.

Curiously enough 18th century philosopher and satyrast Voltaire in his book "Micromegs" describes a giant from Sirius who cries out in the story: "I have a good mind to take two or three steps, and trample the whole nest of such ridiculous assassins under my feet." "Don't give yourself the trouble," replies the philosopher, "they are industrious enough in securing their own destruction. At the end of ten years the hundredth part of these wretches will not survive. Besides, the punishment should not be inflicted upon them, but upon those sedentary and slothful barbarians who, from their palaces, give orders for murdering a million of men, and then solemnly thank God for their success."

There is still another view on man's possible contact with beings from other worlds. Space guns are not necessary to dislodge our civilisation. A superior cosmic culture contacted via astronautics may revolutionise our lives.

Arthur Clarke, an authority on space, has summed up this thought in its true historical perspective: "Copernican astronomy, Darwin's theory of evolution, Freudian psychology - the effect of these on human thought far outweighed their immediate practical results. We may expect the same of astronautics. With the expansion of the world's mental horizons may come one of the greatest outbursts of creative activity ever known. The parallel with the Renaissance, with its great flowering of the arts and sciences, is very suggestive."

"Others, one suspects, are afraid that the crossing of space, and above all contact with intelligent but non-human races, may destroy the foundations of their religious faith. They may be right, but in any event their attitude is one which does not bear logical examinations - for a faith which cannot survive collision with the truth is not worth many regrets."

Earlier, Konstantin Tsiolkovsky, 19th century space pioneer, said: "The earth is the cradle of the mind, but one cannot live for ever in a cradle."

Dr. Donald N. Michael, top consultant to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (and senior staff psychologist of Brookings Institution) stated at a scientific discussion in 1961 that radio messages from another world would be a threat for most public figures and spokesmen. They would try to bolster their present beliefs and the public's, rather than try to cope with the situation by new approaches.

Different motives, behaviour and perceptions may make space beings merely curious observers of the earth, with no desire for contact. If the "other life" wished to supply new information to us, some groups or nations might absorb the ideas better; this could cause some societies to disappear, others to get stronger and dominate the rest.

Earth scientists, Dr. Michael said, may be in for a shock - to the space beings our understanding of nature may seem as primitive as a cave man's to us. Space beings, he concluded, may be ethical, moral, immoral, aesthetic or something different from us. Beings whose development permits them to communicate across light years may have ideas on proper relations among creatures inhabiting planets. "These ideas," said Dr. Michael, "may - or may not - support our most cherished beliefs."

To think of our cosmic neighbours in terms of our own 20th century technological culture would be to delude ourselves into comfortable complacency. Their



Gen. McArthur -  
"interplanetary  
or cosmic politics."

science and philosophy may not have the slightest resemblance to today's concepts. The first contact with denizens of another world would be electrifying.

The opinions of above statesmen, thinkers and scientists on the possibility of cosmic intrusion would have been regarded as science fiction a quarter of a century ago.

Today, in this Space Age, these thoughts of responsible men represent a far-sighted contemplation of a scientific possibility - the contact of the men of earth with beings from another planet and the impact of this on the minds and lives of earth people.

## MILAN PHOTOS

Gaspere de Lema, a young Italian artist, took photos of a flying object over Milan, about 500 metres from the San Siro Stadium, at about 1 p.m. on December 1, 1961.

He had intended to photograph some buildings under construction for his files, accompanied by his wife and mother. It was then that his wife called his attention to a strange circular craft flying over the area. He looked up in amazement at an unknown object soaring over the Stadium. It appeared to be ten metres in diameter, of a dull lead colour.

As he stood there stupefied, his mother reminded him of his camera. He did not pause to adjust it and took one photo. When he realised that the disc was moving behind the street lamps, he jumped into a vacant lot, where he succeeded in taking three more snaps.

The object flew noiselessly and in an odd manner, at times it was stationary, then it would suddenly move for a few hundred metres and descend to 50-90 metres above ground. Its distinct shape was clearly visible when it hovered, surrounded by a hazy halo. Seen sideways, it looked like a lense, on the upper part of which was a dome.

Gaspere de Lema, surprised at the silent flight of the disc, concluded that it came from another world.



The incident lasted only a few minutes, and then the craft rose vertically in a rocket-like manner and disappeared.

There were other witnesses nearby, but de Lema did not bother to take their names down.

The Italian magazine DOMENICA DEL CORRIERE submitted his negatives to press photographers who declared them to be authentic.

Photos of this disc were taken near San Siro Stadium in Via Capecelatro, Milan, Italy on December 1, 1961.





## Tuning In On Other Worlds

### "PROJECT STAR SEARCH" TO CONTACT OTHER CIVILISED COMMUNITIES

This breathtaking project for a gigantic star search was initiated at Green Bank, West Virginia this year. The scientists sponsored by the National Academy of Sciences (U.S.A.) want to answer the following questions:

- o Can life exist beyond earth in the first place?
- o Are there other planets circling alien star-suns, as theorised?
- o If those worlds bear life, does that life include rational beings?
- o If so, how to contact them?

Dr. Frank Drake of the Green Bank Observatory together with the famed American astronomer Dr. Otto Struve, attempted to get the solutions to these problems two years ago. However, their instruments were not sensitive enough for this ambitious program - then named PROJECT OZMA.

With larger radio telescopes the new group which includes such specialists as Dr. Fred Hoyle, British cosmologist, Dr. J.T. Pearman of the U.S. Academy of Sciences, Dr. S. Huang of NASA's Goddard Space Flight Centre, Dr. Melvin Calvin, biochemist, and others besides the above-mentioned Dr. Otto Struve, hopes to provide the answers to the burning questions.

The experts know how difficult their task is but they plan to utilise all the resources of science. Monitoring by radio telescope is one method. Dr. Charles Townes speculates that intelligent beings might try all possible means of communication including light-beams. LASERS (light amplification by stimulated emission of radiation), super-powerful light-beam projectors, could actually send from earth a piercing light-ray that would be detectable on a planet 10 light years away. This is the closest approach to the type of power-ray dreamed of by science-fiction writers because it opens up the possibility of concentrating thousands of watts of energy into a space not much larger than would be occupied by a poppy seed. In the world of communications the Laser promises near-miracles because, for the first time, it has become possible to produce a "tuned" light wave, as we speak of a "tuned" radio wave, and to achieve amplification of the wave.

**If civilized beings exist in space, a project now beginning may permit us to communicate with them.**

Dr. Townes' group of star-searchers will examine the spectrographs of target stars. If any of the Fraunhofer lines in the known spectroscopic patterns of a particular star show a sharpening or brightening effect, it might be a super-LASER message being beamed to us.

One astronomer made a fantastic suggestion that the Cepheid variables - the "winking stars" may be galactic heliographs - that "super-scientific entities" use in signalling. The periods of brightness and dimness of the Cepheids is often very irregular. Is it some code between stellar systems?

A recent report issued by the U.S. National Academy of Sciences describes strange music in space - "the dawn chorus". The chorus is "a series of short distinct musical tones, either rising or falling in pitch and often overlapping in time" according to the report. Scientists have detected "the dawn chorus" usually just before or just after dawn - hence the name.

Prof. R.N. Bracewell of Stanford University who visited Australia early in 1962 was interviewed by Dr. Miran Lindtner and Mr. Fred Phillips on behalf of AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW.

"We are almost certain there are other communities in space, but we do not know how far away they are," said Professor Bracewell.

"If life exists, then we can expect some forms to be superior to our own. A more advanced community is one which can make rockets, split atoms and send exploratory feelers into the universe. If we were to go to Mars, we would find the inhabitants, if any, were less developed than we are. Otherwise they would have come to look at us. But a more advanced community than our own could already have taken the initiative and not waited until we were able to explore them," stated Prof. R. Bracewell adding that contact between stellar communities would depend on radio.

Are there inhabited planets in our part of the galaxy? America's Orbiting Astronomical Observatory to be launched in 1963 with a 36-inch telescope may be able to photograph in space the planets of other stars or at least gather spectroscopic evidence, and thus provide the final answer.



8 The primitive people on Earth might one day be admitted to a space - wide club of "advanced" communities, a distinguished scientist said in Sydney yesterday. SUN-HERALD

He said it was possible that Earth was being watched by more intelligent communities in the galaxy, in the hope that Earth men would be "worthwhile" bothering about. JAN. 14, 1962

Professor Ronald Bracewell was lecturing High school students during the Nuclear Research Foundation's summer science school at Sydney University.

Australian-born Professor Bracewell is now Director of the Stanford Radio Astronomy Institute at Stanford University, California.

"The more intelligent communities may think us still too primitive, and not yet sufficiently far advanced into the technological era," Professor Bracewell said.

"Even so, we would be still worthwhile as an object of study, just as we ourselves send expeditions to study primitive tribes on our own planet."

Fears had been expressed that plundering expeditions might arrive from other planets in search of minerals, or that people from outer space might even use Earth men as beef cattle.

## On Mars

"But I do not think we have anything to fear," Professor Bracewell said. "The only thing another community would want from us would be information."

Speaking as a scientist, he could not say he actually "believed" that other planets were inhabited, because scientific belief required facts to support it, and these were not yet available.

But with 100,000 million stars in the galaxy, Earth was hardly likely to support the most highly advanced form of conscious life.

"Soon we will be going to the moon, Mars and Venus. I do not believe we will find life on any of them."

"What we must do is to keep a close watch out for the arrival of an instrument probe in our atmosphere, sent by a more remote community," Professor Bracewell said.

"Within 10 light years of Earth, there are 10 stars which scientists believe could be habitable."

"Communities there, probably more advanced than ours, would be likely to send probes to find out whether we have emerged from the primitive state."

"Probably they would judge us worthwhile if their instruments were able to pick up radio communication."

SPACE BIG BROTHERS

# THE EARTH WATCH ON

## Waves

Communities in outer space might also try to make contact by radio. Earth scientists already knew that there was a unique wave length of 21 centimetres on which this could be done—and astronomers on distant stars would know this too.

A certain amount of "listening-in" had already been done on this wavelength, without result.

"But if and when we do make contact, it will not be the first time this has happened," Professor Bracewell said.

"The community which reaches us will be in touch with others. We will be plugging in to a galaxy-wide network."

# ★ RAAF STUDY UFOS

CANBERRA, Tuesday (AUP).—Reports of "unidentified flying objects" over South-east Queensland have not been referred to the R.A.A.F. for investigation.

The R.A.A.F. has investigated similar reports in the past, but most of them were attributed to meteorological phenomena.

But the R.A.A.F. has records of sightings of "unidentified flying objects" for which investigations failed to provide any satisfactory explanation.

An R.A.A.F. spokesman said today that from May to August the planet Venus, from a meteorological sense, was at its nearest point to the earth.

Daily Mercury During this period there was usually a spate of "flying saucer" reports.

Nearly all of them could be explained by civil and military aircraft movements and checks by the meteorological service.

A small number could not be explained, but no definite pattern had emerged.

The last "flying saucer" report investigated by the R.A.A.F. was over a year ago in Tasmania, where a clergyman near Launceston reported seeing a strange-shaped illuminated object in the sky.

June 20, 1962



PROFESSOR BRACEWELL... "Are we being watched?"

It was fascinating to speculate on what outer-space people might look like, he added.

His own view was that they would be spherical, because otherwise differing conditions of pressure might tend to squash them.

"Launching a rocket, when you are a complete

sphere, with no arms and legs, must take some ingenuity," Professor Bracewell commented.

## QUEENSLAND UFO S

BRISBANE, Sunday. — Queenslanders reported three more "flying saucer" sightings today. June 18, 1962

One was at Newcastle Bay, on Cape York Peninsula, one at Karumba, in the Gulf of Carpentaria, and the other at Samford, near Brisbane.

Newcastle Bay is 50 miles from Thursday Island, where two white residents reported seeing a light green rocket-shaped vehicle flash through the sky on Friday night.

Thursday Island police reported today that they had received a report that an object had been seen in the sky at Newcastle Bay about five minutes before the object was sighted off Thursday Island.

The Thursday Island observers said the object flashed towards nearby Prince of Wales Island and vanished.

The sighting at Karumba, about 500 miles south of Thursday Island, was made by four fishermen last night.

"Not Going Very Fast"

The manager of a hunting lodge at Karumba, Mr Keith de Witt, said the fishermen saw a greenish-red light move across the sky.

He said: "They were sitting on the beach in front of the lodge when they saw it move from south-south-west to the north."

"It was not going very fast and was in view for one and a half minutes."

"The fishermen watched it until it went out of sight."

The Sydney Morning Herald—

behind most of the 7,369 sightings of Unidentified Flying Objects reported between 1947 and 1961. SMH

In a report issued yesterday, the Air Force said there was no evidence that any of the UFOs were "extra-terrestrial vehicles under intelligent controls." 1962

## "PROOF NEAR" OF OTHER WORLDS

Scientists expected within the next few years to confirm beliefs that life could evolve outside the earth, Professor R. Bracewell said yesterday. DAILY TEL

He said this would be the first step towards communicating with other worlds.

Professor Bracewell is the Australian-born director of the Stanford University Radio Astronomy Institute in the U.S. and 1962 visiting professor at Sydney University's School of Physics. FEB 6, 1962

He was commenting on reports of a secret conference held last November at Green Bank, West Virginia.

Professor Bracewell, one of about 15 leading scientists invited to attend the conference, could not go because of his commitments in Australia.

He said the Green Bank conference was not published because the organisers, the National Academy of Sciences, believed that scientists would discuss inter-space communications more freely if their talks were not open to immediate publication in the Press.

He said the conference was "most significant" because it showed that scientific authorities realised that the search for life in the galaxy was a proper objective of astronomy.

## Satellite

Professor Bracewell said scientists were looking to these important developments to confirm theories of life on other planets.

A United States "telescope satellite" to be fired into orbit outside the earth's atmosphere.

Russian and United States space probes.

Professor Bracewell said the telescope satellite, which entered the planning stages about two years ago, would help establish whether other stars had planets.

Scientists suspected that planets existed but could not prove it because telescopes based on earth could not detect them through the mother star's glare.

Telescopes positioned above the atmosphere would be able to carry out observations unimpeded by this glare.

"Ball" In Sky Unidentified

ALICE SPRINGS, Friday.—Department of Civil Aviation officials here have been unable to identify a ball-like object seen hurtling across the sky above Alice Springs. SMH July 21, 1962

The object was reported at 8.25 a.m. yesterday by a D.C.A. official, Mr Ralph Knight, who was on duty at Alice Springs Airport.

News of its sighting was released this morning after exhaustive checks indicated it was not a stray meteorological balloon or a plane.

## Time Nearing For Flights To Planets, Russia Tells World

MOSCOW, Aug. 15 (A.A.P.-Reuter).—Russia today sent a message to the governments and people of the world saying "The time is nearing when the great cosmic space-ships will undertake flights to the planets of our solar systems." SMH 1962

Dr V. Fedoseyev, a leading scientist, hailed the successful joint flight as a "big achievement of Soviet science and technology."

U.F.O. ITEMS WITH PUBLICATION'S NAME & DATE WELCOMED.

## 'Secret conference' MESSAGES TO SPACE DISCUSSED

NEW YORK, Sun. — Top scientists conferred secretly on the possibility of communicating with other worlds, the New York Times said today. DAILY TEL

The paper said the scientists met last November at Green Bank, West Virginia.

The scientists included leaders in astronomy, communications, animal behavior, bio-chemistry and nuclear physics.

The paper said the National Academy of Sciences sponsored the conference.

According to the paper, a number of the scientists considered it strongly possible that messages from beyond the solar system were impinging upon the earth.

The question, they said, was how and where to look for them.

One scientist, Dr. Philip Morrison, Professor of Physics at Cornell University, believed that a large part of future human effort might go into trying to establish contact with remote civilisations.

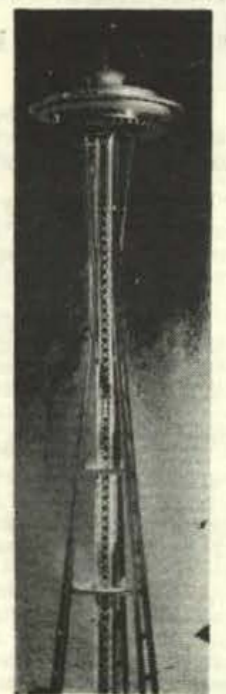
But Dr. Edward Purcell, Professor of Physics at Harvard University, said voyages between planetary systems were not practicable.

He is reported to have told fellow scientists that interstellar rockets "belong right where they are—on cereal boxes."

Green Bank was chosen for the conference because it is the site for the National Radio Astronomy Observatory.

One of the station's huge dish antennas was used in 1960 for the first significant attempt to intercept signals from other planetary systems.

The newspaper said that while no report on the conference was available some of the participants came



600-FT. "SPACE-NEEDLE", one of the feature attractions of the 1962 Seattle World's Fair.

## IRISH PILOT SAW "SAUCER"

DUBLIN, Tues. (A.A.P.-Reuter). — An Irish International Airlines pilot and his crew told reporters last night of a strange globe-shaped object which streaked under their aircraft over southern England.

Captain Gordon Pendleton said he was at about 15,000 feet in his Viscount airliner when he saw the object.

May 23, 1962

"It was streaking towards us below, at about 500 m.p.h.," he said.

It was brown colored, smaller than the Viscount and did not have wings.

Captain Pendleton added: "It was not a balloon."

He said he had reported the sighting to the British Royal Air Force and Air Ministry.

He said also: "Up to now, I was sceptical about flying saucer stories"

Daily Mercury

## U.S. to search for space life

WASHINGTON, Tues. — Proof that life existed beyond earth might come from a rocket capsule the U.S. hopes to land on Mars in 1964, a space scientist said today. DT MAY 9, 1962

The capsule, would carry out its search for life with television cameras, microscopes and a device for detecting reproduction of tiny organisms, the scientist said.

The scientist is Mr. Edgar M. Cortright, of the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration. He was speaking at the opening session of the Second National Conference on the Peaceful Uses of Space, in Seattle, Washington State.

He said the Mars landing attempt would be the first mission of an advanced version of the Mariner space vehicle to be launched at Venus within the next few months.

The capsule would land on Mars while the Mariner vehicle itself flew past.

Once on Mars, the capsule would extend a television telescope to focus on any life forms nearby.

At the same time, a tube would suck up soil samples which a television microscope would examine for organisms.

## MOON BID HIT BY "IMPULSE"

NEW YORK, Feb. 8 (A.A.P.). — A mysterious electrical impulse prevented the Ranger 3 space-craft from taking television pictures of the moon

Scientists at the California Institute of Technology, who disclosed this today, said they planned another shot at landing important scientific instruments on the moon in about two months, the "New York Times" reported.

The mysterious impulse mechanically countermanded an "order," radioed about 200,000 miles from the Goldstone tracking station on January 28, for the 730lb space robot to halt a slight change in its "attitude," the scientists said.

The malfunction of an Atlas missile component was at least partly responsible for the failure of the spacecraft to hit the moon.

Went Out Of Control 1962

Scientists calculated that it missed by 22,862 miles.

Good moon photographs would not have been obtained even with a precise launching, because Ranger 3 went out of control near the point where it crossed the moon's orbital path.

A capsule containing a seismometer would probably have been smashed when the spaceship hit the moon, the scientists said.

Ranger 3, however, did accomplish some of its missions.

It collected gamma ray data in flight and gave scientists an idea of how well its systems were operating.

The Sydney Morning Herald

From our own correspondent

NEW YORK, Sat.

— Strange

music in space is

baffling U.S. scientists, it was reported this week.

The most puzzling sounds are known as "the dawn chorus," described in a report issued by the National Academy of Sciences.

The chorus was "a series of short, distinct musical tones, either rising or falling in pitch and often overlapping in time," the report said.

Scientists have detected it with instruments, usually

just before or just after dawn.

The report said it was closely connected to another musical phenomenon—"whistlers."

## "Music" in space

THE SUN-HERALD, MAY 6, 1962

But scientists do not know too much about either of the sounds.

So far, most of the research has concentrated on the "whistlers" which are easier to detect.

Stanford University has set up a series of stations around the world to study the sounds.



# Policemen on duty see 'flying mystery'

Two police officers on early morning patrol in the Adelaide Hills twice saw a mysterious flying object in the Adelaide sky.



CONSTABLE ROBERT SNOWDEN, of North Adelaide, sketching the object he saw last night.

First it appeared as a cluster of stars and later more distinctly, as a flat object with a long bubble on top.

Constables P. A. Collins, of Burnside, and R. Snowden, of North Adelaide, first saw the object about 4:15 a.m., when patrolling the Blackwood area in a police car.

It was just before sunrise. A few clouds were scattered across the sky, but the brilliant moon made visibility very good, they said. From their hills vantage point both saw what they described as a cluster of stars in the western sky just above the horizon.

The cluster reflected moonlight and appeared to skim above sea level in a northerly direction past Marino, Seacliff and Brighton areas, they said. Then it disappeared.

A few minutes later, while at Windy Point, Constables Snowden and Collins again saw the object, this time more clearly. As they looked out over the city they saw a bright, long, flat shape with a bubble design on top travelling from 8 o'clock to 2 o'clock across the face of the moon.

It took about 30 seconds to complete this course, then it disappeared again. The constables described the object as well defined and about an eighth of the moon's diameter in size. Both were puzzled by it.

"We discarded the theory that it was cloud formation or a flock of birds. We checked with the airport officials. There were no aircraft in the sky above Adelaide at the time of the sightings," they said.

A Bureau of Meteorology official said he could find no explanation for the reported sightings.

The News, Tuesday, Nov. 21, 1961



Like a cluster of lights is how the mystery object appeared to the two policemen when they saw it at Blackwood. The second sketch (below) shows how the object appeared when seen from Windy Point as it was crossing the moon's face.



## MT. SHASTA MYSTERY

by ANDREW TOMAS



When California was still Spanish early in the last century, a Russian trapper from Alaska came down from a snow-capped mountain in Northern California. The mountain was thickly covered with bush and trees. When he was asked, where he had come from, he replied in Russian: "Chas-tcha" which means "a thicket". The name stuck to the mountain though it was changed to - Shasta or Mount Shasta.

This 14,000-foot high peak has a secret, and I will tell you about it. Fredrick Oliver living in the vicinity of Mount Shasta wrote a book "A Dweller on Two Planets" late in the 19th century. It was published in 1884. In the book he tells of long tunnels which lead to vast underground halls inside Mount Shasta. The walls are polished by master-craftsmen. The floors are carpeted with fleecy fabric of mineral origin. Ornaments of gold, silver, bronze and precious stones embellish the subterranean shelter. There are divans placed along walls, upholstered with the same material as the carpet. Secret doors hide the entrances to the underground quarters. These stone doors are opened by anti-gravity devices. The cave colony is brilliantly illuminated by an unknown power.

Oliver says, the dwellers of this secret abode are Atlanteans - descendants of the survivors of the lost continent of Atlantis. According to him, they possess air and space ships. By means of cigar-shaped ships communication is maintained with Venus. The craft fly on magnetic force. In their experiments these people can produce red, orange, yellow and green fireballs.

This book, published 80 years ago, talks about aviation, astronautics and quantum theory. This in itself is remarkable, but when we come to the description and method of propulsion of space ships, the ufologist becomes keenly interested.

"Atlantis found it possible to adjust weight (positiveness) to lack of weight (negativeness) so evenly that no 'tug of war' was manifest. This achievement meant much. It meant serial navigation without wings or unwieldy gas-reservoirs, through taking advantage of repulsion by levitation opposed in over-matching strength to the attraction of gravitation. That vibration of the One Substance governed and composed all realms - was a discovery which solved the problems of the conveyance of images of light, pictures of forms, as well as of sound and heat..."

Is this tale about a strange colony of Mount Shasta only fiction? There are significant facts which may shatter this opinion.

After the Gold Rush days in California, in the middle of the 19th century, prospectors reported mysterious flashes over Mount Shasta and its slopes, long before electrification. These had often taken place in clear weather. Early in this century there had been incidents when cars developed ignition trouble in the area of Mount Shasta. This is most interesting as in UFO research there are many reports of automobiles stalled by the radiation field of an approaching flying saucer. Is there any connection between the forces used by Mt. Shasta colonists and the pilots of saucers?

It should also not be overlooked that Mount Rainier in the Rockies is a sister mountain of Mount Shasta. It is here that Kenneth Arnold sighted his flying saucers in 1947.





Who are the mysterious dwellers of Mt. Shasta?

lar to those worn by the Ancient Greeks or Buddhist monks. They had a band across their foreheads covering a bulge which was supposed to be "the third eye".

Science fiction? Perhaps, but listen to the testimony of a scientist. Professor E.L. Larkin of Mt. Lowe Observatory in California was testing his powerful telescope. All of a sudden, he spotted on the slopes of Mt. Shasta, using his exact words - "a marvellous work of carved marble, and onyx rivalling in architectural splendour the magnificence of the temples of Yucatan."

Prof. Larkin after learning about Mt. Shasta colony made the following statement: "...their display of light far excels our modern electrical achievements, and I am, for one, consumed with curiosity to know how these people can produce such amazing light effects..."

The people of Shasta have been seen on numerous occasions but only for brief glimpses. They possess the uncanny power of blending themselves into their surroundings and vanishing from sight.

California's oldtimers say these strange people have visited towns in the Mt. Shasta area and even made purchases of sulphur, salt and lard. These purchases were always paid for with gold nuggets - far exceeding the value of the goods bought.

During World War I they made generous gifts to the American Red Cross. The civic records of old San Francisco reveal that a deputation from the community headed by a white-robed patriarch with an escort of younger men, made an official visit to that city to bring greetings and assurance of goodwill.

In the late twenties golfers in Northern California watched a silver, wingless air ship going noiselessly over the mountain tops. It was unlike any plane or dirigible of the times.

In October, 1956 a resident of Shasta - David Williamson observed 14 lights over Mt. Shasta making unusual sky maneuvers. Then one descended from the sky right on top of Mt. Shasta. A new arrival from space or was someone taken to another planet from this secret colony?

Back in 1931, a forest fire swept over Mount Shasta. But then a mystery fog appeared which stopped the fire from advancing. The demarcation line of the fire damage can still be seen. It goes in a perfect curve around the central zone.

Then sensational developments took place a few months later. A full report appeared in the Los Angeles Times on May 22, 1932.

A Mr. Edward Lenser was passing the foot of Mount Shasta in the train. Suddenly he saw the whole southern side of the mountain ablaze with a strange light of extraordinary brilliance. Later, Lenser determined to investigate the origin of this unusual light. He went through small towns in the area of Shasta and began asking questions.

Lenser relates that officials and ranchers spoke freely of a secret community living in or on Mount Shasta, and attested to the weird rituals performed at sunset, midnight and sunrise which account for the flashes.

Here are the actual words of Mr. Lenser: "...also they freely ridiculed my avowed trek into the sacred precincts assuring me that an entrance was as difficult and forbidden as an entrance into Tibet..."

At first the dwellers of Mount Shasta were taken for Indians. But they were white and wore robes similar to those worn by the Ancient Greeks or Buddhist monks. They had a band across their foreheads covering a bulge which was supposed to be "the third eye".

If you write to the towns of Shasta or Redding and ask people about the Mount Shasta riddle, you will most probably be told that the story is only a legend. The oldtimers are dead and time has obliterated the memories of yesterday. However, the reports of Edward Lenser and Professor Larkin can not be brushed aside.

Who are these people - survivors of Atlantis or are they colonists from other worlds?

## U.S. PHYSICIST SEES U.F.O.

An unidentified flying object was seen on May 20, 1962 between 8 and 9 p.m. by seven persons, including Professor Charles A. Maney of the Defiance College, Defiance, Ohio.

The viewing took place from the home of Don Reimund who telephoned Prof. Maney at 8.20 p.m. Professor Maney and Reimund are acquaintances. Knowing of Professor Maney's scientific activities in this field, Reimund excitedly described the sighting of a strange aerial object, observed from his residence on Canal Road, one half mile south of the city limits. Mr. Reimund had witnessed the movements of this object for some 20 minutes up to the time of the phone call.

Upon learning that the object was still visible in the sky, Prof. Maney accompanied by Mrs. Maney, drove at once to the Reimund residence. Upon his arrival Prof. Maney learned that the object had just disappeared from view in the southwest.

As Mr. Reimund began supplying details of the sighting to Prof. Maney, the strange aerial object appeared again in the southwest, at an altitude of approximately 20 degrees and was moving horizontally toward the north.

The object was distinctive for its brilliant fiery blue colour. Prof. Maney observed the object along with the others with unaided vision, as well as with binoculars of seven magnification for some ten minutes as it travelled northward approximately 40 degrees. The brilliant blue light of the object ruled out the possibility of it being any well-known object such as a plane or a meteor, Prof. Maney said.

Professor Maney, after observing the moving blue light for three or four minutes turned the binoculars over to one of the other observers. He momentarily lost sight of the object, but when a minute later he again discovered the object through the binoculars, it had changed colour to a very brilliant yellow. Most of those present observed this change in colour.

Presently, the object stopped, hovered for five or six seconds, and then reversed its direction, travelling southward. At times it seemed to move very rapidly and then again it would hover apparently motionless.

The object kept travelling southward, getting closer to the horizon, becoming fainter until it disappeared in the southwest at about 9 p.m. This second sighting, witnessed by Prof. Maney and the group lasted some thirty minutes.

During the time of the sighting flights of both jet and propeller-driven planes were also observed from west to east. The flashing red and green lights of the propeller planes as well as the jets with their trails presented far different pictures, and were in distinct contrast to the fiery light of the UFO.

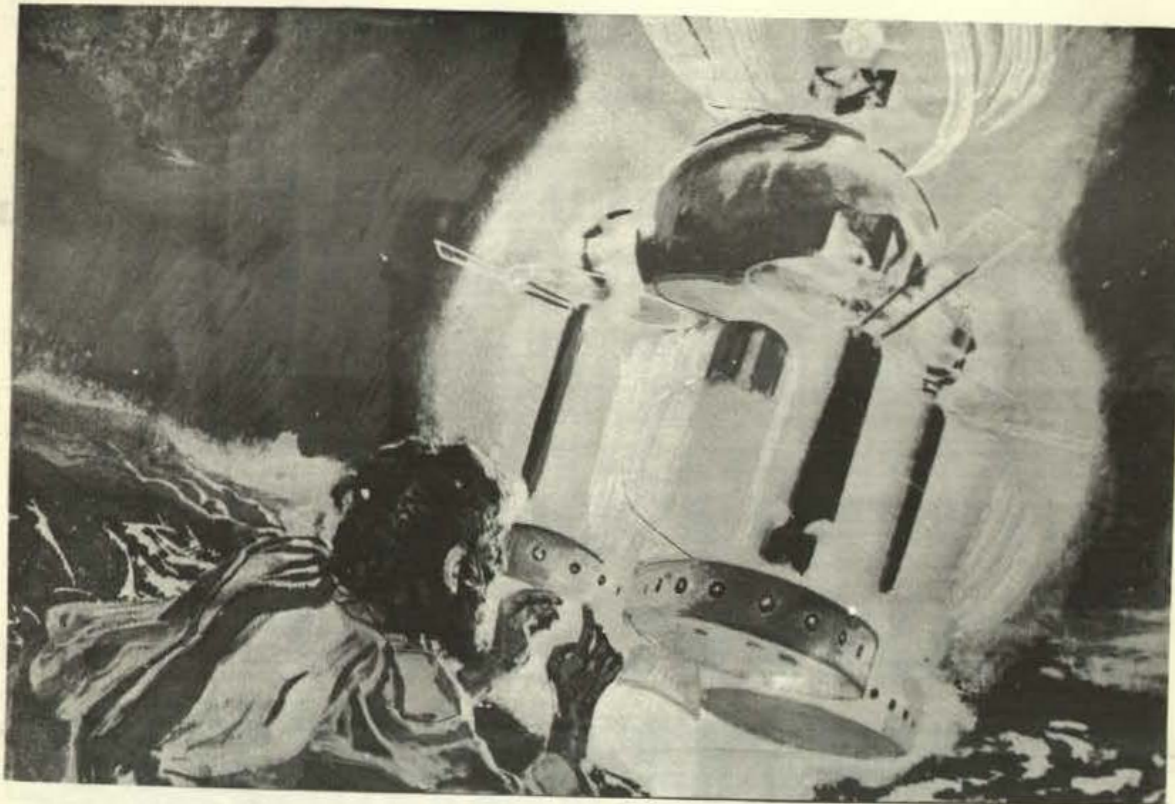
The brilliancy of the colour of the object, its round shape the hovering at instances and sudden changes in speed have puzzled Professor Charles A. Maney.

This noted American physicist believes that well-authenticated photographs and other physical evidence have established the reality of unusual aerial phenomena of apparently non-terrestrial origin.



Prof. Charles Maney





# EZEKIEL SAW SPACESHIP 2500 YEARS AGO

It is certainly probable that an unusual flying machine coming from another world appeared in Chaldea (now part of Iran) 2,555 years ago. Though the event was reported by Ezekiel, one of the greatest prophets of the Old Testament, we can not be absolutely positive about its veracity because there is no other source to corroborate the account. However, we can be confident that despite Ezekiel's religious interpretation of the incident, he could have seen something tangible.

In the sixth century before our era the Israelites in captivity lived in the hills of Tel Abib in Babylon. In 593 B.C. Ezekiel found himself on the shores of Chebar river (known today as the Nar Kaberi) running through the ruins of ancient Nippur. It was there that he had a vision.

He tells us that out of a whirlwind from the north there appeared a fiery sphere. The bright object then descended, almost dazzling Ezekiel. His narrative in the Bible is mainly concerned in describing this incident in his own phraseology, however vague it may seem to us today. Ezekiel lived in an era of few metals and no machines. The war chariot and the plough were the last word in their "technology". For this reason it was extremely difficult for Ezekiel to portray with his vocabulary the event he witnessed.

The vehicle which Ezekiel observed had four distinct pillars. From each pillar protruded two wings, eight in all, which moved about. At the base of each column there were rings with circular openings. The four columns formed a cubic body over which there was a transparent dome. For lack of any better term Ezekiel defined it as "firmament". A throne of sapphire stone crowned the dome encircled by a rainbow. The references to sapphire, amber, crystal and teryl may be allusions to plastics which certain parts of the ship were made of.

The prophet describes the workings of this extraordinary craft. Except for the wings no other parts moved. The machine never turned over. The wings were all raised in flight but when the craft came down, the wings were lowered. The wings produced a sound like "the noise of great waters". A fiery and thunderous exhaust issued from the base of the engine.

According to the Bible, Ezekiel "remained astonished" for seven days. The incident is so objectively depicted that it could hardly be considered a tale to impress superstitious listeners.

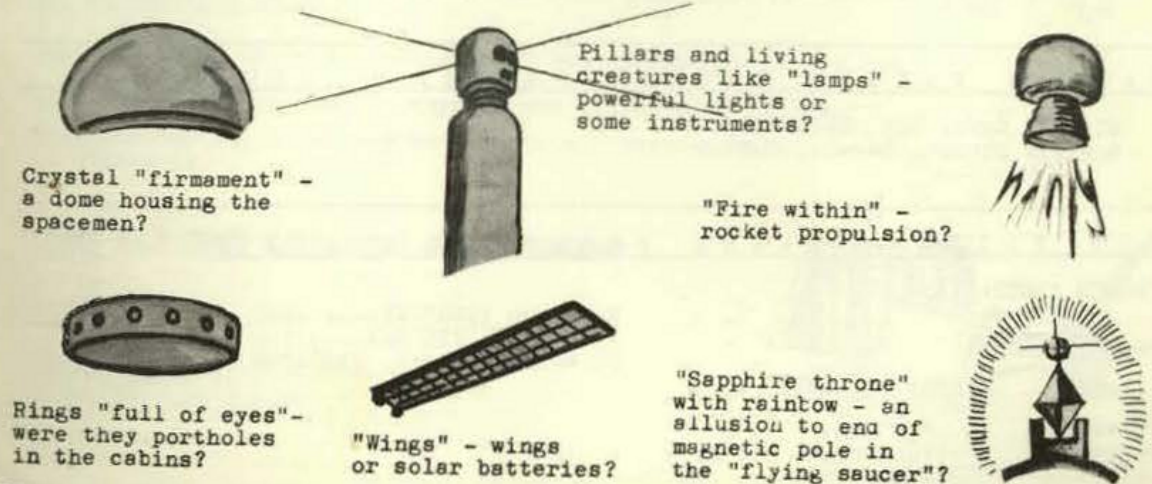
The ship had other unusual features - it could extend a "hand" giving Ezekiel a roll with inscriptions "within and without". Then the prophet was taken on board the craft to Tel Abib Mountains. There he remained "speechless" for seven days.

After that he got a message ordering him to go out into the fields. He went there and found a machine waiting for him. Curious instructions were given him at the second meeting. He was to lie down on his right side in his house for 390 days and on his left for 40 days, or 430 days in all, after which the craft would return. Was it a preparation for a flight in space?

Ezekiel carried out the instructions to the word. A new contact was made when he was in a crowd of elderly Israelites. A strange man-like creature with a brightness about it, approached him. The being stretched a hand and lifted him in the air taking Ezekiel to the entrance of the inner walls of Jerusalem, where he was landed. It was then that the prophet saw the craft again.

A voice said that Jerusalem was to be destroyed. Then six armed men came out of the ship and one "clad with linen" had "a writer's inkhorn by his side". Orders were given these men to kill all those whose foreheads did not show a mark which the leader in white was setting on all righteous people.

The orders were carried out and the chief returned saying: "I have done as thou hast commanded me". Then the man was told to fill his hand with "coals of fire" from the undercarriage of the craft and scatter them over the city. Then the ship slowly rose and "mounted up from the earth".



(Adapted from an article in the Italian magazine *Domenica del Corriere*, May 27, 1962)



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7 SEP 1967

68,837

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published collective

Periodical-Booklet

"Australian Flying Saucer Review"

Number 8.

23rd August, 1967

UFO Investigation Centre.

UFO Investigation Centre,  
80 Wentworth Park Road,  
GLADE, N.S.W.

um



UFOC

80 Wentworth Pk. Rd.,  
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UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS  
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Your ref. 68837.

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CANBERRA, A.C.T. 2600.

Dear Sir,

COMMONWEALTH

15 AUG 1967

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12/8/1967.

Examiner's Report, 14/7/67.

Your L & 2. Accordingly a substitute application is attached hereto to accord with your proforma, guide.

3. The relevant number in the series was published on 1/5/65 being No. 8 of a series. It is not another edition. Your Sydney Office advised us that each number should be copyrighted, but from your letter it would seem it would be sufficient if the copyright blanketed the series.

4. In noting that the application is as owners, it may also be mentioned that Editorial & some other articles are original works.

Trusting the Registration may now proceed.

Yours faithfully,

U.F.O. INVESTIGATION CENTRE,

V.P.

TVH.ew  
Encl. Sub. form A3.



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SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA

PHONE: 96 8261

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27 JUN 1967

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68837.

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It would be appreciated if you would kindly  
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*[Signature]*  
(Vice Pres.)

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Copyright.

# APPLICATION FOR THE REGISTRATION OF COPYRIGHT IN A COLLECTIVE WORK.

68837

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(1) L. Harry O'Brien, Trustee,  
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profit body) of 80 Wentworth Park Rd., GLEBE, in the state  
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in a Collective Work being a periodical--booklet entitled<sup>(4)</sup>

"AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW" Number 8.

I do hereby declare that the said<sup>(3)</sup> periodical/booklet  
was first published in (\*a part of Her Majesty's Dominions to which the Act  
extends or a Foreign Country to which an Order in Council under the Act relates)  
by the UFO Investigation Centre  
at Sydney

on the 1st. May. 1965 and that such date was not later than  
fourteen days (or such further time as is fixed by law) after the date of its first  
publication elsewhere.

I do further declare that<sup>(5)</sup>

UFO INVESTIGATION CENTRE

is the Owner of the Copyright in the said periodical - booklet,

And I make this declaration conscientiously believing the statements contained  
therein to be true in every particular.

(6) [Signature]

Declared at Sydney this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of February 19 67

before me—<sup>(7)</sup> W. Keegan J.P.

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(3) State whether "Encyclopedia," "Dictionary," "Year  
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(6) Signature of Applicant.

(7) Signature of a Justice of the Peace or other person  
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U.F.O. INVESTIGATION CENTRE,  
80 Wentworth Park Rd., GLEBE, N.S.W.

hereby make application for the registration of<sup>(2)</sup> its Copyright  
(periodical)  
in a Collective Work being a<sup>(3)</sup> Literary & Artistic work entitled<sup>(4)</sup>

"THE AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW", NO. 1.

I do hereby declare that the said<sup>(5)</sup> Literary & Artistic work (periodical)  
was first published in (\*a part of Her Majesty's Dominions to which the Act  
extends or a Foreign Country to which an Order in Council under the Act relates)

by The U.F.O. Investigation Centre  
at Sydney

on the First May, 1965 and that such date was not later than  
fourteen days (or such further time as is fixed by law) after the date of its first  
publication elsewhere.

I do further declare that<sup>(6)</sup> they were the Authors of the said Literary  
and Artistic work and that they are the owner's of the Copyright  
is the Owner of the Copyright in the said<sup>(3)</sup> Literary & Artistic Work

And I make this declaration conscientiously believing the statements contained  
therein to be true in every particular.

HARRY O'BRIEN

(6)

Declared at Sydney this 23 day of June 19 67

before me—<sup>(7)</sup>

To the REGISTRAR OF COPYRIGHTS,  
Commonwealth of Australia.

(1) Name (in full), address, and Occupation of Applicant.  
If application is made by an Agent or Attorney, evidence of  
authority to make the application must be furnished.

(2) "My," "our," "their," or "its."

(3) State whether "Encyclopedia," "Dictionary," "Year  
Book," or similar work.

(4) Title of Work (in full) or description sufficient to  
identify it.

(5) Name of Owner of Collective Work.

(6) Signature of Applicant.

(7) Signature of a Justice of the Peace or other person  
authorized by law to administer Oaths or take Declarations.

NOTE.—Where the Applicant is the Assignee from the  
Owner, the Applicant must forward with his application each  
assignment or instrument by virtue of which he derives his  
title, with an attested copy thereof.

\* Strike out whichever is not needed.



Copyrights.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

Copyright Act 1912-1950.

Application for Registration of Copyright in a Published Original  
Literary, Dramatic, Musical, or Artistic Work.

(By the Author or Authors or his or their Assignee, Agent or Attorney.)

<sup>(1)</sup> WE, The UFO INVESTIGATION CENTRE  
(USE BLOCK LETTERS.)  
<sup>(2)</sup> of 80 Wentworth Park Road,  
GLEBE, N.S.W.

<sup>(3)</sup> Scientific investigators hereby make application for the registration  
of the Copyright in a <sup>(4)</sup> Literary & Artistic Work being a <sup>(5)</sup> periodical  
entitled

"THE AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW".

~~I~~ WE do hereby declare that the said <sup>(4)</sup> Literary & Artistic Work was  
first published in (\*a part of Her Majesty's Dominions to which the Act  
extends or a Foreign Country to which an Order in Council under the Act  
relates) by UFO Investigation Centre at Sydney

on the First November, 1962 and that such date was not later than  
fourteen days (or such further time as is fixed by law) after the date of its  
first publication elsewhere.

~~I~~ WE do further declare that <sup>(7)</sup> we are  
the Author of the said <sup>(4)</sup> Literary & ARTISTIC Work, and that ~~I~~ We are  
Owner of the Copyright therein.

And ~~I~~ WE make this declaration conscientiously believing the statements  
contained therein to be true in every particular. UFO INVESTIGATION CENTRE,

Declared at Sydney this 18th day of November 1966.  
before me <sup>(9)</sup> [Signature]

To the REGISTRAR OF COPYRIGHTS,  
Commonwealth of Australia.

- (1) Name of Applicant (in full).  
(2) Address.  
(3) Occupation.  
(4) State whether "Literary," "Dramatic," or "Musical,"  
or "Artistic" Work, as the case may be.  
(5) State whether "Book," "Drama," "Song," "Painting,"  
"Work of Sculpture," "Lecture," &c., as the case may be.  
(6) Title of Work (in full) or description sufficient to identify it.

(7) State the name and address of the Author of the Work, or  
the words "I am," or "we are," as the case requires.

(8) Signature of Applicant.

(9) Signature of a Justice of the Peace or other person  
authorized by law to administer Oaths or take Declarations.

NOTE.—Where the Applicant is the Assignee from the Author  
the Applicant must forward with his application each assignment  
or instrument by virtue of which he derives his title, with an  
attested copy thereof.

\* Strike out whichever is not needed.



Copyright Act 1912-1950

## STATEMENT OF ADDRESS

SIR,

We ~~I~~ hereby authorize and request you to send all notices, requisitions,  
and communications in connexion with my <sup>our</sup> application for the registration  
of the copyright in ~~my~~ (1) ~~our Literary & Artistic publication...~~

.....  
entitled(2) ~~...~~ "AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW",  
.....

.....  
to(3) ~~80 Wentworth Park Rd., GLEBE, N.S.W.~~  
.....

Dated this ..... day of ..... A.D. 19.....

UFO INVESTIGATION CENTRE,

(4)

To the REGISTRAR OF COPYRIGHTS,

Commonwealth of Australia.

NOTE:- A particular address must be given. An address such as "General  
Post Office, Melbourne," will not be accepted.

- (1) Here insert "Literary," "Dramatic," "Musical," "Artistic" Work, or  
"Mechanical Musical Contrivance," as the case requires.
- (2) Title of Work.
- (3) Here insert name and full address.
- (4) Signature of applicant in full.



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA



Copyrights

Copyright Act 1912-1950

## STATEMENT OF ADDRESS

SIR,

I hereby authorize and request you to send all notices, requisitions, and communications in connexion with my application for the registration of the copyright in ~~my~~<sup>(1)</sup> our booklet

entitled<sup>(2)</sup> "AUSTRALIAN FLYING SAUCER REVIEW"

Number 8

to<sup>(3)</sup> 80 Wentworth Park Rd.,

Glebe, N.S.W.

Dated this 9th. day of February A.D. 19 67.

UFO INVESTIGATION CENTRE,

(4)

T.V. Homan, Vice. Pres.)

To the REGISTRAR OF COPYRIGHTS,

Commonwealth of Australia.

NOTE.—A particular address must be given. An address such as "General Post Office, Melbourne," will not be accepted.

(1) Here insert "Literary," "Dramatic," "Musical," "Artistic" Work, or "Mechanical Musical Contrivance," as the case requires.

(2) Title of Work.

(3) Here insert name and full address.

(4) Signature of applicant in full.



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Copyright Act 1912-1950

LITERARY COPYRIGHT  
EXAMINER'S REPORT

Application No. 68837

Name of Applicant U.F.O INVESTIGATION CENTRE

Date

1. The application is.....as prescribed.  
2. The work is.....subject matter for Copyright Registration.  
3. The applicant has.....established his ownership of the copyright.  
4. A copy of the work has.....been lodged and is.....ON FILE  
5. Appointment of agent.....lodged. Statement of address.....lodged.

Reasons for objections:

can be accepted

18 AUG 1967

Examiner.

171818

Rance  
18/8/67

The application is.....clear for registration.

Order of Registrar:



## COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Copyright Act 1912-1950

14 JUL 1967

Literary COPYRIGHT  
EXAMINER'S REPORT

Application No. 68837

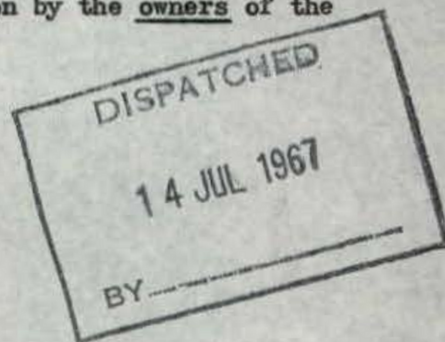
Name of Applicant U.F.O. INVESTIGATION CENTRE.

Date

1. The application is not as prescribed.
2. The work is subject matter for Copyright Registration.
3. The applicant has established his ownership of the copyright.
4. A copy of the work has been lodged and is on file.
5. Appointment of agent lodged. Statement of address lodged.

## Reasons for objections:

1. Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of 27th June, 1967 and attached substitute application.
2. As the substitute application is still deficient in some aspects, a substitute application should be lodged after the manner of the attached sample application. Please note, no responsibility is taken in the details contained therein.
3. Please ensure that you state the correct date when the work was first published. The last two applications are inconsistent and ~~close~~ <sup>close</sup> 1.11.62 and 1.5.65 respectively.
4. ~~As the~~ applicant is an artificial person it can not be regarded as the author of the work as stated. Please note, this is an application by the owners of the work.



*[Handwritten signature]*  
14 JUL 1967

Examiner.

13/7/67

Rice  
13/7/67

The application is clear for registration.

## Order of Registrar:

The U.F.O. Investigation Centre,  
80 Wentworth Park Road,  
GLEBE. N.S.W.



REP'Y TO—

OFFICE OF COPYRIGHT.  
(Quote Application Number.)

Cable and Telegraphic Address:—

"COMPATS. CANBERRA."

Telephone: Canberra 7 2351.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Copyright Letter Form No. 1

Copyright Act 1912-1950

LITERARY

COPYRIGHT

- 2 MAR 1967

EXAMINER'S REPORT

Application No. 68837

Name of Applicant U.F.O. INVESTIGATION CENTRE

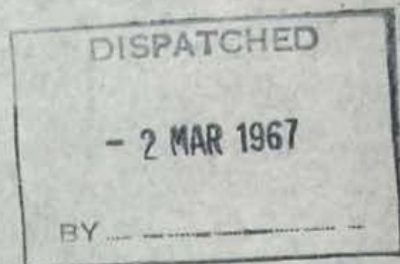
Date 23.11.66

1. The application is.....as prescribed.
2. The work is.....subject matter for Copyright Registration.
3. The applicant has.....established his ownership of the copyright.
4. A copy of the work has.....been lodged and is.....
5. Appointment of agent.....lodged. Statement of address.....lodged.

Reasons for objections:

Since the Investigation Centre is not a legally constituted body capable of holding property in its own name, application should be made in the name of Harry O'Brian as trustee for the time being of the U.F.O. Investigation Centre.

Kindly complete and return the further substitute application form enclosed.



2 MAR 1967  
C. H. Squair  
C. H. Squair Examiner.  
28 / 2 / 67

The above objections are communicated to you in order that you may take action to overcome them. Registration of copyright cannot proceed until the objections have been overcome or requirements met.

The UFO Investigation Centre,  
80 Wentworth Park Road,  
GLEBE. N.S.W.



Copyright Act 1912-1950

12 DEC 1966

LITERARY

COPYRIGHT

## EXAMINER'S REPORT

Application No. 68837

Name of Applicant THE U.F.O. INVESTIGATION CENTRE

Date 23.11.66.

1. The application is.....as prescribed.
2. The work is.....subject matter for Copyright Registration.
3. The applicant has.....established his ownership of the copyright.
4. A copy of the work has.....been lodged and is.....
5. Appointment of agent.....lodged. Statement of address.....lodged.

## Reasons for objections:

The work entitled the Australian Flying Saucer Review for which copyright registration has been sought is officially classified as a collective work and application should accordingly be made on the prescribed form A3 enclosed.

Since the Investigation Centre is an artificial person and cannot make the necessary declaration application should be made by a responsible officer of the centre for and on its behalf.

The laws and jurisdiction under which the Centre is incorporated or registered should be stated to establish that it is a legal entity capable of holding property in its own name.

If it is not legally constituted application should be made in the name of the person or persons in whom the asset of the centre are for the time being vested.

A sample, application is enclosed for your guidance.



9 DEC 1966

C. H. Squair  
Examiner.

The application is.....clear for registration.

Order of Registrar:

Done  
Rg/12/66

The UFO Investigation Centre,  
80 Wentworth Park Road,  
GLEBE. N.S.W.



68837

## EXAMINER'S REPORTS



## INDEX HEADINGS

SEARCH REPORT (search Commonwealth and State Designs Record in respect of undermentioned articles)—

ARTICLES .....

Examiner

DESIGNS CITED.....Searcher.

*Searcher.*